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Improving VOCABULARY SKILLS

美国大学生中 使用最多的 词汇丛书!



Sherrie L. Nist • Carole Mohr

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本版图书如有印装质量问题,可向本社调换

学习任何一门语言,词汇学习是其中的基础工程和关键部分。掌握尽可能多的单词词组,是每个语言学习者孜孜以求的目标。然而我们经常听到的声音是:单词太难记了!

该丛书由美国Townsend Press 出版,我社原版引进,并根据中国学习者特点做了些改编。与时下图书介绍的单词记忆方法不同,该丛书的作者们倡导的是根据认知原理,通过积极学习 (active learning) 来熟悉掌握单词的方法。具体步骤是:首先,作者把要介绍的8个或者10个生词置于两道练习题中,让学习者通过语境,利用单词所在上下文中的例证、同义词、反义词等线索,推测 (infer)或是猜测 (guess) 生词的意义。其次,就是通过大量的、反复的、多类型的练习,帮助学习者由推测或猜测词义,通过搭配练习 (matching words with definitions) 来识别词义 (identify each word's meaning),通过完成句子、同义、反义或是类比 (analogy) 关系选择以及完形填空等练习,让学习者不断接触该生词并在各种场合中不断运用它,从而达到理解、巩固、掌握并最终自然而然地记忆单词的目的。在整个过程中,学习者是一个积极主动的参与者,而不是一个被动的记忆者。

除了上述主张的记忆方法不同,本套书还有以下特色:

- (1) Words-in-Context Approach: 本套书中的每个章节首先把要介绍的8个或10个生词通过练习题的形式介绍给读者,让读者通过上下文,猜测词义、熟悉词义并作出选择。
- (2) Abundant Exercises: 词义熟悉之后,编写者设置了大量的、各种类型的练习,包括词义搭配、选择题、完型填空等,加深巩固该章节中所介绍的8个或10个单词。每五六个章节组成一个单元,除了章节中的练习外,每一单元中还设有阶段复习性练习题,以巩固该单元中所介绍的所有词汇。
- (3) Focus on Essential Words: 读者看到书后,很自然地就会问为什么每本书中只讲述了250或300个单词呢? 每本书前言部分对这一问题作了回答:编写者做了大量的调查,参考词频信息,运用电脑对所选词汇进行复核,最后确定了每一阶段的基本词汇。书中列出的也是这些

基本词汇的最常用意义。参照我国英语教学要求,六本书中 Vocabulary Basics 所涉及词汇与我国高中及非英语专业一年级相当、Groundwork for a Better Vocabulary 所涉及词汇与我国非英语专业四级水平相当(4200词汇水平)、Building Vocabulary Skills 所涉及词汇与我国非英语专业六级、英语专业低年级相当(6500词汇水平)、Improving Vocabulary Skills 所涉及词汇与我国英语专业一二年级相当(8000词汇水平)、Advancing Vocabulary Skills 所涉及词汇与我国英语专业高年级相当(12000词汇水平)、Advanced Word Power 所涉及词汇与我国英语专业高年级及以上水平相当。

- (4) Appealing Content: 单纯的死记硬背单词十分枯燥,而且效果也不一定好。本丛书除了上述三个特色外,在练习内容的选择上也颇费心思。练习题内容饶有趣味,能吸引读者,让读者在记忆单词的同时,还能巩固语言知识。
- (5) A Comprehensive Vocabulary Program: 本系列6本图书, 相互联系, 按照由易到难排列, 读者学完一本以后, 可以继续学习更高层次的几本, 不断挑战自己。
- (6) User-friendly Format: 为便于读者的学习,图书在版式设计上也颇费心思,让读者使用方便。最后,我们衷心希望广大读者通过这套书的系统学习,不再觉得英语单词很难记忆。其实只要方法对了,记单词是一个很有趣、很有成就感的过程。

上海外语教育出版社

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Preface

The problem is all too familiar: students just don't know enough words. Reading, writing, and content teachers agree that many students' vocabularies are inadequate for the demands of courses. Weak vocabularies limit students' understanding of what they read and the clarity and depth of what they write.

The purpose of *Improving Vocabulary Skills* and the other books in the Townsend Press vocabulary series is to provide a solid, workable answer to the vocabulary problem. In the course of 30 chapters, *Improving Vocabulary Skills* teaches 260 important words and 40 common word parts. Here are the book's distinctive features:

- 1 An intensive words-in-context approach. Studies show that students learn words best by reading them repeatedly in different contexts, not through rote memorization. The book gives students an intensive in-context experience by presenting each word in six different contexts. Each chapter takes students through a productive sequence of steps:
 - Students infer the meaning of each word by considering two sentences in which it appears and then choosing from multiple-choice options.
 - On the basis of their inferences, students identify each word's meaning in a matching test. They are then in a solid position to deepen their knowledge of a word.
 - Finally, they strengthen their understanding of a word by applying it three times: in two sentence practices and in a selection practice.

Each encounter with a word brings it closer to becoming part of the student's permanent word bank.

- 2 Abundant practice. Along with extensive practice in each chapter, there are a crossword puzzle and a set of unit tests at the end of every six-chapter unit. The puzzle and tests reinforce students' knowledge of the words in each chapter. In addition, most chapters reuse several words from earlier chapters (such repeated words are marked with small circles), allowing for more reinforcement. All this practice means that students learn in the surest possible way: by working closely and repeatedly with each word.
- 3 Controlled feedback. The opening activity in each chapter gives students three multiple-choice options to help them decide on the meaning of a given word. The multiple-choice options also help students to complete the matching test that is the second activity of each chapter. These features enable students to take an active role in their own learning.
- 4 Focus on essential words. A good deal of time and research went into selecting the 260 words and 40 word parts featured in the book. Word frequency lists were consulted, along with lists in a wide range of vocabulary books. In addition, the authors and editors each prepared their own lists. A computer was used to help in the consolidation of the many word lists. A long process of group discussion then led to final decisions about the words and word parts that would be most helpful for students on a basic reading level.
- 5 Appealing content. Dull practice materials work against learning. On the other hand, meaningful, lively, and at times even funny sentences and selections can spark students' attention and thus

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enhance their grasp of the material. For this reason, a great deal of effort was put into creating sentences and selections with both widespread appeal and solid context support. We have tried throughout to make the practice materials truly enjoyable for teachers and students alike. Look, for example, at the selection on page 27 that closes the fifth chapter of this book.

- 6 Clear format. The book has been designed so that its very format contributes to the learning process. Each chapter consists of two two-page spreads. In the first two-page spread (the first such spread is on pages 8-9), students can easily refer to all ten words in context while working on the matching test, which provides a clear meaning for each word. In the second two-page spread, students can refer to a box that shows all ten words while they work through the fill-in activities on these pages.
- 7 One in a sequence of books. The most fundamental book in the Townsend Press vocabulary series is *Vocabulary Basics*. It is followed by *Groundwork for a Better Vocabulary* (a slightly more advanced basic text) and then by the three main books in the series: *Building Vocabulary Skills* (also a basic text), *Improving Vocabulary Skills* (an intermediate text), and *Advancing Vocabulary Skills* (a more advanced text). The most advanced book in the Townsend Press vocabulary series is *Advanced Word Power*. Together, the books can help create a vocabulary foundation that will make any student a better reader, writer, and thinker.

NOTES ON THE THIRD EDITION

A number of changes have been made in the third edition of Improving Vocabulary Skills:

- Material on how to solve word analogies has been added to the introduction, and a new unit test
 consisting of twenty word analogies has been prepared for each unit in the book. These tests
 provide practice in a format widely used in standardized tests.
- The remaining unit tests have been extensively revised, and a new multiple-choice section, using the words in realistic situations, has been added to Test 1 throughout.
- Finally, a number of practice items throughout the book have been revised or updated to ensure that each item works as clearly and effectively with students as possible.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

We are grateful for the enthusiastic comments provided by users of the Townsend Press vocabulary books over the life of the first and second editions. We appreciate as well the additional material provided by Beth Johnson and Susan Gamer; the editing work of Eliza Comodromos; the proofreading work of Barbara Solot; and, especially, the organizational, design, and editing skills of the indefatigable Janet M. Goldstein.

Sherrie L. Nist Carole Mohr

Introduction

WHY VOCABULARY DEVELOPMENT COUNTS

You have probably often heard it said, "Building vocabulary is important." Maybe you've politely nodded in agreement and then forgotten the matter. But it would be fair for you to ask, "Why is vocabulary development important? Provide some evidence." Here are four compelling kinds of evidence.

- Common sense tells you what many research studies have shown as well: vocabulary is a basic part of reading comprehension. Simply put, if you don't know enough words, you are going to have trouble understanding what you read. An occasional word may not stop you, but if there are too many words you don't know, comprehension will suffer. The content of textbooks is often challenging enough; you don't want to work as well on understanding the words that express that content.
- 2 Vocabulary is a major part of almost every standardized test, including reading achievement tests, college entrance exams, and vocational placement tests. Test developers know that vocabulary is a key measure of both one's learning and one's ability to learn. It is for this reason that they include a separate vocabulary section as well as a reading comprehension section. The more words you know, the better you are likely to do on such important tests.
- 3 Studies have indicated that students with strong vocabularies are more successful in school. And one widely known study found that a good vocabulary, more than any other factor, was common to people enjoying successful careers in life. Words are in fact the tools not just of better reading, but of better writing, speaking, listening, and thinking as well. The more words you have at your command, the more effective your communication can be, and the more influence you can have on the people around you.
- 4 In today's world, a good vocabulary counts more than ever. Far fewer people work on farms or in factories. Far more are in jobs that provide services or process information. More than ever, words are the tools of our trade: words we use in reading, writing, listening, and speaking. Furthermore, experts say that workers of tomorrow will be called on to change jobs and learn new skills at an ever-increasing pace. The keys to survival and success will be the abilities to communicate skillfully and learn quickly. A solid vocabulary is essential for both of these skills.

Clearly, the evidence is overwhelming that building vocabulary is crucial. The question then becomes, "What is the best way of going about it?"

WORDS IN CONTEXT: THE KEY TO VOCABULARY DEVELOPMENT

Memorizing lists of words is a traditional method of vocabulary development. However, a person is likely to forget such memorized lists quickly. Studies show that to master a word (or a word part), you must see and use it in various contexts. By working actively and repeatedly with a word, you greatly increase the chance of really learning it.

The following activity will make clear how this book is organized and how it uses a words-in-context

approach. Answer the questions or fill in the missing words in the spaces provided.

Vocabulary (Chapters
--------------	----------

cabulary	v Chapters			
Turn to	Chapter 1 on pages 8-11. This c	hapter, like all the othe	rs, consists of five parts:	
· The	first part of the chapter, on pages	s 8–9 , is titled		·
TI	he left-hand column lists the ten	words. Under each bol	dfaced word is its	
	entheses). For example, the pronu- elow the pronunciation guide fo			
Nouns boyfried former	r is The vocal are words used to name some and, city, hat, and truth. Adjective boyfriend, large city, red hat, where tell what someone or somether.	thing — a person, pl ves are words that des hole truth. All of the v	ace, thing, or idea. Fam cribe nouns, as in the fo erbs in this book expres	niliar nouns include llowing word pairs: s an action of some
sentenc out the	o the right of each word are two, the context —the words surroundefinition. There are four commeral sense of the sentence. Each i	ounding the boldfaced non types of context c	word — provides clues y lues — examples, synony	ou can use to figure
1	Framples			•
	A sentence may include examp look at the following sentence for			For instance, take a
	Bruce is quite eccentric . For motorcycle, in a three-piece s	-	n a circular house and	rides to work on a
	The sentences provide two example circular house. The second is to suit. What do these two example eccentric means. Look at the a letter of the one you feel is corrected.	hat he rides to work of es have in common? T nswer choices below,	n a motorcycle while won he answer to that question	earing a three-piece on will tell you what
	Eccentric means	a. ordinary.	b. odd.	c. careful.
	Both of the examples given in the wrote b , you chose the correct a		ce tell us that he is unusu	al, or <i>odd</i> . So if you
"	Symonyms			
	Synonyms are words that mea words <i>joyful</i> , <i>happy</i> , and <i>deligh</i> serve as context clues by provides below from Chapter 2 provides	<i>ted</i> are synonyms — the ding the meaning of ar	ey all mean about the sar unknown word that is n	me thing. Synonyms
	If Kate got angry only occasi something or other.	onally, I could take her	more seriously, but she's	s always irate about
	Instead of using <i>irate</i> twice, the synonym, and then choose the le			
	Irate means	a. thrilled.	b. selfish.	c. furious.

The author uses two words to discuss one of Kate's qualities: angry and irate. This tells us that irate must be another way of saying angry. (The author could have written, "but she's always angry about something or other.") Since angry can also mean furious, the correct answer is c.

3 Antonyms

Antonyms are words with opposite meanings. For example, *help* and *harm* are antonyms, as are *work* and *rest*. Antonyms serve as context clues by providing the opposite meaning of an unknown word. For instance, the sentence below from Chapter 1 provides an antonym clue for the word *antagonist*.

In the ring, the two boxers were antagonists, but in their private lives they were good friends.

The author is contrasting the boxers' two different relationships, so we can assume that *antagonists* and *good friends* have opposite, or contrasting, meanings. Using that contrast as a clue, write the letter of the answer that you think best defines *antagonist*.

Antagonist means

a. a supporter.

b. an enemy.

c. an example.

The correct answer is b. Because antagonist is the opposite of friend, it must mean "enemy."

4. General Sense of the Sentence.

Even when there is no example, synonym, or antonym clue in a sentence, you can still figure out the meaning of an unfamiliar word. For example, look at the sentence from Chapter 1 for the word *malign*.

That vicious Hollywood reporter often maligns movie stars, forever damaging their public images.

After studying the context carefully, you should be able to figure out what the reporter does to movie stars. That will be the meaning of *malign*. Write the letter of your choice.

Malign means

a. to praise.

b. to recognize.

c. to speak ill of.

Since the sentence calls the reporter "vicious" and says she damages public images, it is logical to conclude that she says negative things about movie stars. Thus answer c is correct.

By looking closely at the pair of sentences provided for each word, as well as the answer choices, you should be able to decide on the meaning of a word. As you figure out each meaning, you are working actively with the word. You are creating the groundwork you need to understand and to remember the word. Getting involved with the word and developing a feel for it, based upon its use in context, is the key to word mastery.

It is with good reason, then, that the directions at the top of page 8 tell you to use the context to figure out each word's _______. Doing so deepens your sense of the word and prepares you for the next activity.

• The second part of the chapter, on page 9, is titled ______

According to research, it is not enough to see a word in context. At a certain point, it is helpful as well to see the meaning of a word. The matching test provides that meaning, but it also makes you look for and think about that meaning. In other words, it continues the active learning that is your surest route to learning and remembering a word.

Note the caution that follows the test. Do not proceed any further until you are sure that you know the correct meaning of each word as used in context.

Keep in mind that a word may have more than one meaning. In fact, some words have quite a few meanings. (If you doubt it, try looking up in a dictionary, for example, the word *make* or *draw*.) In this book, you will focus on one common meaning for each vocabulary word. However, many of the words

have additional meanings. For example, in Chapter 13, you will learn that *devastate* means "to upset deeply," as in the sentence "The parents were devastated when they learned that their son had been arrested." If you then look up *devastate* in the dictionary, you will discover that it has another meaning — "to destroy," as in "The hurricane devastated much of Florida." After you learn one common meaning of a word, you will find yourself gradually learning its other meanings in the course of your school and personal reading.

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Here are ten sentences that give you an opportunity to apply your understanding of the ten words. After inserting the words, check your answers in the key at the back of the book. Be sure to use the answer key as a learning tool only. Doing so will help you to master the words and to prepare for the last two activities and the unit tests.

*	The fourth and fifth parts of the chapter, on pages 10-11, are titled	<u> </u>
	and	

Each practice tests you on all ten words, giving you two more chances to deepen your mastery. In the fifth part, you have the context of an entire passage in which you can practice applying the words.

At the bottom of the last page of this chapter is a box where you can enter your score for the final two checks. These scores should also be entered into the vocabulary performance chart located on the inside back page of the book. To get your score, take 10% off for each item wrong. For example, 0 wrong = 100%. 1 wrong = 90%, 2 wrong = 80%, 3 wrong = 70%, 4 wrong = 60%, and so on.

Word Paris Chapters

Word parts are building blocks used in many English words. Learning word parts can help you to spell and pronounce words, unlock the meanings of unfamiliar words, and remember new words.

This book covers forty word parts — prefixes, suffixes, and roots. **Prefixes** are word parts that are put at the beginning of words. When written separately, a prefix is followed by a hyphen to show that something follows it. For example, the prefix *non* is written like this: *non*-. One common meaning of *non*-is "not," as in the words *nontoxic* and *nonfiction*.

Suffixes are word parts that are added to the end of words. To show that something always comes before a suffix, a hyphen is placed at the beginning. For instance, the suffix *ly* is written like this: *-ly*. A common meaning of *-ly* is "in a certain manner," as in the words *easily* and *proudly*.

Finally, **roots** are word parts that carry the basic meaning of a word. Roots cannot be used alone. To make a complete word, a root must be combined with at least one other word part. Roots are written without hyphens. One common root is *cycl*, which means "circle," as in the words *motorcycle* and *cyclone*.

Each of the four chapters on word parts follows the same sequence as the chapters on vocabulary do. Keep the following guidelines in mind as well. To find the meaning of a word part, you should do two things.

First decide on the meaning of each **boldfaced** word in "Ten Word Parts in Context." If you don't know a meaning, use context clues to find it. For example, consider the two sentences and the answer options for the word part *quart* or *quadr*- in Chapter 6. Write the letter of your choice.

Let's cut the apple into quarters so all four of us can have a piece.

The ad said I would **quadruple** my money in two months. But instead of making four times as much money. I lost what I had invested.

much money, I lost what I had invested.			
The word part <i>quart</i> or <i>quadr</i> - means	a. overly.	b. two.	c. four.

You can conclude that if four people will be sharing one apple, *quarters* means "four parts." You can also determine that *quadruple* means "to multiply by four."

Introduction

2 Then decide on the meaning each pair of boldfaced words has in common. This will also be the meaning of the word part they share. In the case of the two sentences above, both words include the idea of something multiplied or divided by four. Thus quart or quadr- must mean _

You now know, in a nutshell, how to proceed with the words in each chapter. Make sure that you do each page very carefully. Remember that as you work through the activities, you are learning the words.

How many times in all will you use each word? If you look, you'll see that each chapter gives you the opportunity to work with each word six times. Each "impression" adds to the likelihood that the word will become part of your active vocabulary. You will have further opportunities to use the word in the crossword puzzle and unit tests that end each unit.

In addition, many of the words are repeated in context in later chapters of the book. Such repeated words are marked with small circles. For example, which words from Chapter 1 are repeated in the Final Check on page 15 of Chapter 2?

Analogies

This book also offers practice in word analogies, yet another way to deepen your understanding of words. An analogy is a similarity between two things that are otherwise different. Doing an analogy question is a two-step process. First you have to figure out the relationship in a pair of words. Those words are written like this:

LEAF: TREE

What is the relationship between the two words above? The answer can be stated like this: A leaf is a part of a tree.

Next, you must look for a similar relationship in a second pair of words. Here is how a complete analogy question looks:

LEAF: TREE::

b. foot: shoe a. pond: river c. page: book d. beach: sky

And here is how the question can be read:

LEAF is to TREE as

a. pond is to river. b. foot is to shoe. d. beach is to sky. c. page is to book.

To answer the question, you have to decide which of the four choices has a relationship similar to the first one. Check your answer by seeing if it fits in the same wording as you used to show the relationship between *leaf* and *tree*: A ____ is part of a ____. Which answer do you choose?

The correct answer is c. Just as a leaf is part of a tree, a page is part of a book. On the other hand, a pond is not part of a river, nor is a foot part of a shoe, nor is a beach part of the sky.

We can state the complete analogy this way: Leaf is to tree as page is to book.

Here's another analogy question to try. Begin by figuring out the relationship between the first two words.

COWARD: HERO::

a. soldier: military b. infant: baby c. actor: famous d. boss: worker

Coward and hero are opposite types of people. So you need to look at the other four pairs to see which has a similar relationship. When you think you have found the answer, check to see that the two words you

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Introduction

chose can be compared in the same way as coward and hero: ___ and ___ are opposite types of people.

In this case, the correct answer is d; boss and worker are opposite kinds of people. (In other words, coward is to hero as boss is to worker.)

By now you can see that there are basically two steps to doing analogy items:

- 1) Find out the relationship of the first two words.
- 2) Find the answer that expresses the same type of relationship as the first two words have.

Now try one more analogy question on your own. Write the letter of the answer you choose in the space provided.

____ SWING : BAT ::

a. drive: carb. run: broomc. catch: batd. fly: butterfly

If you chose answer a, you were right. Swing is what we do with a bat, and drive is what we do with a car.

A FINAL THOUGHT

The facts are in. A strong vocabulary is a source of power. Words can make you a better reader, writer, speaker, thinker, and learner. They can dramatically increase your chances of success in school and in your job.

But words will not come automatically. They must be learned in a program of regular study. If you commit yourself to learning words, and you work actively and honestly with the chapters in this book, you will not only enrich your vocabulary — you will enrich your life as well.

PRETEST OF THE WHOLE BOOK

This test contains 100 items. In the space provided, write the letter of the choice that is closest in meaning to the **boldfaced** word.

Important: Keep in mind that this test is for diagnostic purposes only. If you do not know a word, leave the space blank rather than guess at it.

	1. animosity	a) approval b) ill will c) fear d) shyness
	2. encounter	a) meeting b) total c) departure d) attack
	3. adamant	a) realistic b) stubborn c) weak d) flexible
	4. eccentric	a) odd b) common c) active d) calm
	5. malign	a) depend on b) speak evil of c) boast d) praise
	6. tangible	a) more than normal b) touchable c) hidden d) orderly
	7. acclaim	a) false name b) great approval c) disagreement d) sadness
(8. escalate	a) remove b) lessen c) include d) intensify
	9. elicit	a) draw forth b) approve c) praise d) disprove
1	0. obsolete	a) current b) difficult to believe c) out-of-date d) not sold
1	1. allusion	a) indirect reference b) physical weakness c) improvement d) short story
1	2. altruistic	a) honest b) lying c) proud d) unselfish
(3. euphemism	a) false appearance b) degree c) substitute for offensive term d) title
1	4. arbitrary	a) wordy b) based on impulse c) demanding d) believable
1	5. assail	a) attack b) travel c) defend d) confuse
1	6. fluctuate	a) stand still b) vary irregularly c) float d) sink
1	7. calamity	a) disaster b) storm c) conference d) breeze
1	8. persevere	a) treat harshly b) mark c) continue d) delay
1	9. comprehensive	a) accidental b) including much c) delicate d) small
2	20. venture	a) turn aside b) urge c) risk d) misrepresent
2	21. enhance	a) reject b) get c) improve d) free
2	22. attribute	a) admiration b) program c) disease d) quality
2	23. discern	a) see clearly b) devise c) rule out d) consider
2	24. exemplify	a) construct b) represent c) plan d) test
2	25. attest	a) bear witness b) examine c) tear up d) dislike

(Continues on next page)

26. concurrent	a) apart b) happening together c) north d) off-and-on
27. constitute	a) make up b) eliminate c) separate d) remove
28. predominant	a) smallest b) most noticeable c) having a tendency d) hidden
29. nominal	a) open to harm b) large c) important d) slight
30. confiscate	a) deny b) make difficult c) desire d) seize with authority
31. suffice	a) think up b) be enough c) prevent d) pay back
32. degenerate	a) give up b) improve c) stay the same d) worsen
33. implausible	a) possible b) hard to believe c) imaginary d) historical
34. sinister	a) frightened b) lively c) generous d) evil
35. intricate	a) easy b) complex c) workable d) touching
36. qualm	a) pleasure b) dead end c) feeling of doubt d) place of safety
37. garble	a) refuse b) mix up c) claim d) speak clearly
38. immaculate	a) roomy b) clean c) empty d) complete
39. retaliate	a) repair b) repeat c) renew d) pay back
40. blatant	a) sudden b) immediate c) quiet d) obvious
41, intermittent	a) hesitant b) nervous c) off-and-on d) constant
42. digress	a) stray b) improve c) resist d) repeat
43. incentive	a) fear b) pride c) concern d) encouragement
44. succumb	a) approach b) repeat c) give in d) cut short
45. devastate	a) spread out b) begin again c) reassure d) upset greatly
46. speculate	a) search b) think about c) inspect d) state to be so
47. infamous	a) not known b) small c) having a bad reputation d) related
48. benefactor	a) landlord b) one who gives aid c) optimist d) kindness
49. intrinsic	 a) belonging by its very nature b) on the surface c) not noticeable d) careful
50. alleviate	a) make anxious b) depart c) infect d) relieve

 51. mandatory	a) masculine b) sexist c) required d) threatening
 52. lucrative	a) silly b) profitable c) causing disease d) attractive
 53. aspire	a) dislike b) strongly desire c) impress d) deliver
 54. benevolent	a) kind b) wealthy c) nasty d) poor
 55. dissent	a) approval b) defeat c) winning d) disagreement
 56. proponent	a) foe b) supporter c) examiner d) one part of the whole
 57. quest	a) search b) request c) place d) memory
 58. conversely	a) rudely b) uncooperative c) in an opposite manner d) unfriendly
 59. prevalent	a) famous b) widespread c) escapable d) plain
 60. traumatic	a) causing painful emotions b) reversed c) delicate d) harmless
 61. flippant	a) cold b) formal c) disrespectful d) nervous
 62. perception	a) meeting b) party c) dead end d) impression
 63. prone	a) disliked b) tending c) active d) rested
 64. rationale	a) research paper b) debate c) logical basis d) mood
 65. impasse	a) exit b) central point c) gate d) dead end
 66. divulge	a) reveal b) embarrass c) hide d) remove
 67. nullify	a) harm b) allow c) turn aside d) cancel
 68. elation	a) trade b) comparison c) joy d) majority opinion
 69. ominous	a) happy b) threatening c) depréssed d) friendly
 70. averse	a) attracted b) fearful c) warm d) opposed
 71. transcend	a) send b) travel c) show off d) rise above
 72. deplete	a) encourage b) use up c) delay d) add to
 73. complacent	a) workable b) easy c) self-satisfied d) healthy
 74. empathy.	 a) fear b) encouragement c) ability to share someone's feelings d) avoidance

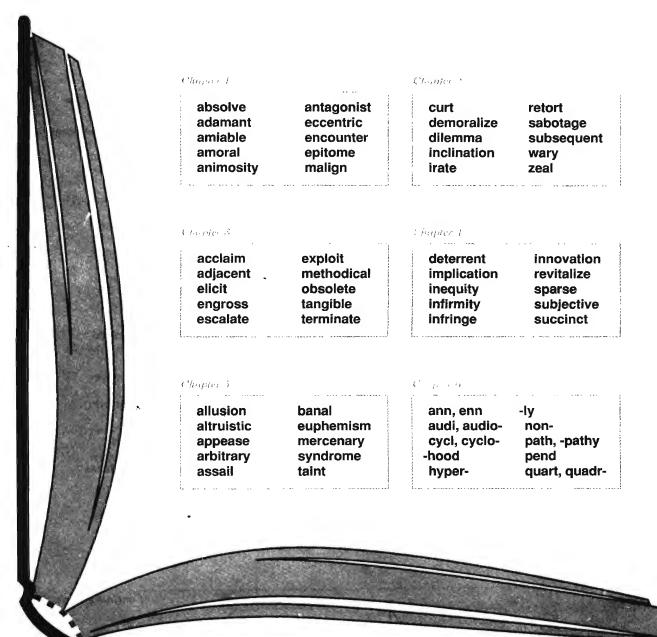
b) show off **c)** give up **d)** fly

____ 75. waive

a) sleep

76. gape	a) stare b) repair c) beat d) hide from
77. punitive	a) inexpensive b) punishing c) ridiculously inadequate d) possible
78. condone	a) forgive b) represent c) arrest d) appoint
79. precedent	a) gift b) example c) fee d) later event.
80. contemplate	a) think seriously about b) create c) add to d) reveal
81. detrimental	a) dirty b) nutritious c) harmful d) helpful
82. ironic	a) deeply felt b) meaning opposite of what is said c) simple d) great
83. vindictive	a) not easily understood b) gentle c) vengeful d) temporary
84. saturate	a) break apart b) put down c) fully soak d) describe
85. deficient	a) forgotten b) lacking c) complete d) well-known
86. fallible	a) capable of error b) complete c) incomplete d) simple
87. exhaustive	a) respected b) nervous c) complete d) tired
88. habitat	a) headache b) natural environment c) importance d) usual behavior
89. vile	a) offensive b) secretive c) nice d) tricky
90. pragmatic	a) ordinary b) slow c) wise d) practical
91. pacify	a) betray b) calm c) retreat d) remove
92. esteem	a) age b) doubt c) respect d) length of life
93. transient	a) stubborn b) temporary c) permanent d) easy-going
94. avid	a) bored b) disliked c) enthusiastic d) plentiful
95. nurture	a) harden b) thank c) nourish d) starve
96. augment	a) change b) cause to become c) increase d) describe
97. explicit	a) everyday b) distant c) permanent d) stated exactly
98. magnitude	a) importance b) attraction c) respect d) example
99. ambivalent	a) everyday b) having mixed feelings c) temporary d) able to be done
100. dispel	a) assist b) anger c) describe d) cause to vanish

Unit One



UNIT ONE: Pretest

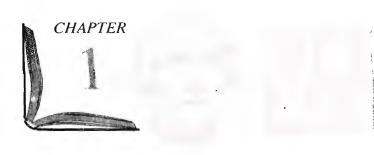
In the space provided, write the letter of the choice that is closest in meaning to the **boldfaced** word.

 1. animosity	a) approval b) ill will c) fear d) shyness
 2. encounter	a) meeting b) total c) departure d) attack
 3. absolve	a) make guilty b) reject c) clear from guilt d) approve
 4. adamant	a) realistic b) stubborn c) weak d) flexible
 5. amiable	a) stingy b) rude c) proud d) good-natured
 6. eccentric	a) odd b) common c) active d) calm
 7. amoral	a) honest b) poor c) without principles d) generous
 8. malign	a) depend on b) speak evil of c) boast d) praise
 9. antagonist	a) friend b) relative c) boss d) opponent
 10. epitome	a) perfect example b) large hole c) horrible sight d) tallest point
 11. sabotage	a) aid b) follow c) deliberately damage d) hide from
 12. dilemma	a) error b) difficult choice c) tendency d) picture
 13. wary	a) kind b) unfriendly c) afraid d) cautious
 14. curt	a) ignorant b) talkative c) friendly d) rudely brief
 15. irate	a) very angry b) proud c) silly d) very friendly
 16. demoralize	 a) encourage b) lower the spirits of c) set a bad example for d) lecture
 17. zeal	a) laziness b) injustice c) enthusiastic devotion d) hatred
 18. inclination	a) tendency b) favor c) lack d) increase
 19. retort	a) question b) reply c) argue d) approve
 20. subsequent	a) beneath b) before c) above d) following
 21. tangible	a) more than normal b) touchable c) hidden d) orderly
 22. acclaim	a) false name b) great approval c) disagreement d) sadness
 23. escalate	a) remove b) lessen c) include d) intensify
 24. elicit	a) draw forth b) approve c) praise d) disprove
25 evoloit	a) save b) throw away c) use selfishly d) sell overseas

(Continues on next page)

Unit One: Pretest 7

26. adjacent	a) above b) under c) next to d) within
27. methodical	a) religious b) systematic c) careless d) immoral
28. obsolete	a) current b) difficult to believe c) out-of-date d) not sold
29. engross	a) destroy b) impress c) disgust d) hold the attention of
30. terminate	a) stop b) continue c) begin d) approach
31. succinct	a) prepared b) brief and clear c) impressed d) not fair
32. infirmity	a) hospital b) small city c) physical weakness d) relationship
33. revitalize	a) renew strength b) break in on c) feel weak d) get an idea
34. deterrent	a) ending b) memory c) prevention d) blame
35. implication	a) word b) statement c) rule d) something hinted at
36. infringe	a) add to b) intrude c) impress d) encourage
37. sparse	a) spread thinly b) gentle c) plentiful d) threatening
38. innovation	a) exercise b) application c) something new d) test
39. inequity	a) injustice b) bigger portion c) small party d) boring job
40. subjective	 a) impressive b) cruel c) based on personal feelings d) distantly related
41. banal	a) humid b) commonplace c) secret d) true
42. syndrome	a) attitude b) thought c) something required d) group of symptoms
43. appease	a) make calm b) tell the truth c) attack d) approve
44. taint	a) surprise b) dishonor c) annoy d) boast
45. allusion	 a) indirect reference b) physical weakness c) improvement d) short story
46. altruistic	a) honest b) lying c) proud d) unselfish
47. mercenary	a) clean b) mean c) calm d) greedy
48. euphemism	a) false appearance b) degree c) substitute for offensive term d) title
49. arbitrary	a) wordy b) based on impulse c) demanding d) believable
50. assail	a) attack b) travel c) defend d) confuse



absolve adamant amiable amoral animosity antagonist eccentric encounter epitome malign

Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

	1 7 0	J	
1 absolve /əbˈzɒlv/	 Having insufficient of of the murder. 	evidence of his guilt, the ju	ry had to absolve Mr. Melman
-verb	 Accused of taking be absolved of any v 		he end, I'll clear my name and
Absolve means	a. to accuse.	b. to clear of guilt.	c. to inform.
2 adamant /'ædəmənt/		out not changing plans. He eport now says it will be co	insists we still camp out even ld and rainy.
-adjective	 Adamant in his support from powerful opport 		Keen won't give in to pressure
Adamant means	a. firm.	b. uncertain.	c. flexible.
3 amiable /ˈeɪmjəbl/	 My amiable dog greenergetic tail-waggir 	_	I friends with a happy yip and
-adjective	At first, our history know her, she shows	•	friendly, but once you get to
Amiable means	a. intelligent.	b. uncaring.	c. good-natured.
4 amorał /er'mprəl/		y amoral . He cares only ale less about right or wrong.	oout making money and having
-adjective	_	_	was truly amoral . He jailed, the slightest feeling of guilt.
Amoral means	a. cowardly.	b. lazy.	c. lacking ethical principles.
5 animosity /ˌænɪˈmɒsətɪ/			
-noun		two families goes back so ginally caused the animosit	many generations that nobody y.
Animosity means	a. strong dislike.	b. admiration.	c. great fear.
6 antagonist /æn'tægənist/		ng, the husband and wife we they had once loved each	ere such bitter antagonists that other.
-noun	In the ring, the two were good friends.	boxers were antagonists,	but in their private lives they
Antagonist means	a. a supporter.	b. an enemy.	c. an example.

C

7	eccentric /ɪkˈsentrɪk/	• Bruce is quite eccentric. work on a motorcycle, in	For example, he lives in a cir a three-piece suit.	cular house and rides to
	-adjective	 Florence Nightingale, the carrying a pet owl around 	famous nursing reformer, ha in one of her pockets.	d the eccentric habit of
	Eccentric means	a. ordinary.	b. odd.	c. careful.
8	encounter /in'kauntə(r)/	My encounter with Matt thought he still lived in Cl	in a Los Angeles supermark hicago.	et surprised me, since I
	-noun	 I dislike returning to my si with people who knew me 	mall hometown, where I am li e as a troubled kid.	kely to have encounters
	Encounter means	a. a thought.	b. a dinner.	c. a meeting.
9	epitome /ɪ'pitəmi/ -noun Epitome means	* -		
10	malign /məˈlaɪn/ -verb	That vicious Hollywood r their public images.	reporter often maligns movie her ex-husband, even thoug	stars, forever damaging
_	Malign means	a. to praise.	b. to recognize.	c. to speak ill of.

Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

1	Not giving in; stubborn
2	Lacking a moral sense; without principles
3	Differing from what is customary; odd
4	To find innocent or blameless
5	
6	A perfect or typical example of a general quality or type
7	An opponent; one who opposes or competes
8	Bitter hostility
9	To make evil and often untrue statements about; speak evil of
10	Good-natured; friendly and pleasant

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line provided, complete each item below with the correct word from the box. Use each word once.

a. absolve	b. adamant	c. amiable	d. amoral	e. animosity
f. antagonist	g. eccentric	h. encounter	i. epitome	j. malign
		in her belief that undertakings failed	_	s at business. Even a in him.
	2. My brother in the parki	•	et in the restaurant,	, but their took p
	3. I'm tired of stupid insul	_	andidates for gover	nor each other v
		doesn't want to lo		ains polite and e
		inals are truly ners are wrong.	- they don't see th	at some actions are r
	6. The of day.	refreshment is drin	king an ice-cold ler	monade on a sizzling
		_(e)d of stealing mo	-	pany, but the damage
		s of the department acted more like	· ·	ys competing with e
		ious discussions wi	-	ise she shows great
		not odd for female h school, girls who	_	ry, but when my more considered
antonio Chiodo	o			
entence Check				
ng the answer lines pee.	provided, complete	each item below wi	th two words from	the box. Use each w
		_ millionaire dress ed us that he was po	_	at every with
		eels such towar		never says a single 1

5	-6. Since the congresswoman was in opposing the nuclear power plant, the plant's owners regarded her as their toughest
7	7-8. Wayne is so that he doesn't even have the desire to be(e)d of guilt for all the times he has lied, cheated, and stolen.
9-	-10. With his friendly air, good-natured laugh and generosity, Santa Claus is the of the grandfather.
Final Check: Joseph	Palmer
selection carefully. Then fill	you to strengthen your knowledge of the ten words. First read the following in each blank with a word from the box at the top of the previous page. gure out which word goes in which blank.) Use each word once.
In 1830, a Massachus	setts farmer named Joseph Palmer moved to the city, only to find that
people continually reacted	d to him with anger and hatred. Why? Palmer certainly wasn't a(n)
(1)	man — no, he had a strong sense of right and wrong. He was a
friendly and (2)	person as well. And on the whole, Palmer was the
(3)	of a normal citizen, living a typical life with his family. Yet his
neighbors crossed to the o	ther side of the street to avoid an (4) with
him. Children insulted Pa	almer and sometimes threw stones at him. Grown men hurled rocks
through the windows of h	nis house. Even the local minister (5)(e)d
Palmer, telling the congreg	gation that Palmer admired only himself.
One day, four men o	carrying scissors and a razor attacked Palmer and threw him to the
ground. Pulling out a	pocketknife, Palmer fought back, slashing at their legs. His
(6)	s fled. Afterward, Palmer was the one arrested and jailed. While
in jail he was attacked two	more times. Both times, he fought his way free. After a year — although
his accusers still wouldn't	(7) him of guilt — he was released.
	cause of all the (8) and abuse had been his
	er, (9) to the end, had refused to shave.
	ner's difficulties, it was no longer (10)to
	e many who wore beards then was the President of the United States,
Abraham Lincoln.	
Scores	Sentence Check 2% Final Check%



curt demoralize dilemma inclination irate retort sabotage subsequent wary zeal

Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

context of the sentences	to help you ligate out et	ten word 3 meaning.	
1 curt /ks:t/	 The fast-food man customers, not curt 		give polite, full answers to
-adjective	 Betsy doesn't mear she's so shy. 	to be curt. She seems rud	ely brief with people because
Curt means	a. cautious.	b. courteous.	c. abrupt.
2 demoralize /dɪˈmɒrəlaɪz/		e my brother demoralized h ence to ask another woman o	im to the point that for months
-verb	 When Bonita gaine ate a banana split. 	d a pound during her diet, in	t so demoralized her that she
Demoralize means	a. to cheat.	b. to discourage.	c. to excite.
3 dilemma /diˈlemə/		faced a dilemma : either h store rules about shoplifters.	naving an elderly, needy man
-noun		novies, the heroine's dilem riend and the poor man she re	a ma often involves choosing eally loves.
Dilemma means	a. a hard choice.	b. a great danger.	c. a benefit.
4 inclination /ˌɪnklɪˈneɪ∫ən/	 My inclination is to before I make my fi 		going to speak to a few nurses
-noun	 That two-year-old say "no" to everything 	-	es, such as her inclination to
Inclination means	a. a tendency.	b. a reason.	c. a fate.
5 irate /aɪˈreɪt/	 If Kate got angry of always irate about s 		e her more seriously, but she's
-adjective		-	emote control, and she becomes to record it in the checkbook.
Irate means	a. thrilled.	b. selfish.	c. furious.
6 retort /ri ^t to:t/		arents I'd wash the supper aybe we should serve you dir	dishes the next morning, my nner in the mornings, too."
-verh	 "What do you want charms," he retorte 		Pracula. "Only to drink in your
Retort means	a to approve	h to renly	c to ask

7 sabotage /ˈsæbətɑːʒ/	 Terrorist groups train places. 	n their members to sabota	age airports and other public	
-verb	 A fired computer of planting a "virus" in it 		npany's computer system by	
Sabotage means	a. to develop.	b. to invest in.	c. to do harm to.	
8 subsequent /'sabsikwent/	• "I was hired as a stock boy," said the company president. "My subsequent jobs took me steadily up the company ladder."			
-adjective	 The first time Janet drove on a highway, she was terrified, but on subseque trips, she felt more relaxed. 			
Subsequent means	a. first.	b. following.	c. previous.	
9 wary /¹weərı/	• "There's no such thing as a free lunch" means that we should be wary about promises of getting something for nothing.			
-adjective	 I'm a little wary of people who, when they first meet me, treat me as if I'm their best friend. 			
Wary means	a. careful.	b. tired.	c. welcoming.	
10 zeai /zi:l/ -noun	 Flo attacked her food with such zeal that I thought she hadn't eaten for a week! My neighbor has so much zeal about keeping our neighborhood clean that he sweeps our sidewalk if we don't do it ourselves. 			
Zeal means	a. resistance.	b. passion.	c. skill.	

Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

	A tendency to think, act, or behave in a certain way; a leaning
	Rudely brief when speaking to someone
	Cautious; on guard
<u> </u>	To reply, especially in a quick, sharp, or witty way
	To lower the spirits of; weaken the confidence or cheerfulness of
	A situation requiring a difficult choice
	Following, in time or order; next; later
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Enthusiastic devotion; intense enthusiasm
	To deliberately destroy or damage
	Very angry

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

> Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line provided, complete each item below with the correct word from the box. Use each word once.

a. curt	b. demoralize	c. dilemma	d. inclination	e. irate
f. retort	g. sabotage	h. subsequent	i. wary	j. zeal
	1. Rob's a day's pa	was whether to go to w	ork feeling sick or to	stay home and
	2. Be wh	nen something sounds to	o good to be true — j	t probably is.
	3. I have to v	vatch my budget because	e I have a(n) to o	verspend.
		dway director cut off mase: "Thank you. That w		g singers with
	5. The strikin main entra	ng miners planned to _	one of the mines	by blowing up
		Devan expected to get a truly(e)d him.	an A on his research	n paper, receivi
		played miserably in to win all games.	the first game of th	e season, but
	•	always became whose time he began yelling	•	
		ents could apply to their shopping, their grades v	-	he they fee
	woman sta	wisecracking waiter sa ated, "I didn't come here e waiter.		-
ntence Chec	ek~2			
ng the answer line e.	s provided, complete	e each item below with	two words from the b	oox. Use each
		y angry, the customer b		_ when he reco
		I answer my phone and I		

5-6	Because of terrorist attempts to flights, airline security workers are of even innocent-looking passengers.
7–8.	I began the semester with great for my chemistry class, but the realization that I didn't have the necessary background quickly(e)d me.
9–10	Margo intended to accept the job offer to be a salad chef, but a(n) offer for an office position has presented her with a(n): Should she take the interesting restaurant job, which pays poorly, or the higher-paying job that may not interest her much?

➤ Final Check: Telephone Salespeople

Here is a final opportunity for you to strengthen your knowledge of the ten words. First read the following selection carefully. Then fill in each blank with a word from the box at the top of the previous page. (Context clues will help you figure out which word goes in which blank.) Use each word once.

ntext clues will help you	figure out which word goes in which b	blank.) Use each word once.
If my carpets need cl	leaning or I want a new freezer, I will	do some comparison shopping first.
I am not likely to buy ar	nything suddenly just because a comp	olete stranger has phoned — usually
during the dinner hou	r — to sell it. For this and oth	ner reasons, I have always been
(1)	of telephone salespeople. I don't	t like their cheerful, overly amiable°
voices and their nervy su	aggestions as to how I might easily pa	y for whatever it is they are selling.
My (2)	is to get off the phone as soon	n as possible.
My husband, however	er, creates a(n) (3)	for me when he takes these
calls. He doesn't want w	hat is being sold either, but he feels so	orry for the salespeople. He doesn't
want to (4)	them with such a(n) (5)	reply as
"No." When they begin t	heir sales pitches, he is overcome by t	their (6) for
their products and therefo	ore listens politely. Then he (7)	s my efforts
to discourage (8)	calls by sugge	esting that the salespeople call back
later to talk to his wife!	I don't know who gets more (9)	when that
happens — I or the sales	speople, disappointed when they realize	ze we never intended to buy a thing.
More than once, when I's	ve finally said "No sale" for the last ti	me to an adamant° salesperson who
had been refusing to take	e "no" for an answer, he or she has (1	(e)d,
"Well, thanks for wasting	g my time."	
	THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE PROPERTY OF THE	and the first the contract of



acclaim adjacent elicit engross escalate exploit methodical obsolete tangible terminate

Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

context of the semence	s to help you rigure out e	ach word's meaning.		
1 acclaim	 Any subway systen 	n that is clean, quiet, and safe	deserves acclaim.	
/ə ^l kleım/ -noun	• Although vincent van Gogh is now considered a genius, ine			
Acclaim means	a. criticism.	b. praise.	c. change.	
2 adjacent /ə'dʒeɪsənt/	 Because their desk comments. 	s are adjacent, Jeff and Kel	lie often exchange looks and	
-adjective	If you keep your dishes in a cupboard that's adjacent to the dishwasher, you won't have to walk when putting away the clean dishes.			
Adjacent means	a. close.	b. similar.	c. separated.	
3 elicit	• Elizabeth Taylor's	violet eyes always elicit admir	ation and wonder.	
/i¹lisit/ -verb		yer's three-point shot to win elight from the excited fans.	the game in its final seconds	
Elicit means	a. to stop.	b. to follow.	c. to bring out.	
4 engross /m'grəus/	 The suspenseful T when he was called 	V movie so engrossed Brya to dinner.	n that he didn't even budge	
-verb	 The fascinating sin me for several mine 	gle-file march of black ants a utes.	along the sidewalk engrossed	
Engross means	a. to hold the interes	est of. b. to disgust.	c. to bore.	
5 escalate /'eskəleit/	 The fight between among members of 	the two hockey players esc both teams.	calated into an all-out battle	
-verb		late our fund-raising efforts npany won't survive."	"," the theater manager said.	
Escalate means	a. to expand.	b. to delay.	c. to weaken.	
6 exploit /ık'sploit/		century, factory owners explo id	ited children by making them on hours a day.	
-verb	•	the English teacher's son, he s anyone else in the class.	refuses to exploit his status.	
Exploit means	a. to forget.	b. to take advantage of.	c. to be sad about.	

7	methodical	 A methodical way to store spices is to shelve them in alphabetical order. 				
	/mɪˈθɒdɪkəl/ -adjective	 Joan is so methodi into different nutrit 		assifies the foods in each meal		
_	Methodical means	a. accidental.	b. out-of-date.	c. orderly.		
8	obsolete /'pbsəli:t/	• Computers are so obsolete.	common now that they h	ave made typewriters almost		
	-adjective	 In the United States obsolete. 	s, the automobile quickly ma	de travel by horse and carriage		
	Obsolete means	a. popular.	b. useful.	c. extinct.		
9	tangible /ˈtændʒəbl/	The sculptor loved and stone.	making her ideas tangible	by giving them form in metal		
	-adjective	-	empty soda bottles, and y had taken place the night b	dirty napkins were tangible efore.		
_	Tangible means	a. clever.	b. solid.	c. hidden.		
10	terminate /ˈtɜːmɪneɪt/	• As the clock's hands inched toward 3:00, the students waited impatiently for the bell to terminate the last class before spring vacation.				
	-verb		have terminated the boxing the ability to defend himse	g match when he first saw the elf.		
	Terminate means	a. to end.	b. to revive.	c. to begin.		

Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

1.	To draw forth
2.	 To stop; bring to an end
3.	Orderly; systematic
4.	 Close; near (to something)
5.	 Able to be touched; having form and matter
6.	No longer active or in use; out of date
7.	 To increase or intensify
8.	 Great praise or applause; enthusiastic approval
9.	To hold the full attention of; absorb
10.	 To use selfishly or unethically; take unfair advantage of

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

> Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line provided, complete each item below with the correct word from the box. Use each word once.

a. acclaim	b. adjacent	c. elicit	d. engross	e. escalate
f. exploit	g. methodical	h. obsolete	i. tangible	j. terminate
	I. A wedding other.	pression of a couple	e's commitment to e	
		ergy becomes as che xpensive, may becon	-	unshine, nuclear ener
		e Ryan, Forrest Gun n Oscars and the	np, and Cast Away to of admiring critics.	
		is to one with a rely blocked.	high wooden fence,	so our view on that s
		ing match between R he neighbors compla		(e)d until it was
	6. Sometimes	s an article I'm readi op.	ng on the bus will _	me so much that
		rkers feel(e)d by ries and better worki	• •	ey often go on strike
		ery about writin makes a list of the p		
		ke was caught stealir yment and brought hi		
		sturbing survey, the(e)d this response	-	•
entence Chec	ck 2			
ing the answer line	s provided, complete	e each item below wi	th two words from	the box. Use each we
	of grac	fted ice skater's routing te and power combing f applause.		
		gh hand-crafted furn (e)d all demand for it		mass production has

5-6. Workers want rewards such as money and a pension, but they als welcome less concrete benefits, such as for a job well done.
7-8. The more the British(e)d the American colonies by taxing the unfairly, the more the colonists' animosity° toward the British(e)d.
9-10. Patty's baking technique includes arranging all ingredients in row, with each one to the one that is used after it.
Final Check: A Cruel Sport
Here is a final opportunity for you to strengthen your knowledge of the ten words. First read the following selection carefully. Then fill in each blank with a word from the box at the top of the previous page (Context clues will help you figure out which word goes in which blank.) Use each word once.
As Alex sat down in the carnival tent, the lights dimmed. A spotlight revealed a short, heavy
man holding a thick chain. He tugged the chain, and an old, muzzled bear appeared. The man, the
animal's owner, announced that the bear's name was Sally. He said he would give a hundred
dollars to anyone who wrestled Sally to the floor.
"That's disgusting! You have no right to (1) an animal that way!" a
woman called out. Several voices joined her in protest. A number of people walked out of the tent.
Alex wanted to leave too, but he was too shocked to move. He had thought bear wrestling was
(2), given up long ago as a cruel sport.
But the man's offer (3)(e)d one drunken response. "I'll do it!" a big
man yelled, winning the (4) of Sally's owner, who congratulated him
warmly. The drunk began swinging at Sally. She backed away. "Knock her on her rear!" the owner
shouted with zeal°. When Sally finally raised a paw to defend herself, her opponent could see that
she had no claws. Feeling very brave now, he (5)
The horrible scene (6)(e)d Alex, who could barely believe his eyes.
The man sitting (7) to Alex rose to his feet and left, muttering "This
shouldn't be allowed. I'm calling the police."
Meanwhile, the drunken man knocked Sally over. Her owner then (8)(e)d
the match and handed Sally a bucket of food. The (9) way in which he
conducted his act showed Alex he had done it many, many times before.
Finally, the owner led Sally away. The animal's drooping head and her labored walk were
(10) expressions of her misery. As Sally passed him, Alex saw two
police officers enter the tent. He hoped with all his heart that the law could prevent another such display of cruelty to this living creature.
Scores Sentence Check 2% Final Check%



deterrent implication inequity infirmity infringe innovation revitalize sparse subjective succinct

Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

context of the sentences	to help you figure out each	word's meaning.		
1 deterrent /di ^l terent/	 As a deterrent to but "Beware of pit bull." 	rglars, my father put a sig	gn on our lawn that says,	
-noun	 If the dangers of skydiv high cost will be. 	ving aren't a big enough de	terrent for Ben, maybe the	
Deterrent means	a. a reward.	b. a prevention.	c. a reason.	
2 implication /ˌɪmplɪˈkeɪ∫ən/	 When the boss said that nobody would be getting 	t company profits were dow g a raise.	n, the implication was that	
-noun	 When the salesman win special deal on a car. 	iked, the implication was th	nat he would give Joaquin a	
Implication means	a. a minor fault.	b. a demand.	c. something suggested.	
3 inequity /ɪnˈekwətɪ/		tma Gandhi experienced ar he was thrown off a "whites		
-noun	 Most Americans consider it an inequity that some millionaires pay less in taxes than ordinary citizens do. 			
Inequity means	a. an injustice.	b. a physical weakness.	c. a question.	
4 infirmity /ɪn¹fɜ:mətɪ/	 Rick uses a wheelchaitraveling. 	ir, but he doesn't let his	infirmity keep him from	
-noun	 Certain infirmities, suc elderly. 	h as arthritis and diabetes, a	are more likely to affect the	
Infirmity means	a. a relationship.	b. a disability.	c. a secret.	
5 infringe /ɪn¹frɪndʒ/		cket the nuclear power ple's right to enter and exit fre	ant as long as they don't eely.	
-verb	 When my mother is doing her homework, no one is allowed to infringe on her quiet time. 			
Infringe means	a. to interfere with.	b. to protect.	c. to recognize.	
6 innovation /ˌɪnəʊ¹veɪ∫ən/	 When commercial bak exciting innovation. 	ers first offered sliced br	ead, it was considered an	
-noun	 The high cost of colleg children's education wh 		innovations as paying for	

b. a weakness.

c. an imitation.

Innovation means

a. something new.

7	revitalize /ri: ¹ vaɪtəlaɪz/	 When Dwight is tired a evening out with friends 	after work, he finds a brief nas.	p revitalizes him for an	
	-verb	 The City Council hopes offering tax breaks for r 	to revitalize the currently life new businesses.	eless shopping district by	
_	Revitalize means	a. to refresh.	b. to amuse.	c. to tire out.	
8	sparse /spa:s/	 There are thick pine for become sparse. 	ests at the foot of the mountain	n, but higher up, the trees	
	-adjective	 Unfortunately, the turno hope to have better atter 	out for the team's first pep rally and ance at the next one.	y was sparse . Organizers	
	Sparse means	a. long.	b. thin.	c. crowded.	
9	subjective /səb'dʒektɪv/ -adjective	Mary, a highly subjective judge of her son's abilities, feels he's brilliant in every respect. The boy's father, however, has a less emotional view of him.			
		• The reporter refused to write about his friend's trial. He knew any story he wrote would be too subjective to be published as an unbiased article.			
	Subjective means	a. one-sided.	b. boring.	c. impersonal.	
10	/sək¹sıŋkt/	 Your telegram should be succinct so that you get your message across clearly without paying for more words than necessary. 			
		"What's new?" is a shappened to you lately,	succinct way of asking, "H my friend?"	as anything of interest	
	Succinct means	a. wordy.	b. prejudiced.	c. brief and clear.	

Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

1	Injustice; unfairness; an instance of injustice
2	A new custom, method, or invention; something newly introduced
3	Based on personal opinions, feelings, and attitudes; not objective
4	Something that discourages or prevents a certain action
5	Expressed clearly in a few words; to the point; concise
6	To renew the strength and energy of; restore to a vigorous, active condition
7	A physical weakness or defect; ailment
8	Distributed thinly; not thick or crowded
9	To intrude or trespass on; to go beyond the limits considered proper
10	An idea that is communicated indirectly, through a suggestion or him

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

> Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line provided, complete each item below with the correct word from the box. Use each word once.

1		-	d. infirmity i. subjective	e. infringe j. succinct		
	1. Although Marie joked about her broken leg, it was an the from work for a month.					
	 2. When a restaurant's tables have ashtrays, the is that permitted. 3. Our democratic rights do not include the freedom to on other rights. 					
	_ 4. "Now" is a	way of saying,	"At this particular poi	nt in time."		
	-	s along a path ough our yard.	at the corner of the	lot, where kids ta		
		ng in food pack rather than poured.	kaging is a bottle from	n which salad dres		
			loyees(e)d my au ggesting new goals.	nt's interest in he		
			view of events ng Jewish girl in hidir			
	-	ny was accused of cong the same work.	reating a(n) by pa	ying women less		
		at the age of 53 one	tally deaf by age 50 ve of his most ambition			
ntence Check 2	?					
g the answer lines pro	ovided, complete e	each item below wi	th two words from the	e box. Use each v		
			yor saw the turnger to his campaign	-		
			particularly on the l			

records.

	Although arthritis can be a painful, Aunt Fern refuses to let it be a(n) to her active lifestyle. For example, she continues to go square-dancing every week.
	All editorials are — they represent someone's opinions. In an editorial, for example, writers are free to argue against the of police brutality, instead of just reporting on it.
9	A sign may be brief and still have severals. For example, thesign "Dangerous Curve" suggests that drivers should be wary and slow down, that the curve ahead is sharp, and that bad accidents have happened there before.

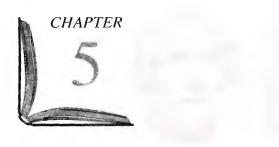
Final Check: Bald Is Beautiful

Here is a final opportunity for you to strengthen your knowledge of the ten words. First read the following selection carefully. Then fill in each blank with a word from the box at the top of the previous page. (Context clues will help you figure out which word goes in which blank.) Use each word once.

Final Check

Sentence Check 2 ____

Scores



allusion altruistic appease arbitrary assail banal euphemism mercenary syndrome taint

Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

allusion After I suggested that Monty have fruit for dessert instead of chocolate cake, /əˈl*j*u:ʒ*ə*n/ he responded, "Is that an allusion to my weight?" -noun Ray didn't have the courage to come right out and ask Lucy to marry him. Instead, he made only an allusion to marriage by asking, "Wouldn't it be easier if we had to fill out just one tax return?" b. a reference. Allusion means a. a contrast. c. an answer. 2 altruistic When an enemy approaches, ground squirrels show altruistic behavior. They /,æltro'istik/ risk their own lives to give alarm calls to nearby relatives. -adjective • "I'm not often altruistic," Brett admitted. "I usually put my own welfare first." Altruistic means a, unselfish. b. cheerful. c. greedy. 3 appease My sister was so outraged when I accidentally scratched her favorite old /əˈpiːz/ Beatles record that nothing I could say or do would appease her. -verb Roger was furious when he saw me out with another guy, but I quickly appeased him by explaining that the "date" was my cousin. b. to heal. *Appease* means a. to annoy. c. to calm. 4 arbitrary · Professor Miller's students were angry that he graded essays in an arbitrary /ˈaːbɪtrən/ way, rather than using clear-cut standards. -adjective · Parents should not enforce rules according to their moods. Such arbitrary discipline only confuses children. Arbitrary means a. steady. b. slow. c. impulsive. 5 assail The storm assailed us with hail and heavy rain. /əˈseɪl/ * The two candidates continuously assailed each other with accusations of -verb dishonesty. Assail means a. to attack. b. to confuse. c. to support.

banal I had ever seen.

a. greedy.

makes up for in friendliness.

The film, with its overused expressions and unimaginative plot, was the most

"Nice to see you" may be a banal comment, but what it lacks in originality it

c. clever.

b. unoriginal.

6 banai

/bəˈnɑːl/

-adjective

Banal means

7 euphemism /ˈjuːfɪmɪzəm/	 Common euphemisms include "final resting place" (for grave), "intoxicated" (for drunk), and "powder room" (for toilet). 			
-noun	_	ence Agency is on reco	ord as having referred to lth."	
Euphemism means	a. a harsh term.	a term that doesn't offend	c. a foreign term.	
8 mercenary /ˈmɜːsɪn <i>ə</i> rɪ/	 Ed is totally mercena anything." 	ary. His philosophy is, "F	Pay me enough, and I'll do	
-adjective	The con man pretended for mercenary reasons		v, but he actually married he	
Mercenary means	a. jealous.	b. angry.	c. greedy.	
9 syndrome /ˈsɪndrəʊm/		harmless, but as part of a sy be a sign of a serious illness	y ndrome including fever and	
-noun	 Jet lag is a syndrome exhaustion, headache, 		g distances; it often include	
Syndrome means	a. a group of symptom	s. b. a cause.	c. something required.	
10 taint /teint/	 The involvement of boxing and horse racin 		ted many sports, including	
-verb	• The government scandal tainted the reputations of everyone involved.			
Taint means	a. to benefit.	b. to damage.	c. to start.	

Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

1	Determined by personal judgment, not rule or reason; based on impulse
2	Motivated only by financial gain; greedy
3	An indirect reference
4	A group of symptoms typical of a particular disease or condition
5	A mild or vague term used as a substitute for one considered offensive or unpleasant
6	To calm, especially by giving in to the demands of
7	Lacking originality; overused; commonplace
8	To stain the honor of someone or something
9	To attack physically or verbally
10	Unselfishly concerned for the welfare of others; unselfish

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

> Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line provided, complete each item below with the correct word from the box. Use each word once.

a. allusion f. banal	b. altruistic g. euphemism	c. appease h. mercenary	d. arbitrary i. syndrome	e. assail j. taint
	1. There have price.	been people enou	gh to sell their own c	hildren for the righ
	2. "Someone l	nasn't shown me his re prother.	eport card," my mothe	er said, making a(n
	3. It takes a(n)	person to adopt a	disabled child.	
	4. The mugge	red his victims wit	h a baseball bat.	
		ndertaker insists on us alls it the "slumber roc	_	hapel of his funera
	6. The report image.	that the halfback wa	s addicted to drugs	(e)d the team'
	_	ing that would the		as imprisonment o
		incoln is thought to hav des unusually long bor		
	similar case	s harsh sentence was s or on the seriousness he defendant.		_
	-	ecial" probably appea		
tence Che	ek 2			•
g the answer line	es provided, complete	each item below with	two words from the b	ox. Use each word
	In contr	ple tend to place the puast, people will elarmful products.		
	_	ry customer loudly		_

refund.

			21
	according to his mod	formance in a(n) manner, pods. And when he says, "Please minutes" is a(n) for "an he	e stay a few minutes
	urge to use obscer	ncludes a very odd symptom - ne language. This disease c some people who hear the f n for it.	can a victim's
	such as "That balleri	e language. Instead of writing ina is light on her feet," he mad ments: "She was never heavier	de an interesting
inal Check: No L	uck with Women		
election carefully. Then f	ill in each blank with a wo	nowledge of the ten words. First ord from the box at the top of s in which blank.) Use each wo	f the previous page.
The first is to (1) name? Where do you want to have kids som Naturally, most women (2) morning, but it didn't. By this time the poor g Another thing Mar sound totally (3) world to him. He make how much she makes, date to a movie, he som manager afterward, cla (5) one of his former (6) She replied by saying the Mark, of course, for the shakes his head and	her with live? Is that your real hair of seday? Are you seeing anyour find this surprising and an things imaginable: "It might rain tomorrow, but wirl has either walked away or k often does in his encounter, as if sets frequent (4) and complains about the primetimes embarrasses her by iming he hadn't liked the moment of the sets	rs° with women is to say thing money were the most importation of the most importation of the money back ovie. Naturally, this sort of behavior of the money back ovie. Naturally, this sort of behavior of the money back of me about Mark's behavior underneath it all, Mark is religging that far down.	ns: "What's your you do? Do you inner with me?" to say the most a might rain this see weather, too." It is that make him and thing in the asks the woman when he takes a from the theater navior somewhat cond date. When ior, I tried to eally a nice guy.



ann, enn audi, audiocycl, cyclo--hood hyper-ly nonpath, -pathy pend quart, quadr-

Ten Word Parts in Context

Common word parts — also known as *prefixes*, *suffixes*, and *roots* — are used in forming many words in English. Figure out the meanings of the following ten word parts by looking *closely* and *carefully* at the context in which they appear. Then, in the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each word part.

each word part.				
1 ann, enn	• This year's annual family reunion will be held at a campground.			
/æn/	•	g a big bicentennial parade e the town was founded.	xactly two hundred	
The word part ann or enn means	a. four.	b. year.	c. hang.	
2 audi, audio- /ˈɔːdɪ/	• The bride's softly at the back of the c	spoken wedding vows were n hurch.	not audible to those	
The word part audi or audio-	•	in the new auditorium is so gen in the upper balconies.	good that music can	
means	a. condition.	b. feeling.	c. hearing.	
3 cycl, cyclo- /'saik/		nis parents if he could buy a ne meant a motorcycle.	new "two-wheeler,"	
The word part cycl or cyclo-	• A cyclone travels i	n a circular motion.		
means	a. circle.	b. four.	c. condition.	
4 -hood /hud/	* When children reach adulthood, how much parents give them?			
	 For my great-gran married at 15. 	dmother, womanhood began	n early — she was	
The word part -hood means	a. state of.	b. sound.	c. not.	
5 hyper-/haipə/		nsitive to conflict. When per are rejecting her personally.	cople disagree with	
		t, a combination of a depar atively new in the United State		
The word part <i>hyper-</i> means	a. opposite of.	b. more than normal.	c. fourth.	
6 -ly /li/	_	drown in Utah's Great Salt	t Lake because the	
	_	can Revolution, many brides s a symbol of rebellion.	proudly wore red,	

a. fourth.

b. in a certain way.

c. opposite of.

The word part -ly means

7 non- /non/	• The paints used in elementary schools are nontoxic so that a child who might swallow some won't be poisoned.			
	 The story abo sounded made- 	ut the aliens was supposed up to me.	d to be nonfiction , but it	
The word part <i>non-</i> means	a. condition.	b. not.	c. overly.	
8 path, -pathy /pæθ//'pɔθι/		narriage fell apart, Ben's re also been rejected by a love		
The word part <i>path</i> or <i>-pathy</i>		mother claim to have power each other's feelings and the		
means	a. feeling.	b. hearing.	c. the opposite.	
9 pend /pend/	 The children's branch. 	swing is an old tire that's su	spended from a strong oak	
	 I can't sit and without starting 	watch the swinging pendul g to feel sleepy.	um of a grandfather clock	
The word part <i>pend</i> means	a. suffering.	b. to listen.	c. to hang.	
10 quart, quadr- /kwɔ:t/	•	ople into quarters so all four yould quadruple my money	•	
The word part quart or quadr-	of making four times as much money, I lost what I had invested.			
means	a. overly.	b. two.	c. four.	
latching Word Parts w	~			
Following are definitions of the The sentences above and on the p				
1	_ Four, fourth			
2	_ Feeling, suffer	ring		
3	_ In a certain ma	anner		
4	_ Hearing, sound	d		
5	_ To hang			

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the word parts well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

More than normal; overly

Not; the opposite of

Year

Circle

9. _____

State, condition

> Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line provided, complete each *italicized* word in the sentences below with the correct word part from the box. Use each word part once.

a. ann f. -ly	b. audi, au d g. non-	h. path, -pathy	d. -hood i. pend	e. hyper- j. quart, quadr-
	1.	Chim loves playing the piand listening to him.	o, especially when	he has a(n) (ence)
	2.	It's hard for me to be (symshe causes so many of her pr		ny sister complains, beca
	3.	Because of therapy, Grace is years were troubled and unha	•	dult, but her (child)
	4.	When I lost one of my diama(n) (ant) to hang ar	•	ad the other one made
	5.	The children's odd (et) _block clapper, a piano player		toy-drum player, a build
	6.	We were told to bring only rwas surprised to see how mu		
		Mrs. Baker said she and her lefter forty-seven years. But Mr. Ba		
	8.	One of the most difficult vo $(uni \dots e)$, a vehicle wit		also one of the simples
		The supervisor said that worpossible promotions. So if the get one the next.		
	10.	My grandmother has (i pressure.	tension), whic	th is abnormally high b

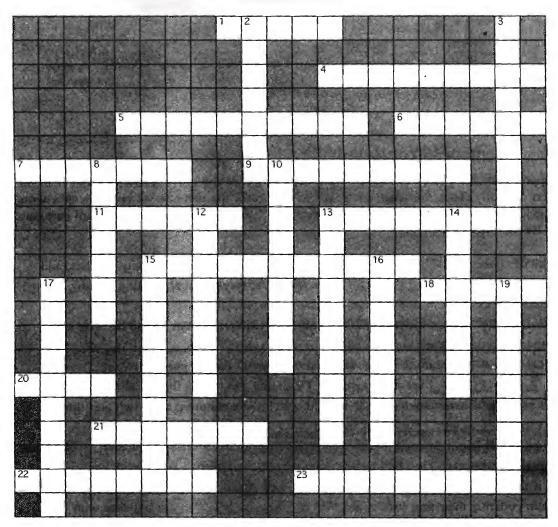
> Sentence Check 2

Using the answer lines provided, complete each italicized word in the sentences below with the correct word

	5-6. Stan, a (drinker), is (critical) of anyone who touches
	alcohol. He is adamant° in his belief that taking even a single drink is the sign of a self-destructive personality.
	7-8. The nursing class watched an (visual) show about the horrible conditions in a mental institution of the 1950s. The patients looked (etic); clearly, they were suffering.
	9-10. For my research report, I used two magazines — one (erly), published four times a year; and an (ual) that appears only every January.
Fi	nal Check: A Taste of Parenthood
foll fro	re is a final opportunity for you to strengthen your knowledge of the ten word parts. First read the lowing selection carefully. Then complete each <i>italicized</i> word in the parentheses below with a word m the box at the top of the previous page. (Context clues will help you figure out which word part goes which blank.) Use each word part once.
	I have a lot of $(sym \dots)$ (1) for parents of twins, triplets, and
	(uplets) (2) I just spent the weekend baby-sitting for my four
	nieces and nephews.
	First, I altruistically offered to watch my brother's two children so that he and his wife could
	go away for the weekend for their sixth wedding (iversary) (3)
	Then my sister called and said that her husband, an actor, had a chance to (tion)
	(4) for a big part in a TV drama. He had to fly to California for the
	weekend. She said she'd love to go along if I could watch their children, aged two and three. I
	(willing) (5) agreed.
	What a time I had! I soon learned that the word baby-sitting has a false implication — I did
	very little sitting that weekend. The children's activity was (stop) (6)
	It seemed as if they never sat down, and nothing engrossed them for more than a few minutes.
	They went from pedaling their tiny (tri es) (7) to building with their
	blocks to banging their toy drums. They "washed" the dishes, let the dog loose, and made mud
	pies in the tomato garden. By Sunday, I was convinced they were all (active)
	(8) In addition, all weekend I was assailed° with endless questions:
	"Why can't I stay up late?" "Do I have to brush my teeth?" "What do ants eat?" Besides all the activity and questions, I had to cope with the knowledge that four little ones
	were entirely (de ent) (9) on me for their needs. What if one got hurt?
	What if they got sick? Fortunately, we survived without a disaster.
	I can't imagine what it must be like for parents with two or more children. I guess I'm not
	ready to have kids yet — not even one. At least my responsibilities were terminated° on Sunday
	night. But (parent) (10) is for keeps. I think I'll wait.
	Scores Sentence Check 2% Final Check%

UNIT ONE: Review

The box at the right lists twenty-five words from Unit One. Using the clues at the bottom of the page, fill in these words to complete the puzzle that follows.



absolve acclaim adjacent altruistic amiable animosity arbitrary banal demoralize deterrent eccentric epitome escalate inclination infringe innovation mercenary obsolete retort sparse subsequent succinct taint terminate zeal

ACROSS

- 1. To stain the honor of someone or something
- 4. To stop; bring to an end
- 5. To lower the spirits of
- 6. To reply, especially in a quick, sharp, or witty way
- 7. Friendly and pleasant
- 9. Motivated only by financial gain; greedy
- 11. Distributed thinly
- 13. Close; near (to something)
- 15. A tendency to think, act, or behave in a certain way
- 18. Lacking originality; overused

- 20. Enthusiastic devotion; intense enthusiasm
- 21. A perfect example of a general quality or type
- 22. To intrude or trespass on; to go beyond proper limits
- 23. Determined by personal judgment; based on impulse

DOWN

- 2. Great praise or applause; enthusiastic approval
- Something that prevents or discourages a certain action
- 8. To find innocent or blameless

- 10. Differing from what is customary; odd
- Expressed clearly in a few words
- 13. Unselfishly concerned for the welfare of others; unselfish
- 14. To increase or intensify
- A new custom, method, or invention; something newly introduced
- No longer active or in use; out-of-date
- 17. Following in time or order; next; later; succeeding
- 19. Bitter hostility

UNIT ONE: Test 1

PART A Choose the word that best com	pletes each item a	nd write it in the sp	ace provided.	
	. In the winter, the	price of tomatoes	while their qua	llity goes down.
	a. elicits	b. appeases	c. escalates	d. absolves
2	. A common f	or corpse is "rema	ins."	
	a. syndrome	b. dilemma	c. euphemism	d. zeal
3	. The taxi driver w	as so that he c	harged his own mo	ther for a ride.
	a. mercenary	b. amiable	c. curt	d. wary
4.	. Do you consider of the nation's w		one percent of An	nericans own a third
	a. allusion	b. inclination	c. inequity	d. acclaim
	You probably the in the Grand Can	-	very by mule was _	, but it still exists
	a. adamant	b. curt	c. tangible	d. obsolete
6	. You can make yo all unnecessary v		going through them	carefully to remove
	a. succinct	b. adamant	c. tangible	d. eccentric
7.	attack on the Wo		on September 11, 2	courage during the 001. Many of them
	a. encounter	b. epitome	c. animosity	d. innovation
8.		ealing, the Los An	-	t Authority requires
	a. deterrent	b. acclaim	c. innovation	d. inference
. 9	-	ized that if she w		f the charges, she'd
	a. assailed	b. demoralized	c. tainted	d. absolved
. 10		leveland public hi		rades if you were a each A earns forty
	a animosity	h infirmity	c. inclination	d. syndrome

PART B

On the answer line, write the letter of the choice that best completes each item.

11	You would have an encounter with an old friend a. contacted him by mail.	b. missed him.
12	c. forgot about him. 2. The office manager maligned her boss by saying 2. "He's not only started but also disherest."	
	a. "He's not only stupid but also dishonest."c. "He's the nicest boss I've ever had."	b. "I wish I had a sports car like his."d. "I think he could be a little more efficient."
13	3. Which of the following would be considered ana. An electric blanketc. A combination computer and waffle iron	innovation if it were put on the market today?b. A fax machined. A hand plow
12	4. Our English teacher says spring fever is a syndra. March through June.c. an urge to stare sleepily out the window.	ome that includes b. beautiful daffodils. d. allergy pills.
1:	5. "You have tainted the name of our family forevolation."c. amused."	er," Ellen's father told her, "and you should be b. ashamed." d. thanked."
10	5. The nurse exploited her elderly patient bya. giving him a bath and changing his sheets.c. complaining to her husband about him.	b. reading aloud to him every day.d. tricking him into giving his fortune to her.
	 7. A curt response when someone asked you to da a. "No way." b. "That'd be great. Thanks." c. "I'd really like to, but I've already been aske d. "I wouldn't dance with you if we were the la 	d by someone else."
18	8. When the Lees moved to a new neighborhood, to a. They discovered that a large family of squire b. They had to choose between a terrible public c. They had friendly neighbors on one side and d. There was enough sun in their back yard for	els was living in the attic of their new home. school or a private one that was very expensive rude ones on the other.
19	9. When we put out a can of tuna for the stray cat ia. gobbled it down as though it were starving.b. sniffed it suspiciously and took a long time bc. didn't seem hungry.d. ate it and promptly fell asleep.	
20	O. When the teacher smiled at the class and said, implication was that a. most of the students had already studied that b. most of the class members were poor student c. the teacher would test the class on that chapt d. the chapter was not very interesting.	chapter.

Score (Number correct) $\times 5 = -\%$

UNIT ONE: Test 2

PART A Complete each item with a word from the box. Use each word once.

a. acclaimf. demoralizek. sabotage	b. adamant g. elicit l. sparse	c. allusion h. infringe m. zeal	d. antagonist i. retort	e. appease j. revitalize	
	I. An unhapp coffee on a)d the company's	assembly line by spi	lling
.,-	2. Do you thi	ink that supermarket	t tabloids on ce	elebrities' privacy?	
	3. Thes i cigarettes.	in the debate took of	opposing sides on	the question of outla	wing
		ericans show little _their time there.	for the outdoo	rs, spending only abo	out 2
		y, the chance to be I ricans — 89 percent		much enthusiasm to want the job.	from
	_	involves the contrac mearing on conditio		ning hair to a lifeless	state
		Marilyn Monroe rec received an Academ	_	m adoring fans and cr	itics,
	_	-		osition to pesticides, or een thousand people	
				were my husband, I'd usband, I'd drink it."	d put
	10. Although f	failures some pe	eople, it encourages	s others to try harder.	
	11. The plants in the emp		within a year or tw	vo they'll multiply and	d fill
		t the only athlete in ather, a bowling cha	-	nce said, making a(n))
		hleen stood Evan u her for the cost of l	-	apology did not	him.

___ 25. animosity

Unit One: Test 2							
PART B Write C if the italicized word is used correctly. Write I if the word is used incorrectly.							
14. Ants have the <i>infirmity</i> of be	ing able to survive	under water for up to	two weeks.				
15. When the evidence in a cas jurors' "gut feeling."	e is unclear, a jury	's decision may be	arbitrary, based on only the				
16. Movie reviews are never sub	pjective — they repr	esent the personal o	pinions of critics.				
17. If you worry about the envir Americans are concerned ab	•	_	a poll, over three-fourths of				
18. Phyllis is very <i>methodical</i> in indexed by occasion.	her efforts to be th	ne life of any party. S	She keeps a file box of jokes,				
19. A wedding ring is a tangible	expression of a cou	uple's commitment to	o each other.				
PART C On the answer line, write the letter of t	he word that is the	synonym of the bold	faced word.				
Example: <u>a</u> irate	a. angry	b. calm	c. well-informed				
20. terminate	a. begin	b. end	c. grow				
21. amoral	a. ethical	b. costly	c. unprincipled				
22. amiable	a. friendly	b. natural	c. unfriendly				
PART D On the answer line, write the letter of the word that is the antonym of the boldfaced word.							
Example: <u>b</u> irate	a. angry	b. calm	c. well-informed				
23. assail	a. flow	b. attack	c. defend				
24. subsequent	a. previous	b. hidden	c. following				

(Number correct) _ Score

b. hatred

c. sympathy

a. liveliness

UNIT ONE: Test 3

Each item below starts with a pair of words in CAPITAL LETTERS. For each item, figure out the relationship between these two words. Then decide which of the choices (a, b, c, or d) expresses a similar relationship. Write the letter of your choice on the answer line.

1	. ABSOLVE : BLAME ::	
	a. reduce : enlargec. trial : verdict	b. blame : punishd. wish : desire
2	. AMORAL : CRIMINAL ::	
	a. pastor : churchc. uneducated : professor	b. murderer : victimd. brave : explorer
3	. ANTAGONIST : TEAMMATE ::	
	a. coworker : relativec. scholar : athlete	b. opponent : supporterd. teammate : coach
4	. DILEMMA : SOLUTION ::	
	a. puzzle : piecec. breakdown : repair	b. confusion : bewilderment d. size : color
5	. SABOTAGE : TERRORIST ::	
	a. entertain : magicianc. terrorize : frighten	b. destroy : carpenterd. magic : illusion
6	. WARY : CAUTIOUS ::	
	a. jealous : enviousc. jealous : rival	b. excessive : minimald. minimize : exaggerate
7	. IRATE : FRIENDLY ::	
	a. peaceful : calmingc. sweet : sour	b. plentiful : abundantd. warrior : weapon
8	. ACCLAIM : CRITIC ::	
	a. test.: question c. loyalty : dog	b. statement : silenced. symptom : disease
9	. ADJACENT : NEARBY ::	
	a. neighboring : distantc. upbeat : optimistic	b. familiar : stranged. optimist : whiner
10	. ENGROSS : FASCINATING ::	
	a. popular : well-knownc. boring : thrilling	b. common : rare d. bore : monotonous

11.	INFIRMITY: STRENGTH::	
	a. joy : unhappinessc. sadness : depression	b. disappointment : emotiond. depression : suicide
12.	METHODICAL : ORGANIZED ::	
	a. careful : sloppyc. simple : elaborate	b. careful : orderly d. insult : anger
13.	OBSOLETE : MODEL T ::	
	a. well-known : Disney Worldc. spotlight : flashlight	b. old-fashioned : modern d. nutritious : chewing gum
14.	TANGIBLE : DREAMS ::	
	a. weather : snowyc. frequent : often	b. probable : likelyd. intentional : accident
15.	TERMINATE: EMPLOYMENT::	
	a. chimney : housec. remember : forget	b. begin : commence d. quit : school
16.	ESCALATE: INTENSIFY::	
	a. labor : workc. enlarge : preserve	b. compliment : insult d. increase : adjust
17.	SPARSE : THICK ::	
	a. acorn : oak treec. confusing : clear	b. recent : modern d. amusing : intelligent
18.	SUCCINCT: WORDY::	
	a. talkative : chattyc. alarming : frightening	b. brief : hurriedd. welcome : unwanted
19.	ALTRUISTIC : UNSELFISH ::	
	a. saint : holyc. generous : stingy	b. artist: painting d. wealthy: rich
20.	BANAL : UNORIGINAL ::	
	a. surprising : unexpectedc. copied : original	b. pleasant : distasteful d. match : fire

Score	(Number correct)	× 5	=	%

UNIT ONE: Test 4 (Word Parts)

PART A

Listed in the left-hand column below are ten common word parts, followed by words in which the parts are used. In each blank, write in the letter of the correct definition on the right.

Word Parts	Examples	Definitions
1. ann, enn	annual, bicentennial	a. In a certain manner
2. audi, audio-	audible, auditorium	b. Feeling, suffering
3. cycl, cyclo-	motorcycle, cyclone	c. Circle
4hood	adulthood, womanhood	d. To hang
5. hyper-	hypersensitive, hypermarket	e. Year
6ly	easily, proudly	f. Four, fourth
7. non-	nontoxic, nonfiction	g. State, condition
8. path, -pathy	empathic, telepathy	h. Not; the opposite of
9. pend	suspend, pendulum	i. Hearing, sound
10. quart, quadr-	quarter, quadruple	j. More than normal; overly

PART B

Using the answer line provided, complete each *italicized* word in the sentences below with the correct word part from the box. Not every word part will be used.

a. ann f. -ly	b. audi- g. non-	c. cycl- h. -pathy	d. -hood i. pend	e. hyper- j. quadr-
	11. Mickey N	Mouse had no (boy) — he was "born	ı" as an adult.
	12. I enjoy ri	ding an exercise bike b	pecause I don't have to	o (e) uphi
		didn't know why I v	was crying, but I co	ould tell that she
	_	er, (sus ed) thove a bowl of popcor	_	ts own silken thre
	15. Children' dock."	s rhymes include such	(<i>sense</i>) words	s as "Hickory, dick

1)	٨	127	ί,	ź	*

Use your knowledge of word parts to determine the meaning of the boldfaced words. On the answer line, write the letter of each meaning. ___ 16. Ned secretly slipped a note under Anna's plate. a. in a secret manner b. at a secret time · c. without being secret 17. Should I buy a quart or a gallon of chocolate milk? a. a third of a gallon b. a fourth of a gallon c. a half gallon 18. The public library's **biennial** hobby show will take place next month. c. happening every two years a. happening every two weeks b. happening every two months ___ 19. Mrs. Bush was troubled by hyperthyroidism. b. too much activity a. too little activity c. a missing thyroid gland of the thyroid gland of the thyroid gland 20. There's a problem at the television station. Only the audio portion of the show is coming through. a. sound b. picture c. top

Score (Number correct) _____ × 5 = ____%

Unit Two

Chapter i

calamity comprehensive ponder conventional flagrant fluctuate

persevere rehabilitate turmoil venture

Chapter 8

enigma attest exemplify attribute mobile discern dispatch nocturnal orient enhance

Chapter 9

concurrent confiscate constitute decipher default

hypothetical nominal predominant prerequisite recession

Chapter 10

degenerate sanctuary implausible scrutiny incoherent sinister suffice intercede vulnerable intricate

Chupter 11

blatant blight contrive garble gaunt

gloat immaculate plaglarism qualm retaliate

Chapter 12

forc, fort -ate biohum claim, clam pater, patrifin semiflex, flect -ward

UNIT TWO: Pretest

In the space provided, write the letter of the choice that is closest in meaning to the **boldfaced** word.

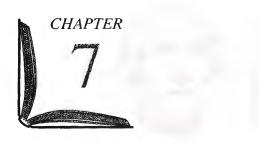
 1. fluctuate	a) stand still b) vary irregularly c) float d) sink
 2. rehabilitate	a) restore to normal life b) relax c) plan in meetings d) interpret
 3. flagrant	a) gentle b) hidden c) slight d) outrageous
 4. calamity	a) disaster b) storm c) conference d) breeze
 5. persevere	a) treat harshly b) mark c) continue d) delay
 6. comprehensive	a) accidental b) including much c) delicate d) small
 7. venture	a) turn aside b) urge c) risk d) misrepresent
 8. ponder	a) think deeply about b) allow c) reduce d) flatten
 9. turmoil	a) workplace b) quiet setting c) fire d) uproar
 10. conventional	a) large b) at a conference c) outstanding d) ordinary
 11. enhance	a) reject b) get c) improve d) free
 12. mobile	a) firm in opinion b) able to move c) stationary d) restricted
 13. orient	a) determine the location of b) lose c) represent d) consist of
 14. attribute	a) admiration b) program c) disease d) quality
 15. enigma	a) rash b) puzzle c) tool d) cleanser
 16. discern	a) see clearly b) devise c) rule out d) consider
 17. dispatch	a) recall b) remove c) send d) plant
 18. exemplify	a) construct b) represent c) plan d) test
 19. nocturnal	a) supposed b) not logical c) complex d) active at night
 20. attest	a) bear witness b) examine c) tear up d) dislike
 21. concurrent	a) apart b) happening together c) north d) off-and-on
 22. hypothetical	a) moral b) factual c) avoidable d) supposed
 23. constitute	a) make up b) eliminate c) separate d) remove
 24. recession	a) parade b) amusement c) giving in d) business decline
25. predominant	a) smallest b) most noticeable c) having a tendency d) hidden

(Continues on next page)

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Unit Two: Pretest

	26. decipher	a) interpret b) study c) improve d) pay back
	27. default	a) jump b) do automatically c) fail to do something required d) seize
	28. nominal	a) open to harm b) large c) important d) slight
	29. prerequisite	a) requirement beforehand b) test c) close inspection d) extra credit
	30. confiscate	a) deny b) make difficult c) desire d) seize with authority
	31. sanctuary	a) opinion b) hardship c) place of safety d) something complicated
	32. suffice	a) think up b) be enough c) prevent d) pay back
	33. degenerate	a) give up b) improve c) stay the same d) worsen
·	34. vulnerable	a) kind b) intelligent c) wicked d) sensitive
	35. implausible	a) possible b) hard to believe c) imaginary d) historical
	36. intercede	a) ask for a favor b) remove c) isolate d) come between to help solve
	37. scrutiny	a) knowledge b) lack of interest c) close inspection d) ignorance
	38. sinister	a) frightened b) lively c) generous d) evil
_	39. incoherent	a) not logical b) well-spoken c) quiet d) unable to read
	40. intricate	a) easy b) complex c) workable d) touching
	41. qualm	a) pleasure b) dead end c) feeling of doubt d) place of safety
	42. blight	 a) something that damages b) natural environment c) example d) storm
	43. garble	a) refuse b) mix up c) claim d) speak clearly
	44. contrive	a) allow b) inspect c) think up d) prepare
	45. gaunt	a) tired b) complex c) well d) bony
	46. immaculate	a) roomy b) clean c) empty d) complete
	47. retaliate	a) repair b) repeat c) renew d) pay back
	48. gloat	a) express spiteful pleasure b) give up c) eat d) deny
	49. plagiarism	a) support b) contribution c) stealing someone's writings d) removal
	50. blatant	a) sudden b) immediate c) quiet d) obvious



calamity comprehensive conventional flagrant fluctuate

persevere ponder rehabilitate turmoil venture

Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

	to help you figure out each	h word's meaning.	word. Ose the		
1 calamity /kəˈlæmətɪ/	• The survivors of the calamity.	earthquake slowly rebuilt th	neir homes and lives after the		
-noun		burned down one night in Mon our street have been afraid	May. Ever since that calamity, d to go to bed at night.		
Calamity means	a. an activity.	b. a tragedy.	c. a risk.		
2 comprehensive /,komprihensiv/	• That article on sightseeing in New Orleans was not comprehensive . It failed to mention many points of interest in that wonderful city.				
-adjective		• The company's comprehensive insurance plan covers most health services, including hospitals, doctors, and dentists.			
Comprehensive means	s a. complete.	b. familiar.	c. continuous.		
3 conventional /kən¹ven∫ənəl/ -adjective	 Jorge wanted to propo 	entine's Day gifts are roses ose to Elena in the convention down on his knees and aske	onal manner, so in the middle		
Conventional means	a. out-of-the-way.	b. useful.	c. usual.		
4 flagrant /ˈfleɪgrənt/	• The use of campaign		nan's private business was a		
-adjective	 In flagrant disregard to their dinner party. 	of his parents' stated wishe	s, Art wore a T-shirt and jeans		
Flagrant means	a. obvious.	b. acceptable.	c. minor.		
5 fluctuate /ˈflʌktjueɪt/	 My weight used to flue 170 pounds. 	actuate between 150 and 19	90 pounds. Now it's steady, at		
-verb	 Desert temperatures daytime and nighttime 		ch as fifty degrees between		
Fluctuate means	a. to continue.	b. to vary.	c. to follow.		
6 persevere /ps:sɪ'vɪə(r)/	 "I know you're tired, camp before the storm 		t to persevere and get to the		
-verb	 It was not easy to attend English classes while working at two jobs, but Nina persevered until she could speak English well. 				
Persevere means	a. to surrender.	b. to hold back.	c. to keep going.		

7 ponder /'pondə(r)/	 Too often we don actions. 	't take time to ponder the p	ossible consequences of our
-verb	-	r. Madigan rarely took time to ack, however, he's thought a lo	
Ponder means	a. to wait for.	b. to ignore.	c. to think about.
8 rehabilitate /ri:həˈbɪlɪteɪt/	-	e little effort to rehabilitate in come lives after their release.	nmates so that they can lead
-verb	 My grandfather le rehabilitates strok 	earned to walk, write, and spee victims.	eak again in a program that
Rehabilitate mear	a. to pay back.	b. to prepare for normal life	. c. to depend upon.
9 turmoìl /ˈtɜːmɔɪl/		, the sixth-grade class was in nd the students quickly came to	
-noun		of crying babies, active child hen our family reunions end.	Iren, and trying to feed 120
Turmoil means	a. discussion.	b. disorder.	c. harmony.
10 venture /'ventʃə(r)/		g on any ride in this amusemon g getting sick to my stomach, bu	
-verb	 At tomorrow's staf my fingers that I do 	f meeting, I will venture to say on't get fired.	what I really think and cross
Venture means	a. to dare.	b. to remember.	c. to imagine.

Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

l	Shockingly obvious; outrageous
2	To take the risk of; dare
3.	Including all or much
4	To restore to a normal life through therapy or education
5	To continue with an effort or plan despite difficulties
6	Complete confusion; uproar
7	An event bringing great loss and misery
8	To vary irregularly; to go up and down or back and forth
9	To consider carefully; think deeply about
10	Customary; ordinary

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

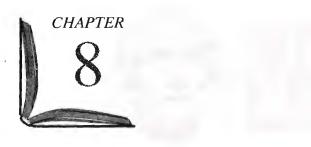
> Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line provided, complete each item below with the correct word from the box. Use each word once.

	o. comprehensive g. ponder	c. conventional h. rehabilitate	d. flagrant i. turmoil	e. fluctuate j. venture
	1. Iris is so vai her face.	n that she considers it	a if a pimple	e appears anywhere
		cople have a child with ught to having a baby		
		ene lost her job becaus olation of her rights.	se she spoke up fo	or a fellow employee,
	4. Our history of September.	exam will be; it w	vill cover everythi	ng we've studied sin
		Doug's family has a agician, and his uncle		ther is a drummer, h
		e computer program vald be in her work, she		
	•	months of therapy to get around her home a		
		moved, the apartment and the baby wouldn'		soxes and people we
		dog's appetite(ything, and the next s		•
	10. Instead of hi court.	ring a lawyer, the defe	endant will to	plead her own case
ntence Check	2 2			
ng the answer lines p	provided, complete e	ach item below with t	wo words from the	ne box. Use each wor
		time my cousin(e didn't open, and she ed.		
	3–4. A drug-tr	eatment center can ho don't with the	most addicts. A	Among the failures a

5-6.		arshall is very, obeying e with him, he shows off with	
7–8.	social worker to her sta	might do to help families in aff. "We must plan a propertion only one part of their lives.	program, not just a
9–10.		rders so wildly at times a result, productivity is at a previtalize° this office.	
Final Check: Accident:	and Recovery		
Here is a final opportunity for you selection carefully. Then fill in e (Context clues will help you figure	ach blank with a word f	from the box at the top of	the previous page.
We tried to stop Anna fro	om jumping, but her (1)_	d	lisregard of our
warnings led to a (2)			
rock into a river none of us v			
back.			
I visited Anna at the l	nospital every day for	the next few weeks. I s	saw her mood
(3)	between anger and q	uiet depression. Her whole	life seemed in
. (4)	_; she was too confused a	and demoralized° to think re	easonably about
her future.			
Within about a month, ho	wever, I began to see a c	change in Anna. She had mo	oved to Henner
House to participate in a very	(5)	program, designed	to meet all the
needs of patients like Anna. T	he program (6)	s accident	victims so that
they can return to fulfilling l	ives. Anna gained hope	once she saw she could le	arn to do such
everyday tasks as cooking, cl	eaning, and bathing. Afte	er learning how to get aroun	nd indoors, she
(7),	_(e)d traveling around th	e city in her wheelchair. The	e more she did,
the better she felt. The sta	aff also helped Anna p	olan for her future. They	urged her to
(8)	her goals and how she	might meet them. At times,	it was difficult
for her to (9)	with the progra	am, but she didn't quit.	
Now, ten months later, A	nna is able to live a som	ewhat (10)	life.
Her infirmity° is not a deterre	nt°; she is able to do mar	ny of the ordinary things she	e used to do —
work, drive, and live in an apa	artment with a friend. Yes	s, her life has changed forev	er. But Anna is
once again glad to be alive.			
i i			
	entence Check 2%		

Enter your scores above and in the vocabulary performance chart on the inside back cover of the book.



attest attribute discern dispatch enhance enigma exemplify mobile nocturnal orient

Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

context of the sentence	es to help you figure out each v	vord's meaning.			
1 attest /əˈtest/	 Anyone who has seen the Golden Gate Bridge in the rose-gold light of sunse can attest to its beauty. 				
-verb	Witnesses attest to the fact that rainfall makes the ground of Death Valley so slippery that boulders slide across it.				
Attest to means	a. to declare to be true.	b. to wish for.	c. to forget easily.		
2 attribute /ɔ'trɪbju:t/		novel written in 1939 t common letter in Englis	has the odd attribute of sh.		
-noun	 In Japan, some cars have that automatically turn o 		ributes as windshield wipers		
Attribute means	a. a tendency.	b. a defect.	c. a characteristic.		
3 discern /dɪˈsɜːn/	 An experienced jeweler fake. 	 An experienced jeweler can easily discern whether a diamond is genui fake. 			
-verb	 People who are red-gree recognizing shades of gr 	 People who are red-green colorblind can discern the colors of traffic lights to recognizing shades of gray. 			
Discern means	a. to see clearly.	b. to disregard.	c. to change.		
4 dispatch /dis'pætʃ/	 I wanted to dispatch the office instead of droppin 		ssible, so I took it to the post		
-verb	 At work Harold is treated like an errand boy. His boss often dispatches him to the deli for sandwiches or donuts. 				
Dispatch means	a. to represent.	b. to send.	c. to drive.		
5 enhance	* Our gym teacher enhand	ced her appearance with a	a more attractive hairstyle.		
/ɪnˈhɑ:ns/ -verb	-	stated that the writing by improving their gramm	course would "enhance all mar and style.		
Enhance means	a. to improve.	b. to recognize.	c. to reduce.		
6 enigma /ɪˈnɪgmə/		How the thief entered our house was an enigma until we remembered that the cellar door had been left unlocked.			
noun	 The "singing sands" of Scotland remained an enigma until scientists learned that footsteps caused the round grains of sand and the surrounding air pockets to make musical vibrations. 				
F .	a	h = ======lo			

b. a puzzle.

c. an error.

Enigma means

a. a comfort.

/ exemplify /ɪgˈzemplɪfaɪ/	• The many IRS empli governmental incom	-	accurate information exemplify		
-verb	 Mr. Pell, who emperements the best 		and freedom of expression,		
Exemplify means	a. to illustrate.	b. to save.	c. to oppose.		
8 mobile /ˈməʊbaɪl/	 My parents own a m long truck. 	obile home, which can be	moved from place to place on a		
-adjective	 Every morning whe library into my room 		a volunteer wheeled a mobile		
<i>Mobile</i> means	a. active.	b. expensive.	c. movable.		
9 nocturnal /nok'ts:nəl/		rother has enjoyed one of s in the sink in the morning.	his nocturnal feasts because I		
-adjective	 Being nocturnal, ov 	vls are rarely seen during th	e day.		
Nocturnal means	a. noisy.	b. busy.	c. of the night.		
10 orient /ˈɔːrɪənt/	 When coming up from the subway, I often need to look at a street signorient myself. 				
-verb		ers orient themselves in unat shows the car's location.	familiar places with the help of		
Orient means	a. to locate.	b. to welcome.	c. to question.		
Following are definiti		early write or print each w p you decide on the meaning	ord next to its definition. The g of each word.		
1	A mystery	or puzzle			
2	To send to a	a specific place or on specif	ic business		
3	Of, about, o	or happening in the night; ac	ctive at night		
4	To make a statement about something on the basis of personal experience; bear witness; testify				
5		ne one's location or directio ast, west, etc.)	n; to locate in relation to a		

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

Moving or able to move from place to place

To be an example of; represent; be typical of

A quality or feature of a person or thing

To recognize; detect

To improve

> Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line provided, complete each item below with the correct word from the box. Use each word once.

	. attribute . exemplify	c. discern h. mobile	d. dispatch i. nocturñal	e. enhance j. orlent
	_ 1. Fresh garl sauce.	ic may not th	e breath, but it certain	inly improves spa
	2. A witness the murder		h of the defendant's c	laim that she had
			other used to me ient as often as twice a	
		of such reformers ther King grea	as Susan B. Anthony,	Mahatma Gandh
		es not have enoug ner intelligent life i	h evidence to solve th n the universe.	e of whether
		cts decided on a(n) hrough the forest.	escape. The darki	ness would hide th
	-	piece is so natural ends and her own h	looking that it's impo air begins.	ssible to whe
	8. The position	ons of the stars hel	sailors themselve	es on the open seas
	-		, but with her wheelch ne, move along a sidev	
	_		ed, has some amazing able, but the more it is	•
ntence Check	2			
ng the answer lines pree.	ovided, complete	each item below	with two words from	the box. Use each
	senses		ald not hear or see, the le. It is said that she consense of smell.	
	3–4. A 1	robot that collects a	and delivers mail through	ghout the office bu

___s itself with electric eyes.

Onapter o				Chapter b	31
5-6. In fables, animals often illustrate humans. In the story of the r between the tortoise and the hare, the tortoise is meant to the hum qualities of being slow but steady. Despite competing against a me speedier antagonisto, he perseveredo and beat the overly confident has	be	hare, the steady. I	the tortoise is y. Despite co	meant to	the human st a much
7-8. The reason the boss likes to Oliver on lengthy errands is no Everyone knows that the office functions better with Oliver out of way.	E				
9-10. Anyone who has ever gone to college can to the fact that dur finals, many students become animals. They stay up all night bef an exam and then, once the test is over, sleep the rest of the day.	fiı	e ani	animals. The	y stay up all ni	ght before

➤ Final Check: Animal Senses

Here is a final opportunity for you to strengthen your knowledge of the ten words. First read the following selection carefully. Then fill in each blank with a word from the box at the top of the previous page. (Context clues will help you figure out which word goes in which blank.) Use each word once.

Animals possess sensor	ry powers that huma	ans lack. Homing pigeons fly with great speed and
		with messages to faraway places. How do pigeons
(2)	themselves in u	infamiliar regions? This remains something of a(n)
(3)	The mystery, h	owever, is partly explained by a pigeon's ability to
see ultraviolet light, which	reveals the sun's pos	ition even through clouds. In addition, pigeons can
hear sound waves that have	traveled hundreds o	of miles. These waves (4)
a pigeon's sense of directi	on by indicating dis	stant mountains and seas. Pigeons even appear to
(5)	changes in the ϵ	earth's magnetic field.
Bats have impressive	(6)	s equally worthy of acclaim°. As
(7)	animals, they sea	arch for food in complete darkness. They do so by
screeching in tones higher	than any human c	an hear and then locating prey by the returning
echoes.		
Scorpions also (8)		the night hunter. Tiny leg hairs enable them to
feel vibrations in the sand n	nade by a (9)	insect as far as two feet away.
People with knowledge	of the pigeon, bat, a	and scorpion can (10)
to the fact that such "inno	vations"° as the mag	gnetic compass, radar, and the motion detector are
nothing new.		

Final Check_

Sentence Check 2 ___

Scores



concurrent confiscate constitute decipher default hypothetical nominal predominant prerequisite recession

Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

- 1 concurrent • Having mistakenly registered for two concurrent classes, Joe had to drop one /kən'k^rənt/ of them and choose a course that met at a different time. -adjective • Concurrent with the closing of the steel mill was the opening of a new toy factory in town. As a result, most of the workers laid off from the mill found jobs at the new factory. c. noticeable. a. occurring at the same time. b. resulting. Concurrent means 2 confiscate · "Hand 'em over," my father said. Just as we were really starting to have fun, /konfiskeit/ he **confiscated** our entire supply of water balloons. -verb • Thai drug agents once confiscated \$2 million worth of heroin that had been wrapped in plastic and inserted into live goldfish. The agents seized the drugs as they were being sent out of the country. Confiscate means a. to distribute widely. b. to take possession of. c. to overlook. 3 constitute • In my opinion, a good movie, a pizza, and animated conversation constitute a /konstitiu:t/ perfect night out. -verh • Twelve business and professional people constitute the board of directors of the local women's shelter. Among other things, they help raise funds for the shelter. Constitute means a. to repeat. b. to oppose. c. to form. 4 decipher Why do contracts have to use language that's so difficult to decipher? /di'saifə(r)/ • On one of Holly's essays, her English teacher wrote, "Please type your papers. -verb I can't decipher your handwriting." a. to figure out. Decipher means b. to find. c. to improve. 5 default · We won our case against the appliance repairman because he defaulted by /dilfo:t/ failing to appear in court. -verb • Jay's mother said, "I'll co-sign on your car loan, but you have to make every payment. If you default, it will hurt my credit rating." b. not to do something required. Default means a. to act as expected. c. to begin.
 - Hypothetical means

6 hypothetical

-adjective

/,haipəu'\tetik\zetik\zetik

a. sure to happen.

books and CDs would you take along?

students can practice their skills.

b. dangerous.

· Imagine the hypothetical situation of going to live alone on an island. Which

· Law schools hold pretend court sessions with hypothetical cases so that

c. imaginary.

7	nominal /ˈnɒmɪnəl/	 Except for a nominal free. 	registration fee, the camp	for needy children is entirely		
	-adjective		•	a credit for participating in grade to be based mainly on		
_	Nominal means	a. enormous.	b. very little.	c. helpful.		
8	predominant /pri'dominant/ -adjective	 Rock is the predominant music in our dorm, but country music is also popula Although the predominant type of car in New York City in 1900 use gasoline, a third of the cars ran on electricity. 				
_	Predominant means	a. rare.	b. main.	c. temporary.		
9	prerequisite /ˌpri:ˈrekwɪzɪt/	 You can't take Span Spanish III. 	ish Literature I unless yo	u've taken the prerequisite,		
	-noun	• Being allergic to cigarette smoke, Kathy told Joel that his quitting was a prerequisite for their marrying.				
	Prerequisite means	a. a requirement.	b. a penalty.	c. a method.		
10	recession /rɪˈseʃən/	 While seashore businesses in the North suffer a recession in the winter, the do very well from spring to fall. 				
	-noun	• The department store laid off twenty workers during the recession , but it rehired them when business improved.				
	Recession means	a. a rapid growth.	b. a sale.	c. an economic setback.		
	ע אוע י ג					

Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

1	To make up; be the parts of
2	To fail to do something required
3	Most common or most noticeable
4	Something required beforehand
5	To seize with authority; legally take possession of
6	To interpret or read (something confusing or hard to make out)
7	Slight; very small compared with what might be expected
8	Happening or existing at the same time; simultaneous
9	A temporary decline in business
10	Supposed for the sake of argument or examination; imaginary; theoretical

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

> Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line provided, complete each item below with the correct word from the box. Use each word once.

a. concurrent	b. confiscate	c. constitute	d. decipher i. prerequisite	e. default
f. hypothetical	g. nominal	h. predominant	i. prerequisite	j. recession
	_	the emotion am l be raised again.	ong voters when th	ey first heard that
		he two robberies we e man had planned th		curred at midnigh
		ed senators and 435 ited States Congress.	members of the Ho	ouse of Representa
	4. A for driving law	taking the driver's s.	road test is passing	g a written test or
	5. The town 1 for late vide	ibrary charges only a eotapes.	fine for late	oooks but a higher
		such terrible handwri should meet him at th		ouldn't his mes
		shoe factory closed, or kers had no money t		
	•	company refused to had(e)d on seven	•	•
		in was convicted of court(e)d his dr		-driving charge ir
		oung children safety. such as if a stranger a		
ntence Check	2			
ig the answer lines p	provided, complete	each item below wit	1 two words from t	he box. Use each v
		nmer, local children c 3. It's impossible to		
	2 4 414	h		
		h cancer and heart d States, car accidents a		

		ounting is a for understanding our uld anyone the tax codes?"
	7-8. The small print on the Bryant on payments, the bank had the	s' mortgage stated that if they should _ right to their house.
	regional manager asked her a q	iewed for the job of store manager, uestion about a situation. "Imagine to d. "What would you do to enhance sales
Final Check: Money	Problems	
selection carefully. Then fill		of the ten words. First read the following the box at the top of the previous particles.) Use each word once.
"My car has been sto them take it!"	elen!" My neighbor, Martha, ran int	to my house crying and angry. "I saw
I called the police for		license number and car model. "The added, "but it has a black roof. I had
	nt° to the beauty shop I own. I saw	•
	it?" the officer asked. "Have you ((2)(e)d on your
car loan?"		
"What do you mean?		
-	* * *	bank or dealer has the right to
(3)	the car."	
Martha admitted that	she hadn't made any payments for	three months. Later she told me she'd
gotten notices in the ma	il but threw them away because th	eir language was too complicated to
(4)	. She also said she was having mon	ey problems. (5)
with the car loan was a b	g home improvement loan. She also	o had five credit-card bills and regular
living expenses to pay.	to top it all off, the city was suffering	ng from a (6),
so her income was dow	n, something her laid-off employee	es could certainly attest° to. She was
about \$12,000 in debt.		
At my suggestion, M	artha visited a debt counselor who	helped her develop a comprehensive°
plan to pay her bills. The	only (7)	_s for this free service were a regular
		elor and Martha planned what would
		Martha's income and expenses. They
		(9) amount
-		cussed what she would do in several
	- I - I - I - I - I - I - I - I - I - I	igerator died or her income changed.
		re ways than one, since she never got
the car back.		
- North-Art II A STATE OF THE ACT		†
Score	Sentence Check 2% Fir	nal Check%



degenerate implausible incoherent intercede intricate sanctuary scrutiny sinister suffice vulnerable

Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

context of the sentences	to help you figure out each	i word's meaning.		
1 degenerate /dr'dʒenərət/ -verb	condition began to deg • Mel's relationship wi	ly was called to the nursing hogenerate. It was feared he didn' ith his parents degenerated wishes and became a bartender.	t have long to live.	
Degenerate means	a. to improve.	b. to remain the same.	c. to worsen.	
2 implausible /m'plo:zəbl/ -adjective Implausible means	 Insurance companies 	nay sound, Southern Florida son hear such implausible excuses when I was blinded by the lighten b. acceptable.	for auto accidents as "I	
3 incoherent /Inkəuˈhɪərənt/ -adjective	having trouble express	more, he'll become completely sing his thoughts clearly. in her sleep, but she's so inco she's saying.		
Incoherent means	a. calm.	b. unclear.	c. inconvenient.	
4 intercede /,ıntə'si:d/ -verb	coach interceded, hop	aid Harry couldn't play in Fri ping to change the principal's mi to come to her wedding until he me after all.	nd.	
Intercede means	a. to give in to someo	ne. b. to plead for someone.	c. to examine closely.	
5 intricate /ˈɪntrɪkət/ -adjective	 War and Peace is a long, intricate novel that weaves together the detailed life stories of many individuals. It's amazing to see the intricate gold and silver jewelry that ancient Indians made with only simple tools. It obviously required great patience and skill to create such complex ornaments. 			
Intricate means	a. simple.	b. uninteresting.	c. complicated.	
6 sanctuary /ˈsæŋktjʊən/ -noun	some of New York Cit • When the houseful of	children becomes too noisy, Ne lace where he can read in quiet.		
Sanctuary means	a. a reminder.	b. a shelter.	c. a challenge.	

7	scrutiny /ˈskruːtɪnɪ/	 Store security guar the bags may be us 	ds give careful scrutiny to peoed for shoplifting.	ople carrying large bags, since	
	-noun		ished, a book comes under the grammar and spelling errors.		
	Scrutiny means	a. attention.	b. protection.	c. permission.	
	sinister /'sınıstə(r)/ -adjective	• In the movie, a mad scientist thought up the sinister scheme of releasing a deadly virus. His evil plot failed when he died from the virus himself.			
		 The creepy novel The Boys from Brazil tells of a sinister plot to clone dozens of copies of Adolf Hitler who would then take over the world. 			
	Sinister means	a. illogical.	b. evil.	c. inconsiderate.	
9	suffice /səˈfaɪs/ -verb	 The amount of research you've done may suffice for a high-school term paper but not for a college one. 			
		 I forgot to buy something for lunch tomorrow, but the leftover meatloaf will suffice. 			
	Suffice means	a. to be wasted.	b. to be adequate.	c. to be examined.	
10	vulnerable	Homes in heavily wooded areas are especially vulnerable to termites.			
	/ˈvʌln <i>ə</i> rəbl/ -adjective	• Because they tend	Because they tend to have brittle bones, the elderly are vulnera	ly are vulnerable to fractures	
_	Vulnerable means	a. open.	b. safe.	c. attracted.	
lat	ching Words ı	vith Definitions	3		
Ė	llowing are definitio	ns of the ten words. C	learly write or print each wo		
1	•	Having m	any parts arranged in a compli	icated way; complex	

1	Having many parts arranged in a complicated way; complex
2.	To be good enough
3	To worsen; deteriorate
4	A place of safety, protection, or relief
5	To make a request or plead on behalf of someone else
6	Open to damage or attack; susceptible
7	Difficult to believe; unlikely
8.	Evil; wicked
9	Close inspection; careful examination
10	Unable to speak in an orderly, logical way

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

> Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line provided, complete each item below with the correct word from the box. Use each word once.

a. degenerate	b. implausible	•	d. intercede			
f. sanctuary	g. scrutiny	h. sinister	i. suffice	j. vulnerable		
		 Ken's cartoons for the school newspaper, but they wouldn't be go enough for the city papers. The Joker's name is misleading, for he's a(n) man who takes pleas in doing evil. 				
	3. People who of small to	o live in big cities are wns.	e more to mug	ggings than are resid		
	4. The leaves	s outside the windorall.	w created a(n) _	lacy shadow on		
	5. Although in a rainstorm	t seems, the seem	ingly dead desert	really does blossom		
	_	o allow an escaped co arges themselves.	onvict to use their	home as a may		
	-	r was so upset that he rstood he had been fir		i't until he calmed d		
		bags at airports recor explosives.	eive the of se	curity officers watc		
		n't have company, m thes, and school supp		to into a jumb		
		informed my little sin ten o'clock, Mom				
ntence Checl	k 2					
ng the answer lines	provided, complete	each item below with	n two words from	the box. Use each v		
	is sparse	tel to attack when e°. To attract them to g trees and large bushe	your bird feeder, p	-		
	•	into the party, Mitch aving lost our invitati				

not ___ to get us in.

_	5-6. When a complicated musical piece is played by a talented orchestra, audiences can appreciate the structure. But when poor musicians try the piece, its into nothing more than noise.
_	7-8. As he left the bank, the robber shot and wounded an elderly man on mere impulse. Shocked by the act, the bank clerk was at first However, after calming down, she was able to clearly tell the police about the robbery and the totally arbitrary° shooting.
	9-10. The children's eager of the carefully arranged candies and cookies brought a curt° warning from their mother: "Look, but don't touch!" However, their grandmother(e)d and convinced her that it would be an inequity° to give all the goodies to company and none to the children.
Fi	inal Check: The New French Employee
se!	ere is a final opportunity for you to strengthen your knowledge of the ten words. First read the following ection carefully. Then fill in each blank with a word from the box at the top of the previous page. ontext clues will help you figure out which word goes in which blank.) Use each word once.
	One summer, Nan worked in a factory with an employee who had recently arrived from
	France, a soft-spoken young man named Jean-Louis. He spoke little English, but Nan's basic
	French (1)(e)d for simple conversations and helpful translations.
	However, one day when she was called to the foreman's office, she wished she knew no
	French at all. FBI agents were there with Jean-Louis. After explaining that Jean-Louis may have
	been more (2) than the innocent young man he appeared to be, the
	foreman left her there to translate for the agents. The agents said Jean-Louis had been on the run
	after committing several jewel thefts in France. Nan struggled to translate their questions, which
	were often too (3) for her limited vocabulary. At times, she became so
	nervous that she was nearly (4) When Jean-Louis finally deciphered°
	what Nan was saying, he said the police were maligning him. He claimed he was being mistaken
	for his no-good twin brother, who was responsible for the robberies. The angry FBI agents found The convergation agent (6)
	Jean-Louis's story (5) The conversation soon (6)(e)d
	into a shouting match, with everyone yelling at poor Nan. When her boss heard the racket, he
	(7)(e)d, appeased° the agents, and got them to excuse her.
	Nan then went to the ladies' room, a (8) from the turmoil° of all
	the shouting. After the agents left with Jean-Louis, she was calm enough to go back to work.
	But she felt (9) for days as she wondered if she was under the
	(10) of jewel thieves who might blame her for Jean-Louis's arrest.
	Scores Sentence Check 2% Final Check%



blatant blight contrive garble gaunt gloat immaculate plagiarism qualm retaliate

Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

	1 7 6	· ·			
1 blatant /ˈbleɪtənt/		tant. Not only does he ligh and his fingers are stained wi			
-adjective	 The company's disrega stop polluting coastal w 	rd of the environment is blat raters with garbage.	ant. It makes no effort to		
Blatant means	a. unmistakable.	b. scrambled.	c. not noticeable.		
2 blight	 Nothing has hurt our co 	ountry more than the blight of	drugs.		
/blaɪt/ -noun	 There are two ways of valuable source of information 	looking at TV: as a blight the mation.	hat dulls the mind or as a		
Blight means	a. something that assist	s. b. something very obvious.	c. something that harms.		
3 contrive /kən'traiv/		• My eight-year-old son could write a book titled 101 Ways I Have Contrived to Stay Up Past My Bedtime.			
-verb	 Jill has to contrive a w She's already used up h 	ay to get a day off from work er vacation time.	for her friend's wedding.		
Contrive means	a. to think up.	b. to mix up.	c. to avoid.		
4 garble /ˈgɑːbl/	 The typesetter acciden only a mixed-up article. 	tally garbled the newspaper	story, giving the reader		
-verb		bled the bike's assembly instead about which step to do next			
Garble means	a. to read.	b. to lose.	c. to jumble.		
5 gaunt	Abraham Lincoln's bea	rd made his gaunt face look f	uller.		
/gɔ:nt/ -adjective	 Sharon's eating disordershe looks like a walking 	er, called anorexia nervosa, ha g skeleton.	as made her so gaunt that		
Gaunt means	a. very thin.	b. wide.	c. confused.		
6 gloat /gləut/	 The coach told his team, "There's only one thing worse than a sore loser, at that's a mean winner. Don't gloat." 				
-verb	 Neil's sister always tatt "I told you so." 	les on him and then gloats wl	nen he's punished, saying		
Gloat means	a. to apologize fully.	b. to be overly self-satisfi-	ed. c. to pay back.		

7	immaculate /ɪˈmækjʊlət/	 It's amazing that while often seems very dirty. 	e Carolyn always appears i	immaculate, her apartment		
	-adjective	•	co come home from a birthoually manage to get as muths.	· · ·		
_	Immaculate means	a. uncomfortable.	b. spotless.	c. soiled.		
8	plagiarism /ˈpleɪdʒ <i>ɪ</i> ərɪz <i>ə</i> m/	• When the author saw a movie with the same plot as one of her novels, she sued for plagiarism.				
	-noun	• The teacher warned he own is plagiarism .	er students that using an au	thor's exact words as one's		
_	Plagiarism means	a. creativity.	b. the stealing of ideas.	c. planning.		
9	qualm /kwa:lm/	• Larry is so honest that he has qualms about telling "little white lies." For instance, it bothers him to say he likes a friend's new haircut when he really doesn't.				
	-noun		e as an April Fool's joke, I bolen and called the police?	egan to have qualms . What		
	Qualm means	a. a guilty feeling.	b. a proud memory.	c. a clever plan.		
10	retaliate /rɪˈtælɪeɪt/	• When I broke my siste Walkman earphones.	r's stereo, she retaliated by	cutting the cord of my Sony		
	-verb	• When Ron refused to p washing it again — wi	oay his little sister for washing the its windows open.	ng his car, she retaliated by		
	Retaliate means	a. to forgive.	b. to take revenge.	c. to confuse.		
	ching Words wi	•	ly write or print each word	next to its definition. The		
	_		you decide on the meaning of			
1	l	An uneasy fee	eling about how right or prop	er a particular action is		
	2		confuse (as a story or messag	ge); scramble		
3	3	To feel or exp	ress delight or self-satisfaction	on, often spitefully		
4	4	Something the	at weakens, damages, or dest	roys		
4	5	Using someon	ne else's writings or ideas as	one's own		

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

To plan cleverly; think up

Perfectly clean

Thin and bony

To return an injury for an injury; pay back

Very obvious, often offensively so

> Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line provided, complete each item below with the correct word from the box. Use each word once.

a. blatant	b. blig		c. contrive	d. garble	e. gaunt
f. gloat	g. imr	naculate	h. plagiarism	i. qualm	j. retaliate
		A(n) h	ouse may be a sign t	hat someone has n	othing better to do that
	2.	Child abuse	e is an awful on tl	he physical and me	ntal health of our yout
		•	efuses to drive Mr. Ins, which is often.	Elson to bingo bec	cause hes so muc
			d D's on my brother's ied this term.	s report card are	_ evidence of how litt
			hopes to a way ted him four times.	to get Rita to go ou	it with him, even thoug
		go to the n			e brother, inviting me ssage I got was: "Jame
			the Hatfields harmed on for years.	d the McCoys, the	McCoys would,
			ter being lost at sea t on weight rapidly.	for nine days, the	men were terribly
			s say it is foolish to a when I walk b		e to panhandlers, but
			-		us because no one can late — we can only copy
Sentence Checl	r 2			·	
Using the answer lines once.	provided	l, complete	each item below with	h two words from t	the box. Use each wor
	1-		ng room looked e t my son had taken a s		nder the carpet, a(n) _ up.
	3-		e bully struck him, Ju		by throwing a rock, b

5	5–6.	The little girl was so after her illness that her parents carefully(e)d fattening meals that were sure to arouse her appetite.
7		"At least I know you aren't guilty of," said my teacher. "Nobody else would have(e)d the report so badly that it's impossible to follow."
9-		Willie is a on our school. Not only does he start fights with opposing players on the basketball court, but he alsos after he's benched, as if he's proud of causing such turmoil. In fact, although he's a great player, the coach is pondering kicking him off the team.

➤ Final Check: A Cruel Teacher

Here is a final opportunity for you to strengthen your knowledge of the ten words. First read the following selection carefully. Then fill in each blank with a word from the box at the top of the previous page. (Context clues will help you figure out which word goes in which blank.) Use each word once.

It has been twenty years since I was in Mr. Brill's tenth-grade biology class, but I still get
nervous thinking about it. Mr. Brill was a tall, (1) man who resembled the
skeleton at the back of the room. His meanness was (2) For his most
difficult questions, he would call on the shyest kids, those most vulnerable° to the pain of
embarrassment. And when they nervously (3)(e)d their answers,
he would (4), as if their poor performance were a personal victory for
him. The discomfort of some of his victims was almost tangible°, nearly as solid as the wooden
pointer which he sometimes loudly slammed across his desk just to shock us. He seemed to
(5) situations just to make us miserable. For example, if our fingernails
were not (6), we were sent out of class. As if we needed clean hands to
dissect a frog! One time I worked extremely hard on a paper for class, but he accused me of
(7) He said I must have copied it because I was too dumb to write
anything that good. Without a (8), he gave me an F, which ruined my
average and demoralized° me for the rest of the year. All of us students would imagine ways to get
even with him, but we were too afraid to (9) Why a teacher like that
was allowed to continue teaching was an enigma° to us, one I still have not figured out. In all the
years since, I've never met a person who was such a (10) on the teaching
profession.



-ate bioclaim, clam fin flex, flect forc, fort hum pater, patrisemi--ward

Ten Word Parts in Context

Figure out the meanings of the following ten word parts by looking *closely* and *carefully* at the context in which they appear. Then, in the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each word part.

part.		•	
1 -ate	• Teachers often find it	difficult to motivate studen	its to learn eagerly.
/ət/		s fascinated viewers with inglish children's hospital the r week.	
The word part -ate means	a. cause to become.	b. call.	c. end.
2 bio- /baເອບ/	• Helen Keller wrote a My Life.	touching autobiography	titled The Story of
	• Biology is the science	of living things, both plant	and animal.
The word part bio- means	a. bend.	b. life.	c. partly.
3 claim, clam /kleim/		eater critics acclaimed The	
The word part claim or clam		oint emphasizes passion th as "Aha!" and "That hurt	
means	a. cry out.	b. father.	c. partly.
4 fin /fam/ /fim/	• The final word in ma	ny prayers is amen, which	means "May it be
		aaah!" the crowd exclain the finale that closed th	2 0
The word part fin means	a. strong.	b. toward.	c. end.
5 flex, flect /fleks/ /flekt/	Gymnasts must be ex- bodies into many posi	stremely flexible so that the tions.	hey can bend their
	• When they enter chur one knee, as a sign of	rch, Catholics genuflect — reverence.	- that is, they bend
The word part flex or flect means	a. bend.	b. father.	c. person.
6 forc, fort /fo:t/	• The burglar forcibly window.	entered the home by bre	eaking the kitchen
		a high wall of pressed mowball attack by the kids	•
The word part forc or fort means	a. person.	b. direction of.	c. strong.

7	hum /hʌm/	 "We have done grandmother's life," 	all that is humanly po's said the doctor.	ossible to save your
			elter for the homeless comp . We want to be treated like	
	The word part hum means	a. in the direction o	f. b. having to do with p	people. c. call.
8	pater, patri- /'pertə(r)/	Mike just became a to help care for the l	father, so he is taking six maby.	nonths' paternity leave
	The word part <i>pater</i> or <i>patri</i> -	Patriotism was so defend their fatherla	strong that soldiers willing and.	ly risked their lives to
	means	a. partly.	b. toward.	c. father.
9	semi-	• My grandfather is or	nly semiretired — he works	part-time as a plumber.
	/ˈsemɪ/	 I use semisweet ch bitter or too sweet. 	ocolate in my frosting to l	keep it from being too
	The word part semi- means	a. partly.	b. of living things.	c. toward.
10	-ward /wəd/	• Everyone at the fair balloon exploded.	r looked skyward in horror	as the colorful hot-air
		• The children tried even reaching the er	walking to school backwa nd of their block.	rd but gave up before
	The word part -ward means	a. call.	b. in the direction of.	c. of living things.

Matching Word Parts with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten word parts. Clearly write or print each word part next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word part.

1.	Bend
2	Partly; half
3	Life; of living things
4	Father
5	Cause to become
6.	In the direction of; toward
7	Call; cry out
8	Strong
9	Person; having to do with people
10	End

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the word parts well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

> Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line provided, complete each *italicized* word in the sentences below with the correct word part from the box. Use each word part once.

e agregation experience and a second control of the second control	g. hum	h. pater, patri-	d. fin i. semi-	e. flex jward
	1. Little the blo	Jesse loudly (ex ed)ock.	that his father was	the s marte st ma
		rhythm) is any cycle costs in body temperature.	of periodic changes i	in life, such as
	_	ury found the disturbed young	g man, who had shot	his father, gui
		a cold, rainy weekend of car (home)	mping, the Boy Sco	uts were reliev
	•	nother was so (in ible) _	that she never on	ce bent the rule
		candidate's (eful)ing made a powerful impress	-	of reduced mi
		Ken was in a (private) room had also suffered a hea	·	pital. The other
		were only two (alists, and both were country sing		ession of the
		p Desmond Tutu of South A anitarian) efforts to b		
	(humi	261, administrators of New (lid) to learn that for e down.		

> Sentence Check 2

Using the answer lines provided, complete each <i>italicized</i> word in the sentences below with the correct word part from the box. Use each word part once.		
	1–2.	I looked $(down \dots)$ and watched the doctor tap my knee to see if its $(re \dots)$ was normal.
	3–4.	My supervisor, Mr. Kane, is $(\dots nal)$ He $(en \dots es)$ the rules in a fatherly way—firmly but kindly. In addition, my coworkers are all very amiable°, making for a very friendly atmosphere.

5-6.	After the accident, my brother was (conscious) for several hours. (ally), around midnight, he became fully alert and mobile° enough to walk out of the hospital on his own.
7–8.	When the teacher asked students to write a (graphy), she meant the life story of a (an) But Harry wrote the life story of Tarzan, his pet snake.
9–10.	In 1863, Abraham Lincoln issued a (pro ation) freeing the slaves. But it would be almost one hundred years after his announcement before real efforts were made to (integr) black people into society's mainstream.

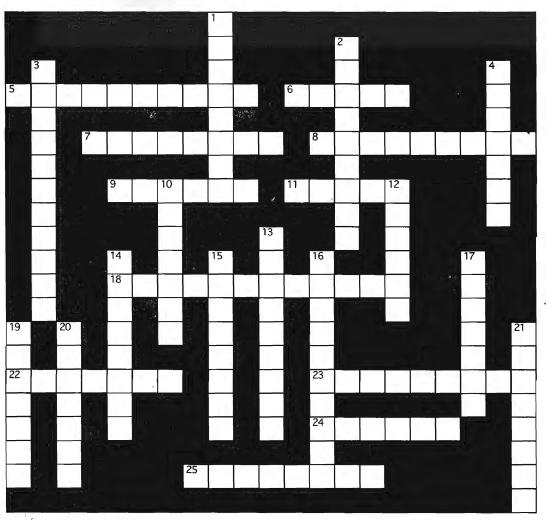
➤ Final Check: It's Never Too Late

Here is a final opportunity for you to strengthen your knowledge of the ten word parts. First read the following selection carefully. Then complete each *italicized* word in the parentheses below with a word from the box at the top of the previous page. (Context clues will help you figure out which word part goes in which blank.) Use each word part once.

I almost fell out of my chair last night when my father (pro ed) (1),
"I quit my job today. I'm going to college." He realizes that people may think it eccentric° to start
school at his age, but he's willing to appear odd because he's tired of (skilled)
(2) work in a factory. He wants a job that requires more skill and training.
Both of my (nal) (3) grandparents died when Dad was a child, so
he and his brothers were forced to quit school early to work. Dad finished high school at night.
Now he will venture working only part-time in order to (educ) (4)
himself further. He still isn't sure what his major will be, but he has always liked science. He
definitely wants to take a (logy) (5) course because all living
things interest him. He'd like to focus his (efs) (6) in a field that
benefits (anity) (7), such as physical therapy, where he could help
rehabilitate° people with certain infirmities°. He's also thinking about nursing. Most men of his
generation think of nursing as women's work, so Dad's interest in this field shows me he is more
(ible) (8) in his thinking than I ever realized. Whatever his choice,
he is looking (for) (9) to classes with great zeal°. I know that
when he (ishes) (10) his schooling, no one will be prouder of him
than I already am.
Scores Sentence Check 2% Final Check%

UNIT TWO: Review

The box at the right lists twenty-five words from Unit Two. Using the clues at the bottom of the page, fill in these words to complete the puzzle that follows.



attribute blatant calamity concurrent contrive conventional decipher default discern dispatch enigma fluctuate gaunt immaculate implausible intercede mobile nominal ponder qualm recession scrutiny sinister suffice turmoil

ACROSS

- 5. Perfectly clean
- 6. Thin and bony
- 7. An event bringing great loss and misery
- 8. A quality or feature of a person or thing
- 9. To consider carefully
- 11. An uneasy feeling about how right or proper a particular action is
- 18. Customary; ordinary
- 22. To be good enough
- 23. A temporary decline in business

- 24. A mystery or puzzle
- 25. To send to a specific place or a specific business

DOWN

- 1. To plan cleverly; think up
- 2. To vary irregularly; to go up and down or back and forth
- 3. Difficult to believe; unlikely
- 4. Very obvious, often offensively so
- 10. Slight; very small compared to what might be expected
- 12. Moving or able to move from place to place

- 13. To make a request or plead on behalf of someone else
- 14. Close inspection; careful examination
- 15. To interpret or read (something confusing or hard to make out)
- 16. Happening or existing at the same time; simultaneous
- 17. Complete confusion; uproar
- 19. To recognize; detect
- 20. To fail to do something required
- 21. Evil; wicked

UNIT TWO: Test 1

PART A Choose the word that best cor	npletes each item ar	nd write it in the spa	ace provided.	
	According to leg daylight.	gend, vampires are	creatures who	cannot survive in
	a. incoherent	b. immaculate	c. nocturnal	d. conventional
	2. The counseling p	rogram to addi	cts includes job tra	ining.
	a. rehabilitate	b. contrive	c. ponder	d. exemplify
	3. Unless figure ska	nters practice regula	rly, their skills will	
	a. retaliate	b. degenerate	c. confiscate	d. decipher
	4. It may sound time.	_, but a camel can	drink twenty-five g	allons of water at a
	a. implausible	b. gaunt	c. mobile	d. nominal
	5. Movie subtitles s	hould be with	the spoken words th	ney are translating.
	a. flagrant	b. hypothetical	c. incoherent	d. concurrent
	6. Even the most hair.	people have m	nicroscopic creature	es clinging to their
	a. sinister	b. immaculate	c. incoherent	d. intricate
	7. Measles remains each year.	a serious wo	rldwide, killing ov	er a million people
	a. blight	b. plagiarism	c. qualm	d. prerequisite
	8. The Peace Corps in developing na		American voluntee	ers to live and work
	a. discern	b. garble	c. dispatch	d. default
	9. The government students on t		am is in serious tro	ouble because many
	a. suffice	b. attest	c. intercede	d. default
1		ed for their di	_	up to thirty miles an
	a flaorant	h hypothetical	c conventional	d immaculate

PART I	sanswer line, write the letter of the choice that best co	omi	pletes each item.
	Conventional business clothing for a man include Bermuda shorts and a Hawaiian shirt.	les b.	jeans and a sleeveless tank top.
13	c. a suit and tie.2. In order to attest to what it feels like to walk on a. have read about an astronaut who did it.c. be a scientist who has studied the moon.	the b.	moon's surface, a person must have walked there himself or herself. have a good imagination.
1:	3. A person who has lost his or her eyesight can bea. learning to read Braille.c. learning to get around with a Seeing Eye dog.	b.	becoming depressed and refusing to go out.
1	4. A usual prerequisite to getting a driver's licensea. purchasing a car.c. passing a driving test.	b.	committing many traffic offenses. refusing to have one's photograph taken.
<u>. </u>	5. When her brother and sister argue, Rachel oftena. leaving the house.c. ignoring them both.	b.	crcedes by covering her ears. helping each see the other's point of view.
1	6. College students who don't eat properly and dona. good health.c. driving places.	b.	et much sleep are vulnerable to their doctors. illness.
1	7. The parrot garbled its words, a. making us all laugh at its mixed-up speech. c. embarrassing us with its dirty words.		amazing us by speaking so clearly. boring us by repeating the same few words
1	 8. Which of the following constitutes a good break a. A neighborhood diner b. Orange juice and bran flakes with milk and b c. Spaghetti with anchovy sauce d. Customers at a pancake house 		
1	 9. The tennis player's performance fluctuated duri a. was magnificent one day, awful the next, and b. was consistently excellent. c. began well but went steadily downhill all wed d. started badly but became better every day. 	ave	
2	0. Wanting to gloat over her promotion at work, Ki	is	

d. became very nervous about her new responsibilities.

c. said to a coworker, "Sorry, loser. I got it."

b. worked harder than ever to show that she deserved it.

a. didn't mention it to anyone.

Score	(Number correct)	× 5	=%

UNIT TWO: Test 2

PART A Complete each item with a word from the box. Use each word once.

a. attribute f. nominal k. scrutiny	g.	calamity orient sinister	c. decipher h. qualm m. suffice	d. enigma i. recess		exemplify retaliate	
			ng of the ship <i>Titat</i> arly 1,600 people di		ck an icebe	erg, was a(n) _	
		2. People when places, no	ho can't read must _ ot signs.	themselves	in a city by	y relating to fa	mi
			to my daughter to 'She needs to be tol		garbage v	von't," A	Alo
		4. I don't kr signature.	now who sent me	the birthday ca	rd because	e I couldn't _	_
		5. A shortag several in	ge of a single prod dustries.	luct, such as si	ıgar, could	d cause a(n) _	
	(y a used car unle give it careful	-	e it close	ly and also h	ıav
			our library charge ould charge studen			a computer, I	de
			eligions, gods and a h, beauty, and wisd	•	sent variou	ıs humans	i, s
			the years, people was e sent gifts of mone		naving chea	ated on their ir	100
	10	O. People executing	(e)d against their him.	dictator, who	had ordere	d mass murde	rs,
	1		he oddest plot an. He fed his victin		_	• •	
	1		sands of oak leaves e a(n) The nea		_)Wi
	1	3. Lightning	bolts, which travel	at millions of	miles an ho	our and produc	e '

__ 25. blatant

PART B Write C if the italicized word is used c	orrectly. Write I if th	e word is used incor	rectly.		
14. The turmoil of a smooth, cle	ar lake always makes	me feel at peace.			
15. A wonderfully incoherent spe	aker, Abraham Lincol	n was widely admired	for his powerful speeches.		
16. James Bond was about to so who had fallen in love with	•	_	I woman, a former enemy		
17. The Democratic and Repub are also represented on the b		dominant in the Unite	d States, but other parties		
18. Shortly before his birthday, he could point out the Ninter			c past the toy store so that		
19. Each year, thousands of Ar removed.	nericans who think t	hemselves too gaunt	have some fat surgically		
PART C On the answer line, write the letter of t	he word that is the sy	nonym of the boldfac	ced word.		
Example: <u>c</u> nominal	a. personal	b. enormous	c. slight		
20. confiscate	a. give back	b. seize	c. combine		
21. enhance	a. improve	b. lead	c. weaken		
22. comprehensive	a. limited	b. broad	c. irregular		
PART D On the answer line, write the letter of the word that is the antonym of the boldfaced word.					
Example: <u>h</u> nominal	a. personal	b. enormous	c. slight		
23. intricate	a. complicated	b. musical	c. simple		
24. persevere	a. look	b. stop	c. persist		

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Score	(Number correct)	× 4	=	%

b. obvious c. hidden

a. strange

UNIT TWO: Test 3

Each item below starts with a pair of words in CAPITAL LETTERS. For each item, figure out the relationship between these two words. Then decide which of the choices (a, b, c, or d) expresses a similar relationship. Write the letter of your choice on the answer line.

1 CALAMITY CHEEPING	
 1. CALAMITY : SUFFERING ::	
a. magnet : repels	b. tragedy: joy
c. tragedy: sadness	d. table : chair
2. PERSEVERE : QUIT ::	
	h maranira i avvant
a. open : shutc. drink : thirsty	b. perspire : sweatd. continue : persist
C. drink . diffsty	d. commue . persist
 3. VENTURE : EXPLORER ::	
a. see : blind person	b. teach: professor
c. cow : milk	d. ocean : ship
	а. сосы. сыр
 4. CONVENTIONAL : UNCOMMON ::	
a. conduct : experiment	b. thoughtful: considerate
c. owner: possesses	d. quiet : noisy
 5. MOBILE : UNMOVING ::	
a. rapid: slow	b. write: words
c. excited : lively	d. wet : water
6. ENIGMA: MYSTERIOUS::	
	1 . 1 . 6
a. baseball : bat	b. joke : funny d. clue : detective
c. funny : serious	d. clue : detective
 7. OWL : NOCTURNAL ::	
a. tiger: cat	b. tiger: fierce
c. day: night	d. child : adult
 8. DISCERN : LOOK ::	
a. hear s listen	b. smell: taste
c. cold: touch	d. ignore : see
A DECEMBED CODE	
 9. DECIPHER : CODE ::	
a. surgeon: doctor	b. untangle : knot
c. puzzle : piece	d. evident : clear
10. CONFISCATE : SEIZE ::	
	h ary funoral
a. confuse : clarifyc. take : give	b. cry : funeral d. contribute : give
c. tare . give	u. Commidute . give

19. QUALM : CONSCIENCE ::

a. love : hatred

b. room : fireplace

c. cramp : muscle d. pain : health

____ 20. PLAGIARISM : IDEAS ::
a. criminal : crime
b. host : party

c. writing: paper d. shoplifting: merchandise

Score (Number correct) ____ × 5 = ___%

UNIT TWO: Test 4 (Word Parts)

PART A

Listed in the left-hand column below are ten common word parts, followed by words in which the parts are used. In each blank, write in the letter of the correct definition on the right.

Word Parts	Examples	Definitions
1ate	motivate, fascinate	a. Father
2. bio-	autobiography, biology	b. Call; cry out
3. claim, clam	acclaim, exclamation	c. Partly
4. fin	final, finale	d. End
5. flex, flect	flexible, genuflect	e. Cause to become
6. forc, fort	forcibly, fortify	f. In the direction of; toward
7. hum	humanly, humane	g. Person; having to do with people
8. pater, patri-	paternity, patriotism	h. Strong
9. semi-	semiretired, semisweet	i. Bend
10ward	skyward, backward	j. Life; of living things

PART B

Using the answer line provided, complete each *italicized* word in the sentences below with the correct word part from the box. Not every word part will be used.

a. -ate	h	bio-	c. clam	d. fin	e. fl ex
f. fort		hum	h. patri-	i. semi-	j. -ward
•.	11.	To (activ) yeast, put it i	n a warm liquid.	
	12.	When I me word.	editate, I focus (in	. ly) by mentally	repeating a nonse
	13.			gland (ified) orpses must be buried	•
	14.		•	al) words bef ? Did you think I was	
	15.	-	•	anoid) appea	arance? Are we n

PA	RT	1
2 ()		•

write the letter of each meaning.

16. The dining club is semipublic.

a. fully public

b. partly public

c. private

17. A patriarchy is a form of social organization in which families are headed by

a. the strongest.

b. the oldest.

c. the father.

Use your knowledge of word parts to determine the meaning of the boldfaced words. On the answer line,

___ 18. My chemistry teacher also teaches **biochemistry**, which is the chemistry of

a. life processes.

b. lakes.

c. weather.

___ 19. Albert Einstein **claimed** that his brain was his laboratory.

a. realized

b. made known

c. silently wished

20. The company I work for has decided to experiment with flextime for employees.

a. longer work hours

b. shorter work hours

c. adjustable work hours

Unit Three

Chapter 13

curtail devastate digress incentive incorporate Indispensable intermittent rigor squander succumb

Chapter 14

alleviate benefactor covert cynic demise infamous intrinsic revulsion speculate virile

Chapter 13

abstain affiliate agnostic aspire benevolent deficit dissent diversion lucrative mandatory

Chapter 16

charisma contemporary contend conversely extrovert

poignant prevalent proponent quest traumatic

Chapter 17

congenial flippant impasse perception prompt prone rapport rationale relentless reprisal

Chapter 18

cor, cour -ish
di-, du- magni-, magn-dom phob
-fy proII-, im- psych-, psycho-

UNIT THREE: Pretest

In the space provided, write the letter of the choice that is closest in meaning to the **boldfaced** word.

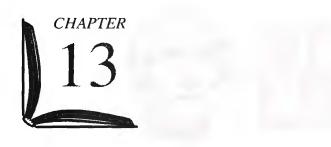
 1. incorporate	a) anger b) separate c) combine d) calm
 2. intermittent	a) hesitant b) nervous c) off-and-on d) constant
 3. digress	a) stray b) improve c) resist d) repeat
 4. incentive	a) fear b) pride c) concern d) encouragement
 5. succumb	a) approach b) repeat c) give in d) cut short
 6. rigor	a) ease b) hardship c) slowness d) meanness
 7. squander	a) waste b) lose c) insult d) strongly desire
 8. curtail	a) urge b) join c) cut short d) relieve
 9. indispensable	a) necessary b) not important c) saved up d) wasted
 10. devastate	a) spread out b) begin again c) reassure d) upset greatly
 11. speculate	a) search b) think about c) inspect d) state to be so
 12. cynic	a) pessimist b) serious person c) single person d) clown
 13. infamous	a) not known b) small c) having a bad reputation d) related
 14. benefactor	a) landlord b) one who gives aid c) optimist d) kindness
 15. covert	a) distant b) hidden c) changed d) adjusted
 16. virile	a) healthy b) manly c) wrinkled d) required
 17. intrinsic	 a) belonging by its very nature b) on the surface c) not noticeable d) careful
 18. alleviate	a) make anxious b) depart c) infect d) relieve
 19. demise	a) trick b) death c) disguise d) departure
 20. revulsion	a) confession b) great disgust c) attraction d) compassion
 21. deficit	a) surplus b) remainder c) part of the whole d) shortage
 22. mandatory	a) masculine b) sexist c) required d) threatening
 23. abstain	a) do without b) disagree c) prepare d) approve of
 24. lucrative	a) silly b) profitable c) causing disease d) attractive
 25. diversion	a) awareness b) practice c) amusement d) fate

(Continues on next page)

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Unit Three: Pretest

26. affiliate	a) impress b) approve c) reject d) join
27. agnostic	a) one who is unsure there's a God b) saint c) believer d) genius
28. aspire	a) dislikeb) strongly desirec) impressd) deliver
29. benevolent	a) kind b) wealthy c) nasty d) poor
30. dissent	a) approval b) defeat c) winning d) disagreement
31. proponent	a) foe b) supporter c) examiner d) one part of the whole
32. charisma	a) friendship b) kindness c) obedience d) charm
33. quest	a) search b) request c) place d) memory
34. contend	a) join b) claim c) arouse d) allow
35. conversely	a) rudely b) uncooperative c) in an opposite manner d) unfriendly
36. contemporary	a) modern b) odd c) old-fashioned d) futuristic
37. extrovert	a) shy person b) magnetism c) main point d) outgoing person
38. prevalent	a) famous b) widespread c) escapable d) plain
39. poignant	a) annoying b) beautiful c) careless d) touching
40. traumatic	a) causing painful emotions b) reversed c) delicate d) harmless
41. rapport	a) support b) close relationship c) view d) report
42. reprisal	a) getting even b) defeat c) question d) search
43. flippant	a) cold b) formal c) disrespectful d) nervous
44. perception	a) meeting b) party c) dead end d) impression
45. relentless	a) angry b) persistent c) cruel d) kind
46. congenial	a) pleasant b) intelligent c) mixed-up d) lacking
47. prone	a) disliked b) tending c) active d) rested
48. rationale	a) research paper b) debate c) logical basis d) mood
49. impasse	a) exit b) central point c) gate d) dead end
50. prompt	a) urge b) avoid c) waste d) lie



curtail devastate digress incentive incorporate indispensable intermittent rigor squander succumb

Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

context of the sentences	to help you figure out each v	word's meaning.		
1 curtail /ks:ˈteɪl/	 Upon hearing reports of a tornado, the principal curtailed the school day so students could go home early. 			
-verb	 I need to curtail my volumeney to pay back a loa 	lunteer activities so that I can nn.	spend more time earning	
Curtail means	a. to combine.	b. to shorten.	c. to extend.	
2 devastate /'devəsteit/	_	had been arrested for armed believe he'd do such a terrible	-	
-verb	 Vera is so fond of Andy. 	She'll be devastated to hear	he has cancer.	
Devastate means	a. to thrill.	b. to annoy.	c. to upset greatly.	
3 digress /dai ^l gres/	 Professor Rubin never digresses during a lecture. Even his jokes relate to the day's topic. 			
-verb	• I tried to teach my three-year-old niece our phone number, but we digressed to a discussion of whether Winnie the Pooh has a telephone.			
Digress means	a. to listen carefully.	b. to go off the subject.	c. to get up.	
4 incentive /in'sentiv/	• The insurance company offers an incentive — a free vacation — to encourage its representatives to make more sales.			
-noun	• The thought of myself adequate incentive to ex	in a bathing suit next sumn cercise.	ner provides me with an	
Incentive means	a. encouragement.	b. liberty.	c. change.	
5 incorporate /in'ko:pereit/	 Jerry incorporated all banana-cream pecan pie 	of his favorite desserts into	one: a chocolate-covered	
-verb		oung children has gone down have been incorporated into		
Incorporate means	a. to give up.	b. to join together.	c. to raise.	
6 indispensable /,ındis'pensəbl/	 Because there's no bus or train service nearby, a car is indispensable in my neighborhood. 			
-adjective		you find that many thin tually necessary after all.	ngs you thought were	
Indispensable means	a. free.	b. needed.	c. expensive.	

7 intermittent /ˌɪntəˈmɪt <i>ə</i> nt/	 You have to work practice won't work 		train him well. Intermittent
-adjective		her weight loss on a diet weight losses stopped. She knew	would be intermittent , so she we they would start again.
Intermittent means	a. irregular.	b. too much.	c. steady.
8 rigor /ˈrɪgə(r)/		go through the rigors of boorunning several miles a day.	ot camp, such as completing an
-noun	•	ng at two part-time jobs wh chausted, he dropped both jo	ile going to school proved too bs.
Rigor means	a. a gamble.	b. an expense.	c. a hardship.
9 squander /'skwondə(r)/	• It's sad to see such baked-bean cans.	a wonderful artist squander	her talent designing labels for
-verb		room now closes promptly e on long lunch breaks.	at one o'clock so that workers
Squander means	a. to share.	b. to misuse.	c. to upset.
10 succumb /səˈkʌm/	 Leah succumbed to birthday. 	her daughter's begging and	bought her a pet lizard for her
-verb	 Once the suspect stealing the car stere 		succumbed and confessed to
Succumb means	a. to yield.	b. to delay.	c. to anger.

Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

1	To waste; spend or use foolishly
2	To cut short or reduce
3	Something that moves one to take action or work harder; a motivation
4	To turn aside, or stray, especially from the main topic in speaking or writing
5	Great hardship or difficulty; harshness; severity
6	To upset deeply; overwhelm
7	To give in; stop resisting
8	Necessary
9	To unite into a single whole; combine
10	Starting and stopping from time to time; off-and-on

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

> Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line provided, complete each item below with the correct word from the box. Use each word once.

a. curtail f. indispensable		_	d. incentive i. squander	e. incorporate j. succumb
	_ 1 rain kept i	interrupting the l	oallgame.	
	_ 2. The sight of he	er bandaged hus	band in an oxygen	tent(e)d Claire.
	_ 3. Someone has	managed to	a tomato and a pota	ato into one plant.
	4. A home comp people.	outer and a telep	ohone are tools	s for many self-employ
	_ 5. Airlines offer people to fly o	•	credits" toward fr	ee trips as an to g
	_ 6. Many teenage all night with		thes of paren	thood, such as staying
	•		nths of spending, C ny expensive meals	Coretta discovered that s
			d to sell me a wate police officer appro	ch, but he quickly(exactions.
		-	oved to gab, we of chool athletics or so	ften could get him to _chool politics.
		d to ignore the d (e)d and orde		el pecan pie on the mer
				•
Sentence Check .	2			
Ising the answer lines pr	ovided, complete eac	ch item below w	rith two words from	n the box. Use each wo
		els he(e)d thes of an ex	• •	in inactivity, so now
,	_			of its new plant until t aployee gym into the no

__ 5-6. My aunt has only ___ success in quitting smoking. Every few months she___s to temptation, and then she has to quit all over again.

		Onapier 15
7–8.	As Leo explained a failed business deal that is(e)d into the even more interesting tale of his business partner.	
9–10.	The vitamin saleswoman offered me free samp every other she could think of to get me her sales pitch highly implausible°. I simply products, and her products alone, were to a	to buy. However, I four could not believe that h
inal Check: Learning	to Study	
election carefully. Then fill in e	to strengthen your knowledge of the ten words ach blank with a word from the box at the te out which word goes in which blank.) Use each	op of the previous pag
Linda never had to work	very hard to make good grades in high school.	But in college, where
the (1)	s of course work were greater, she soon le	earned that her casual
high-school study habits wou	ld no longer suffice°. Linda was also learning	g how easy it was to
(2)	time on dates and parties. She didn't realize	e how badly she was
doing until she saw her midte	rm grades, which (3)	(e)d her. She knew
she had to make some chang	es right away and began to ponder° what the	y should be. As a(n)
(4)	_ to work harder, she tried studying with her fi	riend Denise. But that
didn't work; their conversatio	n would (5) from	n European history to
personal topics, such as dates	or favorite singers.	
Linda decided she'd hav	e to go it alone. She began to skip weekday	y parties and also to
	the time she spent talking or exchanging	
She discovered that a good pl	ace to study was (7)	to her new study
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	silent third floor a sanctuary°, a place with no	•
she could (8)	She also became more meth	odical° in her study
habits, keeping an assignmen	nt book, writing due dates on a calendar, an	d setting up a study
schedule. At first, Linda's pe	erformance fluctuated°, and so the improvement	ent in her grades was
	_ — A's and B's alternated with C's and D's.	
learned to (10)	a social life with serious stud	ly and get grades she



alleviate benefactor covert cynic demise infamous Intrinsic revulsion speculate virile

Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

	s to help you figure out each w		in boldraced word. Ose the
1 alleviate /əˈliːvɪeɪt/	 To alleviate his loneline family. 	ess, the widower moved c	loser to his daughter and her
-verb	 After a long game in their thirst with ice-cold 		g baseball players alleviated
Alleviate means	a. to consider.	b. to hide.	c. to ease.
2 benefactor /'benɪfæktə(r)/		is a long-time benefactor azz concerts in the parks.	r of the arts. This year it will
-noun	 The wealthy benefactor anonymous. 	• who paid for the child's	operation prefers to remain
Benefactor means	a. a financial supporter.	b. a social critic.	c. a cooperative person.
3 covert /ˈkʌvət/		ationship is so covert the now they are seeing each	nat they never eat out. Even other.
-adjective	 If you enjoy covert active 	ities, become a secret age	nt.
Covert means	a. obvious.	b. concealed.	c. easy to bear.
4 cynic /ˈsɪnɪk/ -noun	 Her parents' nasty divore Mr. Bryant was a cynic several strangers rushed 	about people until he fell	c about marriage. down on a street corner and
Cynic means	 a. someone who believes the worst. 	b. someone who gives help.	c. someone with a bad reputation.
5 demise /dɪˈmaɪz/		ade school and high school made me very aware of i	ool, the untimely demise of my mortality.
-noun			eininger's beard was so long ost his balance, fell down the
Demise means	a. popularity.	b. a secret.	c. dying.
6 infamous /'infamas/	 King Henry VIII of Eng two of his six wives. 	gland was infamous thro	ughout Europe for executing
-adjective			want to see the instruments — a body-shaped box with

a. known unfavorably.

b. thought to be annoying.

c. giving hope.

Infamous means

7	intrinsic	 Trust is intrinsic to any good friendship. 			
	/ɪn ^t trɪnsɪk/ -adjective	 Because Lian has a good grades to moti 		she doesn't need the reward of	
_	Intrinsic means	a. secret.	b. fundamental.	c. unnecessary.	
. 8	revulsion /rɪ¹vʌl∫ən/		pout child abuse in the new	wspaper, I am filled with such	
	-noun	 When Sharon met the revulsion. 	ne man who had cheated he	r father, she was overcome with	
_	Revulsion means	a. interest.	b. hatred.	c. understanding.	
9	speculate /ˈspekjuleɪt/	 It's interesting to sp Lincoln had lived a 		have been different if Abraham	
	-verb	 The therapist asked Ralph her true feeling 		what might happen if she told	
_	Speculate means	a. to remember.	b. to announce.	c. to guess.	
10	virile /'vıraıl/	 Men who are unsure virile by being over 	•	metimes try to "prove" they are	
	-adjective	head and says "plo	-	nis neck out, and then drops his him very virile . In fact, that	
	Virile means	a. having attractive	male qualities. b. lacking	g in confidence. c. unselfish.	

Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

Secret; hidden
A person who believes the worst of people's behavior and motives someone who believes people are motivated only by selfishness
Belonging to a person or thing by its very nature (and thus not dependent on circumstances)
Having a very bad reputation; widely known for being vicious, criminal, or deserving of contempt
A person or organization that gives help, especially financial aid
Manly; masculine
Death
To come up with ideas or theories about a subject; theorize
To relieve; make easier to endure
Great disgust or distaste

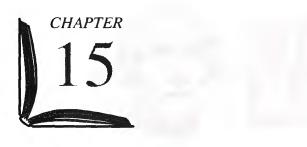
CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

> Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line provided, complete each item below with the correct word from the box. Use each word once.

a. alleviate	b. benefacto	or c. covert	d. cynic	e. demise
f. infamous	g. Intrinsic	h. revulsion	i. speculate	j. virile
	1. Problem	ms are to life; they'r	e unavoidable.	
	2. My hu	nger isn't fully satisfied,	but the apple(e)	d it somewhat.
	_	ge guys usually welcome as that they are becoming	- -	and a thickening be
		elfless work of the nuns of most hardeneds.	in the slums of India	is enough to touch
	_	h she was tried and fou her parents with a hatch		Borden is still
		nildren loved the act	tivities involved in p	reparing their moth
		nass murderer's neighb d what their "friend" had		
		o group has claimed resp bombing," said the new		only on the mot
		Novak had been a well- se that he left a lot of more		
	-	good idea for married couther's For example,	-	_
itence Check	2 2			
g the answer lines p	provided, comp	plete each item below wi	ith two words from t	he box. Use each w
	pers	rsing is a good career sonality to try to vsically and mentally strength, such as intense stre	people's pain. In ong, she will be able	addition, since she
	few	hough everything about assignment was to may qualms about faking solly if he hadn't done ever	ke friends with top such friendships — h	Nazi scientists. He e would have felt n

	w	vas much less thar		orrow over her husband's money from his insurance
	policy	√.		
	0	-	•	themselves as, but a eone who takes advantage
	fi		West, we can only _	ne Dalton Gang, and other as to how much is fact
Final Check: The	Mad Monl	K		
Here is a final opportunity selection carefully. Then f (Context clues will help yo	fill in each bla	ank with a word	from the box at the t	top of the previous page.
Shortly before the	he Russian I	Revolution, an	eccentric° man name	ed Rasputin became
(1)				-
heavily, and rarely ba				
encounters° with him a		(=	/	
	•	nce Rasputin pos	sessed a(n) (3)	
charm that drew many				
God and a special (4)_		•	•	_
Rasputin (5)			ici scriousiy iii soli, wi	lose condition she left
<u>-</u>			otherwise. To them, Ra	courtin was no boolers
				_
instead, he was a man	-	_	-	
than praise Rasputin, 1	-	_		•
one of his critics				
(7)			-	-
theory was strengthen	•	-	-	ed many women and
boasted about how (8)				
Finally, a group of	of Russian nol	blemen made (9)		plans to kill
•		•	for a Russian official	-
			nen's invitation to a dir	
served him poisoned v	vine and cake.	When Rasputin of	lid not appear to succu	mb° to the poison, his
enemies hastened his	(10)		by shooting and s	stabbing him and then
dumping him into an i	cy river. An au	itopsy revealed th	at he had died by drow	ning.
			Final Check	ş
Sco	Les Settience	CIRCK 2	I mai Check	- ⁷⁶



abstain affiliate agnostic aspire benevolent deficit dissent diversion lucrative mandatory

Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

	1 3 0	e	
1 abstain /əbˈsteɪn/	 Although Lou has give he chews it. 	en up cigarettes, he doesn't abs	stain from tobacco. Now
-verb	 My sister called off he from dating other wom 	er engagement to Clayton beca nen.	use he wouldn't abstain
Abstain from means	a. to desire.	b. to believe in.	c. to deny oneself.
2 affiliate /ə¹filieit/	 Diane is neither a Despolitical party. 	mocrat nor a Republican. She	isn't affiliated with any
-verb		ld have earned more if she had she couldn't afford the members	
Affiliate with means	a. to join.	b. to study.	c. to hold back from.
3 agnostic /æglnostik/		a God, and Marcia feels su can't be certain one way or the	
-noun		n agnostic , used to say, "Hum her or not there's a God."	ans cannot understand a
Agnostic means	a. one who denies God's existence.	b. one who feels we can't know if God exists.	c. one who is sure there is a God.
4 aspire /əˈspaɪə(r)/	 Twelve-year-old Derel architect. 	k, who loves drawing building	s, aspires to be a great
-verb	 Millions of young peop succeed. 	ple aspire to be professional ath	letes, but only a few will
Aspire means	a. to fear.	b. to wish.	c. to volunteer.
5 benevolent /bɪˈnevələnt/ -adjective	7	volent when they get tax deduction the founded a benevolent associate Salvation Army.	
Benevolent means	a. recreational.	b. profitable.	c. charitable.
6 deficit /'defisit/	 Our club has spent so budget deficit. 	much more than it has taken i	n that it now has a huge
-noun	 Residents are asked redangerously lowered the 	not to water their lawns because water supply.	se a deficit of rain has
Deficit means	a. a lack.	b. an overflow.	c. a collection.

7 dissent /di ['] sent/	 The committee was so torn by dissent that its members could not agree even on whether or not to schedule another meeting. 			
-noun	 The dictator perm them, but not to e 	nitted people to agree with his p xpress dissent.	olicies or keep silent about	
Dissent means	a. plans.	b. opposition.	c. relief.	
8 diversion /dai'v3:∫∂n/ • My history teacher says that one of her favorite div vacation is reading mystery novels.			diversions during summer	
-noun		, but he also enjoys such diversion , and reading humorous stories.	ons as playing video games,	
Diversion means	a. a recreation.	b. something easy.	c. an assignment.	
9 lucrative /ˈljuːkrətɪv/	 Investments in the result in great final 	ne stock market can be lucrativ ancial loss.	ve. However, they can also	
-adjective	• "Teaching at a small college isn't lucrative," Professor Baum admitted, "but I've never felt the need to make lots of money."			
Lucrative means	a. required.	b. financially rewarding.	c. risky.	
10 mandatory /ˈmændət <i>ə</i> rɪ/	 Members of the basketball team have to follow strict rules. For example, it's mandatory that each player attend at least 80 percent of the practices. 			
-adjective	 "A research paper you'll get extra cr 	r isn't mandatory," the instructoredit."	r said, "but if you write one,	
Mandatory means	a. unimportant.	b. helpful.	c. essential.	

Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

1.	To strongly desire; to be ambitious (to do something or to get something)
2	Profitable; well-paying
3	A shortage; a lack (in amount)
4	To hold oneself back from something; refrain
5	Charitable
6	A person who believes we cannot know whether or not there is a God
7	Required
8	An amusement or pastime; anything that relaxes or amuses
9	To associate; join
10	Disagreement

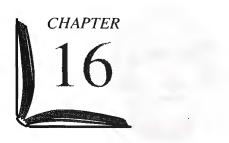
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> Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line provided, complete each item below with the correct word from the box. Use each word once.

a. abstain f. deficit	b. affiliate g. dissent	c. agnostic h. diversion	d. aspire i. lucrative	e. benevolent j. mandatory
i. upnoit	g. ulasetit	II. UIVEISIOII	i. iqciative	j. Mandatory
	1. My kid b	rothers to become	me the video-game of	champion of the world.
	2. The parish.	fund at my church	collects money to	help poor families in
		nts enjoy card gan games and music v	•	and I like such
		nce fee wasn't, ors make a donation	-	useum entrance sugge
		Hank needs to lose sweets and fatty foo	_	recommended that he
		d overcome a(n) _ ree to have their org	_	ransplants if more peopley die.
		as no in the fails year. We all agree		or not to start a veget a.
	_	uld have joined the		at he prefers to
		omeone who believe ked, "do they give b		omeone who does not,"
	_	-		performers. The rest r tables or driving a cab
ntence Che	ck~2			
ng the answer line	es provided, comple	te each item below	with two words from	m the box. Use each w
	his far	ncle decided to splury	ge and with a c	ountry club because go
	made			e office until her emple a very good incentive

o, he must be amoral°. It's doesn't mean he lacks a moral society at work to raise money a lot of over whether or money to send his children to auto repair business as as
money to send his children to
•
words. First read the following the top of the previous page. e each word once.
o struggle over one point of
observe religious holidays.
for
le who should be watching
eir budgets by squandering°
at Christmas is practically
day's religious significance.
such nonreligious customs
aditions such as gift-giving
pent if it were donated to a
Jeanne's neighbors assume
day spirit. They are wrong,
(e)d with a church.
tional° way of celebrating
that are connected with the
d gifts under the tree? What
are pleasant practices that



charisma contemporary contend conversely extrovert poignant prevalent proponent quest traumatic

Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

1	charisma /kəˈrɪzmə/ -noun	person in the tenth grade throughout his life. Great Britain's Princess personal problems, she has	a that when he ran for class e voted for him. Such magnification by the property of the proper	charisma. Despite her after her death.
	Charisma means	a. feelings.	b. personal appeal.	c. luck.
2	contemporary /kənˈtempərərɪ/ -adjective	 Beth likes contemporary furniture, but her husband prefers antiques. My grandfather says that compared to kids in his day, contemp youngsters are soft and lazy. 		
	Contemporary means	a. common.	b. old-fashioned.	c. current.
3	contend /kən'tend/ -verb	 The defense attorney contended that his client was insane and therefore contend the held responsible for the murder. Scientists contend that no two snowflakes are identical, but how could the possibly prove it? 		
_	Contend means	a. to wish.	b. to deny.	c. to declare.
4	conversely /kən¹vɜ:slɪ/ -adverb	loves food so much that he Mary drives her children	red by food, eats in order to e seems to live in order to eat to school whenever it rains. (thinks a little rain never hurt	C onversely , Fran makes
	Conversely means	a. in contrast.	b. in a modern way.	c. similarly.
5	extrovert /'ekstrəva:t/ -noun	strəvs:t/ shy.		
_	Extrovert means	a. a supporter of causes.	b. a timid person.	c. a sociable person.
6	poignant /ˈpɔɪn <i>j</i> ənt/ -adjective	 The service honoring American soldiers missing in action was touching. A speech by a friend of one of the soldiers was particularly poignant. I cried when I read a poignant story about a dying girl who gave away all of 		
	Poignant means	her dolls to "poor children a. affecting the emotions.		c. lively.

7 prevalent /'prevələnt/		s prevalent during America's people were out of work.	Great Depression. By 1932,	
-adjective		more prevalent in the Unitedomes have two or more TVs.		
Prevalent means	a. favorable.	b. found frequently.	c. unlikely.	
8 proponent /proulpounent/	elderly, because I fe	or Williams, a proponent of the el that many older people need	greater assistance.	
-noun	 Although Elaine que employer-supported 	it work to take care of her chi I day care.	ldren, she is a proponent of	
Proponent means	a. a recipient.	b. an opponent.	c. a supporter.	
9 quest /kwest/	 During Carlo's que twenty-seven difference 	est for the perfect pizza, he sent restaurants.	sampled the cheese pizza at	
-noun	 Ponce de Leon's que was Florida. 	lest was for the Fountain of Y	outh; what he found instead	
Quest means	a. a hunt.	b. a question.	c. design.	
10 traumatic /tro:'mætɪk/	• Divorce can be less traumatic for children if their fears and feelings are to into account as the divorce takes place.			
-adjective	 My cousin has had trapped in a coal mi 	nightmares ever since his trane.	numatic experience of being	
Traumatic means	a. familiar.	b. reasonable.	c. upsetting.	
Following are definition	the previous page will he	early write or print each word lp you decide on the meaning o	f each word.	
1		In an opposite manner; in an altogether different way		
2		The quality of a leader which captures great popular devotion; personal magnetism; charm		
3.	A search; j	A search; pursuit		
4	Widesprea	Widespread; common		
5	To state to	To state to be so; claim; affirm		
6	Modern; u	Modern; up-to-date		
7	Someone v	Someone who supports a cause		
8	: Emotional	ly moving; touching		
9	Causing pa	Causing painful emotions, with possible long-lasting		

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

An outgoing, sociable person

psychological effects

> Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line provided, complete each item below with the correct word from the box. Use each word once.

a. charisma f. poignant	b. contemporary g. prevalent	c. contend h. proponent	d. conversely i. quest	e. extrovert j. traumatic
	•	in the morning, (n) by nature, beer people.	-	
		ort, I was very move en separated for years	•	on of family mem
		rinking was so in house closed for a ye		e that college offic
		ans that she wa erk. "Is it her turn no	•	said the superma
		n) of exercising lren to swim or cycle	•	e even encourages
		vie stars may not be ble want to see their fi	_	ey have a(n)
	-	t like the apartment ded a more place.	with the old-fashio	ned tub and radia
		third grade wasen though he's a succ	•	•
	for Noah's	ast three hundred yea ark. Some have look een thousand feet abo	ed for it in northeast	•

> Sentence Check 2

Using the answer lines pronce.	rovided, complete each item below with two words from the box. Use each word
	1-2. Many people are surprised to learn how poverty is in America. Today, millions live below the poverty line, and the number seems to escalate° daily.
	3-4. Judy and Martin Reed exemplify the old saying "Opposites attract." A(n) Judy chooses work that brings her into constant contact with

others. ____, Marty prefers jobs in which he mainly works alone.

			·	
	education in the	experience of fin rdose, Sophie has been be public schools. If any cut corners and on	en a strong of drug education is	mandatory° drug
	7-8. My motherwritten, but my s	s that Romeo and sister claims Love Sto		
	problems. Gandl	ni's and vision in iastically in the hi incorporated on nor e method for social c	for peaceful solu violence and politi	itions to national ical activism into
Final Check: Dr. M	Iartin Luther Kir	ıg, Jr.		
Here is a final opportunity selection carefully. Then f (Context clues will help yo	fill in each blank with a	word from the box	x at the top of the	e previous page.
(1)	young peo	ople may be able to	list the many acco	mplishments
	lartin Luther King, Jr. Th			
	cial harmony and was a(
but direct action. The	y may know that he for	ight the discriminati	on against blacks	that was so
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	in our country	_	_	
	al of acclaim° for his wo			
	n (4)	-		
reformer in the history				
	g really know the (5)		, the power	rful personal
- '	n? He was a perfect blen		-	-
	When Dr. K			
	way of s			
	t, this meant a stronger			
	, for bigots, it	=		
	nation will rise up and li			
	nt; that all men are create		•	
	nurder was a (10)	-		-
	r fully recovered from the			
	reater dignity. And man	•		_
Con	Sentence Check 2	% Final Checl	ì	



congenial flippant impasse perception prompt prone rapport rationale relentless reprisal

Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

1 congenial /kənˈdʒiːnjəl/		ng at a party where I didn't genial that I soon felt at ease.	know anyone, but the other
-adjective		nips that begin in Internet cl ay be anything but pleasant in	hat rooms. People who seem real life.
Congenial means	a. persistent.	b. intelligent.	c. sociable.
2 flippant /'flipənt/	 "Don't give me a fi situation is a serious 		ther told him. "Your financial
-adjective	0	y is asked to clean his room, Vhy should I? I just cleaned it	he's likely to give a flippant last month."
Flippant means	a. rude.	b. serious.	c. incorrect.
3 impasse /im'pa:s/		hed an impasse . They couldrant was the murderer and other	n't agree on a verdict — some rs were sure he was innocent.
-noun		reached an impasse when try may come to mind while you	ring to solve a problem, take a 're doing something else.
Impasse means	a. a deadlock.	b. a relationship.	c. an opportunity.
4 perception /pə¹sep∫ən/	 Brenda's perception character. 	ns of others are usually acce	urate. She is a good judge of
-noun		f our problem differ. Rob thi uestion of who controls the p	nks money is the main issue, urse strings.
Perception means	a. a memory.	b. a view.	c. a desire.
5 prompt /prom <i>p</i> t/	 To prompt her son pillow. 	Byron to get a job, Mrs. Da	vis pinned the want ads to his
-verb		compt customers to buy more okies or apple pie with that?"	e by asking such questions as
Prompt means	a. to allow.	b. to agree with.	c. to motivate.
6 prone /prəun/ -adjective	• Prone to fits of lau	e to sleep problems, so he lim aghter during class, Chris son	its his intake of caffeine. netimes controls the sound by
Prone means	biting his pen. a. tending.	b. immune.	c. attracted.

7	rapport /ræ¹pɔ:(r)/	 In high school, I had such good rapport with my gym teacher that our close relationship continues to this day. 				
	-noun		lops between you and your the ounselor who makes you feel co	•		
_	Rapport means	a. a report.	b. a personal connection.	c. a financial situation.		
8	rationale /ˌræʃəˈnɑːl/	• Danielle's rational make a lot of money	e for majoring in business was y."	simple. She said, "I want to		
	-noun	• The rationale for not lowering the drinking age to 18 is that self-control and good judgment are still being developed at that age.				
_	Rationale means	a. a situation.	b. an explanation.	c. a question.		
9	relentless /rɪˈlentlɪs/	• The dog's relentles his owners were out	s barking got on my nerves. He	barked the entire two hours		
	-adjective	• In a large city, the r be difficult to find p	noise of crowds and heavy traff. beace and quiet.	ic is so relentless that it can		
_	Relentless means	a. occasional.	b. exciting.	c. nonstop.		
10	reprisal /rɪˈpraɪzəl/	• In reprisal for being where he used to we	ng fired, a troubled man shot sork.	everal people at the factory		
	-noun	• Fear of reprisal m bully who has threa	ay keep children from telling tened them.	parents or teachers about a		
_	Reprisal means	a. disrespect.	b. revenge.	c. delay.		

Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

1.	Insight or understanding gained through observation; impression
2	Having a tendency; inclined
3	Persistent; continuous
4	The underlying reasons for something; logical basis
5	Disrespectful and not serious enough
6	Agreeable or pleasant in character; friendly
7	To urge into action
8	The paying back of one injury or bad deed with another
9	A situation with no way out; dead end
10	Relationship, especially one that is close, trusting, or sympathetic

Using the answer line provided, complete each item below with the correct word from the box. Use each word once.

a. congenial f. prone	· ·	=	d. perception i. relentless	
	1. Raquel is	to accidents, so	her car insurance rates	are quite high.
	2. You will g unpleasant	•	fe if you are to oth	er people, rather
	3. My brothe anything s		confidence by being	He rarely t
	4. It took his eating righ		attack to my dad t	o start exercising
		instant between the other for years.	en Duke and Otis. The	ey talked as if th
			the bad guys reached a other was a steep cliff.	
		oril and May, the rai	n was so that we the	nought we might
	-	_ of human nature i everyone is basically	s strongly colored by s selfish.	some bad experier
		-	ed, she tried to get over y of his income at all.	er half his incom
			pregnant women to g can lead to dangerous	•
ntence Chec	k~2			
ng the answer lines e.	provided, complete	e each item below w	ith two words from the	e box. Use each v
		e Wade is so an t day we met.	d easy to talk to, we es	stablished a warm
			sident explained the an employee protest.	

dissent° died down.

learned that the president was also taking a big pay cut, the employees'

5-6	o. The waitresses in our loo polite. If a customer says response such as, "And making a big deal about it	s, "I'm ready to order no I'm ready to retire, bu	ow," he may get a
7-8	8. My of the situation and union officials reac compromise on salaries. It to progress.	ched a(n) because	e neither side would
9–10	O. Abby could put up with was often, going on planned a(n) that wou	for weeks at a time. Sic	ck of it all, she finally
Final Check: Relating	to Parents		
Here is a final opportunity for you selection carefully. Then fill in (Context clues will help you figure	each blank with a word fr	com the box at the top	of the previous page.
How do you respond wh	en your parents deny you p	permission to do someth	ing? For example,
if you want to travel and wo	rk around the country for th	e summer but your pare	nts say you're too
young, do you yell and d	emand that they stop cur	tailing° your rights? [Oo you plan a(n)
(1)	, vowing to sabotage° th	neir summer plans becau	use they've ruined
yours? Or do you explain th			
parents will understand your			
The way you behave wh	en you and your parents rea	ach a(n) (3)	on an
issue can have a big effect	· · · · ·		
leash so you can really run	my life." But if you are co	onsistently (4)	
like that, you'll just strength	en their (5)	of you as bein	g too immature to
be on your own. Also, if you	are (6)	in your begging, ask	cing three hundred
times a day, "But why won't			
do some traveling alone righ	t now—go directly to your i	room."	•
Instead, approach your p	parents in a (7)	way an	nd try to develop a
strong, friendly (8)			
will make them more (9)			
(10)			-
chances of getting their supp	_		-
,	bar ka sala ka salapatah kalapatan di kalapatan di kalapatan di kalapatan di kalapatan di kalapatan di kalapat		
Scores	Sentence Check 2%	Final Check%	



cor, cour	-lsh
di-, du-	magni-, magn-
-dom	phob
-fy	pro-
il-, im-	psych-, psycho-

Ten Word Parts in Context

Figure out the meanings of the following ten word parts by looking *closely* and *carefully* at the context in which they appear. Then, in the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each word part.

1 cor, cour /ko:/ • I felt truly welcomed by generosity were heartfelt		•	Their kindness and
		us enough to face the bull- n-hearted to do the same.	lly without backing
The word part <i>cor</i> or <i>cour</i> means	a. resembling.	b. double.	c. heart.
2 di- /dai/, du- /dju:/	 When Tyrone and Verna got divorced, they had day dividing their household possessions into two 		•
	 One of the three bar played at the dance. 	nd members didn't show	up, so only a duo
The word part <i>di</i> - or <i>du</i> - means	a. make.	b. two.	c. great.
3 -dom /dəm/	• A few actors achieve stardom is long and d	overnight success, but fo	or most, the road to
	•	my husband into a deep e him with me when I shop	
The word part -dom means	a. like.	b. state of being.	c. fear.
4 -fy /fai/	 Would it simplify matters if I held your baby while your dressing room to try on the slacks? 		hile you go into the
	• First liquefy the ice cr	eam over heat. Then mix in	the strawberry jam.
The word part -fy means	a. cause to become.	b. again.	c. dislike.
5 il- /ɪl/, im- /ɪm/	• Nita doesn't seem to hydrant.	care that it's illegal to pa	rk in front of a fire
	• My brother-in-law is instead of a married m	so immature that he often nan of 26.	n acts as if he is 16
The word part il- or im- means	a. not.	b. double.	c. like.
6 -ish /tʃ/	•	once videotaped me huffi s, and now he shows the	
	· Of all the girls at sch	ool, Jessy was the most st	ylish, wearing only

a. forth.

the latest clothing featured in the fashion magazines.

b. characteristic of.

c. mind.

The word part -ish means

7 magni-, magn- /ˈmægnɪ/	 My grandmother ut the newspaper apper 	ises a magnifying glass to mear larger.	ake the small print in	
The word part <i>magni</i> - or <i>magn</i> -		tarting Standard Oil in 1870, lled about 85 percent of the co		
means	a. forward.	b. fear.	c. large.	
8 phob /foub/	• One of the most up to the roof of one's	nusual phobias is the fear of mouth.	peanut butter sticking	
	•	nas developed agoraphobia t g to the mailbox at the end of	•	
The word part <i>phob</i> means	a. forth.	b. quality.	c. fear.	
9 pro- /prəu/	• Proceed down to the x-ray departme	he end of this hallway, make a	a left, and you will see	
	· One scientist prop	els his car with a fuel he gets	by burning garbage.	
The word part <i>pro-</i> means	a. forward.	b. resembling.	c. dislike.	
10 psych- /psaik/, psycho- /psaikeu/	• To treat her dep psychiatrist once a	ression, Lee takes medicat a week.	ion and also sees a	
The word part psych- or psycho-	• A psychoactive dr	ug is one that affects mental p	rocesses.	
means	a. mind.	b. make.	c. again.	
* The pronunciation of word parts is for	reference only as they r	nay change when it becomes pa	rt of a particular word.	
Matching Word Parts w	ith Definitions	2		
Following are definitions of the The sentences above and on the p	ten word parts. Clearly	write or print each word par		
1.	_ Great; large			
2	Cause to be or bec	ome; make		
3	_ Forward; forth			
4	Fear			
5	_ Two; double			
6	_ Resembling; like;	characteristic of		
7	_ Heart			

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the word parts well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

Mental processes; mind

State of being; condition

Not

Using the answer line provided, complete each *italicized* word in the sentences below with the correct word part from the box. Use each word part once.

a. cour	b. di-, du-	cdom	d. -fy _	e. il-, im-
-ish	g. magni-	h. phob	i. pro-	j. psycho-
	1. Despite he	er (boy) hair	do, Paula looks very	feminine.
	2. (Wis)	is what we gain	when we learn from	our mistakes.
	3. The parent son failed		aged) when	every attempt to find th
	4. To keep t stretcher.	he accident victim (<i>mobile</i>), the	e paramedics tied her t
		on these life-size dol duced) each year		is that only one hund
	6. The funh pounds he		ied) my reflect	ion so that I looked f
	•	(plicate) imp I still have the copy.	portant papers and le	tters so that if the origi
		analyst) asked in understanding he		her dreams, as they mi
	•	ant to find a job ent next month, you'	_	duates start looking) your search.
				. <i>ia</i>) Otherwise, e down the chimney.

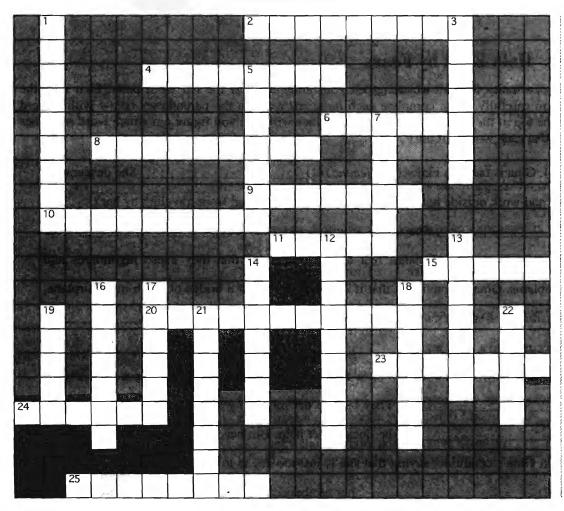
> Sentence Check 2

oart from the box. Use each	ed, complete each <i>italicized</i> word in the sentences below with the correct vord part once.	word
	1-2. The apartment the realtor showed us was (ficent), but it (practical) for us. Not only was it too large, but it would make an uncomfortable dent in our budget.	
	3-4. Everyone has fears, but (ic) people need to gain (free from the extreme fears that devastate them and their families.)
	5-6. The purpose of (therapy) is to (mote) mental healt	th.

			Chapter 10
	7–8.	Florence and I felt (fool) when Banner" as a (et) and forgot the w	
	9–10.	The mayor didn't allow racial tensions to (made more of an effort to (uni) th	
Fi	nal Check: Held Bacl	k by Fears	
fol fro	lowing selection carefully. The	ou to strengthen your knowledge of the tent complete each <i>italicized</i> word in the partious page. (Context clues will help you figure once.	rentheses below with a word
	At age 24, Gina is facing	a major (<i>lemma</i>) (1)	She desperately
	wants to live and work outside	e her hometown, but she is prevented from	traveling by her (ias)
	(2)	She suffers from (logical) (3)	but
	intense fears of bridges and	airplanes that are so traumatic° that the	ey cause nightmares and
	breathing problems. Gina is c	onvinced that if she doesn't fall off a bridg	ge or crash in an airplane,
	the mere possibility of such	a calamity° will so (terri) (4)	her
	that she'll succumb° to a hear	t attack.	
_	For some time now, Gina	a's friends have tried to persuade her to st	art seeing a (logist)
	(5)	They believe her problem will on	ly increase in (tude)
	(6)	if she doesn't get help. But her relati	ives often make flippant°
	remarks about Gina's condition	on, saying that she is just too cheap to trave	el. Accusing her of being
	(child) (7)	, her brothers call her "baby"	' and "chicken." They say
	if she only had a little more (age) (8)	, she would be able to go
	places. They don't realize that	if she could have controlled her fears by no	ow, she would have.
	Gina is seriously conside	ring her friends' advice because she feels	she has squanderedo too
	much of her time and ener	gy on her fears. She hopes she will m	ake rapid (gress)
	(9)	in gaining (<i>free</i>) (10)	from her fears
	so that she can start to live a f	ull life.	
	Scores S	entence Check 2 % Final Check	%

UNIT THREE: Review

The box at the right lists twenty-five words from Unit Three. Using the clues at the bottom of the page, fill in these words to complete the puzzle that follows.



abstain alleviate aspire charisma congenial contend curtail cynic deficit demise digress dissent extrovert impasse incorporate, intrinsic **lucrative** poignant prompt prone quest reprisal rigor succumb virile

ACROSS

- Belonging to a person or thing by its very nature (and thus not dependent on circumstances)
- 4. The paying back of one injury or bad deed with another
- To strongly desire; to be ambitious (to do something or to get something)
- 8. To relieve; make easier to endure
- 9. To give in; stop resisting
- 10. Profitable; well paying
- 11. A search; pursuit

- 15. Great hardship or difficulty
- 20. To unite into a single whole; combine
- 23. Disagreement
- 24. Death
- 25. Emotionally moving; touching

DOWN

- 1. Agreeable or pleasant in character; friendly
- 3. To state to be so; claim
- 5. A situation with no way out; dead end
- 7. To urge into action

- 12. An outgoing, sociable person
- 13. To turn aside, or stray, especially from the main topic in speaking or writing
- 14. To cut short or reduce
- 16. To hold oneself back from something; refrain
- 17. Manly; masculine
- 18. A shortage; a lack (in amount)
- 19. Having a tendency; inclined
- 21. The quality of a leader which captures great popular devotion; personal magnetism
- 22. A person who believes the worst of people's behavior

UNIT THREE: Test 1

1.	. In irregular bursts	of energy, dying st	ars give off rad	lio signals.
	a. virile	b. intermittent	c. congenial	d. flippant
2	. Scientists tha 120 years.	t the average life sp	oan of a dinosaur w	as probably 100 to
	a. speculate	b. digress	c. detract	d. squander
3	. The of a Con hundred-pound w	necticut man was s ife sat on him.	trange indeed. He o	lied when his five-
	a. diversion	b. charisma	c. perception	d. demise
4		our viewing of mitted the murder.	the TV mystery, s	so we never found
	a. prompted	b. curtailed	c. contended	d. dissented
5	. The CIA's ac with tiny hidden r	tivities often includ	le "bugging" peopl	e's telephone lines
	a. covert	b. traumatic	c. virile	d. congenial
. 6	-	ol point out that guid deaths each year.	n accidents in Ame	rican homes result
	a. Quests	b. Incentives	c. Proponents	d. Rigors
7		en the two countrie ch border area as its		_ when each side
	a. benefactor	b. rapport	c. diversion	d. impasse
	to oversleeping has to get out of b	ng, Sherman keeps eed to turn it off.	his alarm clock acr	oss the room so he
•	a. Intrinsic	b. Lucrative	c. Prone	d. Covert
9		ed in nearly half of from drinking v		
	a. affiliate	b. abstain	c. contend	d. aspire
		that I didn't have come the by		or holiday gifts, I part-time job in
	a. charisma	b. perception	c. dissent	d. deficit

PART B

On the answer line, write the letter of the choice that best completes each item.

	If you aspire to be an Olympic swimmer, a. then find a sport you prefer. c. become a coach instead.		you must be ready to practice continually. you may have a fear of water.
 1	A child with relentless questions is probably a. ill. c. curious.		angry. too shy to ask.
 1	The enormously successful movie <i>Titanic</i> incorp a. many millions of dollars. c. elements of romance, adventure, and tragedy.	b.	an ocean liner which struck an iceberg.
	Many men try to make themselves look more vir a. eating more fruits and vegetables. c. making quilts.	b.	by learning to play a musical instrument. lifting weights.
	The boss's perception of Cory was a. the comment "Good morning." c. the afternoon shift.		that Cory was a hard worker. eight dollars an hour.
	Joel seems to believe that his friends exist in order. a. believes she exists to serve her friends. c. has far fewer friends than Joel.	b.	agrees with Joel's point of view. is not a friend of Joel's.
 1	In his lecture about television, the speaker digres a. mentioning a game-show series. b. saying, "Good morning. My topic today is tele. discussing a soccer game he had seen the nigled. examining television ads aimed at children.	evi	sion."
	Cheryl's face showed revulsion as she listened to a. exactly what happens to a person's body as he b. the gourmet appetizers, meals, and desserts ser c. advances in spinal-cord research that hold gread. financial-aid packages available to incoming c	is e vec t pi	electrocuted. I on the cruise ship. Tromise for accident victims.
	Elaine works hard at her job as a lawyer. For divalent a. reads all the latest law journals to keep up with b. gardens and plays field hockey. c. writes briefs, attends hearings, and meets with attended college and law school.	h r	ecent developments.
	Knowing that her auto accident had been a traun a. expected her to heal soon. b. were hesitant to make her talk about the horric. wondered why she was making such a big dead. knew she would be joking about it soon.	ble	event.

Score (Number correct) _____ × 5 = ____%

UNIT THREE: Test 2

PART A Complete each item with a word from the box. Use each word once.

a. benefactorf. lucrativek. reprisal	b. contend c. devastate d. extrovert e. flippant g. polgnant h. quest i. rapport j. rationale l. rigor m. succumb
	1. Jill was(e)d when she lost her job and, with it, her hopes of affording a house.
	2. I have excellent with my brother, but I haven't spoken to my old sister for years.
	3. Rudy is such a(n) that he makes friends with most of the customers his beauty salon.
	4. Before the turn of the century, thes of prizefighting included boxin without gloves.
	5. The owner of the restaurant(e)d to public pressure and established nonsmoking section.
	6. My for using cloth napkins is that they result in fewer trees being c down to make paper napkins.
	7. It was to see the bear immediately adopt the orphaned cub.
	8. Halloween is for candy manufacturers. The holiday earns them aboa billion dollars a year.
	9. In some fairy tales, the hero searches far and wide, on a(n) for some precious object or missing person.
	10. The high school's chief has offered to pay all college costs for an low-income student who graduates from the school.
	11. When her brother kept taking her bike without asking, Meg's w simply not to warn him that one of the tires was going flat.
	12. The street's residents that they complained for months about the hup pothole before the city government did anything about it.
	13. When the principal asked Randy why he had spilled milk on some girls the lunchroom, his response was "Because they were thirsty."

PART Write		the italicized word is used correctly. Write I if the word is used incorrectly.
	14.	For two weeks, the newspapers reported on the crimes of the <i>infamous</i> serial killer.
	15.	Fran often squanders her money by walking through rain or snow instead of paying for a cab.
	16.	Priests, rabbis, and other agnostics signed the petition asking for aid to the homeless.
	17.	Groucho Marx once joked that he wouldn't want to affiliate himself with any club that would accept him as a member.
	18.	The desire to aid others seems <i>intrinsic</i> to many animals. Baboons, for example, will try to free other baboons that are caged.
	19.	Halloween has <i>contemporary</i> roots. Each year, the ancient Irish would dress as demons and witches to frighten away ghosts who might otherwise claim their bodies.

PART C On the answer line, write the letter of the word that is the synonym of the boldfaced word.

Example: <u>u</u> traumation	c a. upsetting	b. surprising	c. comforting
20. benevolent	a. cruel	b. gifted	c. kind
21. alleviate	a. relieve	b. worsen	c. raise
22. indispensable	a. essential	b. expensive	c. unnecessary

PART D On the answer line, write the letter of the word that is the antonym of the boldfaced word.

Example: <u>c</u> traumatic	a. upsetting	b. surprising	c. comforting
23. prevalent	a. heavy	b. rare	c. common
24. congenial	a. disagreeable	b. clever	c. pleasant
25. mandatory	a. required	b. optional	c. noisy

	The state of the s		
Score	(Number correct)	_ × 4 =	%

UNIT THREE: Test 3

Each item below starts with a pair of words in CAPITAL LETTERS. For each item, figure out the relationship between these two words. Then decide which of the choices (a, b, c, or d) expresses a similar relationship. Write the letter of your choice on the answer line.

	1. CURTAIL : SHORTEN ::	
	a. seek : find	b. depart : arrive
	c. silence : conversation	d. ask: inquire
	2. DEVASTATE : DISASTER ::	
	a. harm : nursec. bore : surprise	b. amaze : miracle d. cold : snow
	•	u. colu . silow
	3. INCENTIVE : MONEY ::	
	a. youth : adulthoodc. vehicle : motorcycle	b. cash : povertyd. sanitation worker : garbage
	•	u. samtation worker . garbage
	4. BENEFACTOR : SUPPORTS ::	
	a. surgeon : operatesc. soldier : helmet	b. leader : follows d. waiter : waitress
	c. soldier . heimet	u. watter . wattress
	5. CYNIC : OPTIMISTIC ::	
	a. cucumber : vegetable	b. criminal : law-abiding
	c. outcast : excluded	d. ballerina : graceful
	6. VIRILE: FEMININE::	
	a. manly: macho	b. apartment : dwelling
	c. popular : celebrity	d. fashionable : outmoded
	7. AGNOSTIC : RELIGIOUS ::	
	a. salesperson: persuasive	b. secretary: telephone
	c. hermit : sociable	d. corn : crop
	8. DISSENT : DISAGREEMENT ::	
	a. remedy: solution	b. chemist : scientist
	c. discord : harmony	d. rival: helpful
	9. DEFICIT : SURPLUS ::	
	a. debt: poverty	b. border: interior
	c. clouds : rain	d. race car: speedy
1	10. CONTEMPORÅRY : OLD-FASHIONEI) ::
	a. outdated : old	b. copy: original
	c thoughtful: gift	d. handlebar : bicycle

Score	(Number correct)	× 5	=	%

UNIT THREE: Test 4 (Word Parts)

PART A

Listed in the left-hand column below are ten common word parts, followed by words in which the parts are used. In each blank, write in the letter of the correct definition on the right.

Word Parts		Examples	Definitions
	1. cor, cour	cordial, courageous	a. Two; double
	2. di-, du-	divorced, duo	b. Mental processes; mind
	3. -dom	stardom, boredom	c. Not
	4. -fy	simplify, liquefy	d. Fear
	5. il-, im-	illegal, immature	e. Heart
	6. -ish	devilish, stylish	f. Forward; forth
	7. magni-, magn-	magnifying, magnate	g. Great; large
	8. phob	phobia, agoraphobia	h. State of being; condition
	9. pro-	proceed, propel	i. Cause to be or become; make
	10. psych-, psycho-	psychiatrist, psychologist	j. Resembling; like; characteristic of

PART B

Using the answer line provided, complete each *italicized* word in the sentences below with the correct word part from the box. Not every word part will be used.

	a. cour	b. -dom	c. du-	d. -fy	e. il-	4
	fish	g. magni-	h. phob	i. pro-	j. psycho-	
_			ng all the books, mo reason for (bore)		grams in everyday	life,
_			at is used for driving student and one for th		al) controls	, one
		13. Bacteria (p	ouri) soil in w	hich bodies are buri	ied by destroying ge	erms.
		14. The (night with drugs	mar) experie	nce of constantly h	iccuping can be sto	pped
			of (acro ia), a rorking higher than the		ane refused any job	that

(Continues on next page)

1	>		83/W	4	
- 1	•	A	5C 1	•	

_	ur knowledge of word parts to detend the letter of each meaning.	ermine the meaning of the boldface	ed words. On the answer line.
1	6. "Go through the red double doo	ors," said the secretary, "and then pr	oceed down the hallway."
	a. go quickly	b. go fearfully .	c. go forward
1	7. A blue moon is improbable .		
	a. shocking	b. unlikely	c. beautiful
1	8. Our parents received a magnum	n of champagne as an anniversary g	ift.
	a. a large bottle	b. a medium-sized bottle	c. a little bottle
1	9. Ken's report emphasized the co	re of the plan.	
	a. the details	b. the background	c. the central part
2	20. Belle suffered from a psychosis	3.	
	a. a physical disease	b. a mental disorder	c. a heart problem

Unit Four



UNIT FOUR: Pretest

In the space provided, write the letter of the choice that is closest in meaning to the **boldfaced** word.

 1. facade	a) false name b) building front c) scorn d) good intention
 2. redundant	a) wordy b) gentle c) plenty d) not enough
 3. blase	a) excited b) kind c) curious d) bored
 4. haughty	a) arrogant b) alarmed c) contented d) thoughtful
 5. pseudonym	 a) false appearance b) imaginary creature c) false name d) dishonest person
 6. comprise	a) reward b) consist of c) award d) repeat
 7. condescend	 a) avoid b) become messy c) do something beneath oneself d) get bored
 8. libel	a) document b) publishing false information c) newspaper d) rumor
 9. glib	a) crunchy b) smooth-talking c) threatening d) present but inactive
 10. benign	a) rude b) crazy c) cruel d) kindly
 11. divulge	a) reveal b) embarrass c) hide d) remove
 12. endow	a) name b) tease c) give a quality to d) cancel
 13. expulsion	a) promotion b) dismissal c) award d) attack
 14. detract	a) provide b) compete c) lessen d) compliment
 15. nullify	a) harm b) allow c) turn aside d) cancel.
 16. elation	a) trade b) comparison c) joy d) majority opinion
 17. ominous	a) happy b) threatening c) depressed d) friendly
 18. mortify	a) humiliate b) praise c) entertain d) remember
 19. disdain	a) discouragement b) pain c) scorn d) approval
 20. averse	a) attracted b) fearful c) warm d) opposed
 21. cursory	a) believable b) capable of error c) done hastily d) inactive
 22. shun	a) take care of b) avoid c) approve of d) hesitate
 23. designate	a) appoint b) discover c) avoid d) report
 24. interim	a) time b) noontime c) mealtime d) meantime
 25. latent	a) plain b) inactive c) on the surface d) confusing

(Continues on next page)

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Unit Four: Pretest

26. improvise	a) prove b) do without preparation c) reject d) reveal
27. secular	a) not related to religion b) troublesome c) in a city d) religious
28. deviate	a) hide b) develop c) follow d) turn aside
29. simulate	a) enjoy b) take apart c) imitate d) build
30. credible	a) believable b) fair c) affordable d) careful
31. menial	a) important b) unkind c) lowly d) odd
32. transcend	a) send b) travel c) show off d) rise above
33. deplete	a) encourage b) use up c) delay d) add to
34. complacent	a) workable b) easy c) self-satisfied d) healthy
35. niche	a) memory b) wild outburst c) main idea d) one's place
36. diligent	a) careful in work b) odd c) obvious d) gentle
37. empathy	 a) fear b) encouragement c) ability to share someone's feelings d) avoidance
38. consensus	a) majority opinion b) counting c) study d) approval
39. commemorate	a) forget b) imitate c) add new members d) honor the memory of
40. waive	a) sleep b) show off c) give up d) fly
41. gist	a) details b) central idea c) left overs d) respect
42. bizarre	a) odd b) complex c) simple d) common
43. paradox	 a) delicate situation b) problem c) seemingly contradictory idea d) play
44. viable	a) in view b) manly c) lively d) workable
45. flaunt	a) scare b) show off c) tempt d) intrude
46. conducive	a) revealing b) announcing c) promoting d) defeating
47. hamper	a) restrict b) celebrate c) betray d) debate
48. frenzy	a) high regard b) main idea c) party d) wild outburst
49. repertoire	a) sample b) collection of skills c) demonstration d) concert
50. falter	a) frighten b) approve c) hesitate d) jump



benign blase comprise condescend facade glib haughty libel pseudonym redundant

Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

1 benign /bɪˈnaɪn/	 Finding a stranger on his face told me not to 	-	out the benign expression on
-adjective	 Gorilla mothers, usu babies when caged with 		ecome abusive toward their
Benign means	a. realistic.	b. kindhearted.	c. bored.
2 blasé /ˈblɑ:zeɪ/	The new staff member timers were pretty blace.	ers were enthusiastic at the wase.	reekly meetings, but the old-
-adjective	 No matter how many Each game is new and 	_	ecome blasé about baseball.
Blasé means	a. unexcited.	b. obvious.	c. repetitive.
3 comprise /kəmˈpraɪz/	 The United Kingdor Ireland. 	m comprises England, Sco	tland, Wales, and Northern
-verb	 Saliva comprises about tooth enamel. 	out sixty ingredients, includi	ing minerals that help repair
Comprise means	a. to cause.	b. to reveal.	c. to be made up of.
4 condescend /ˌkɒndɪ¹send/	 The snobby millional wasn't also rich. 	ire wouldn't condescend to	associate with anyone who
-verb		lse in the office took turns m m "such a lowly task."	taking coffee, Bill would not
Condescend means	a. to lower oneself.	b. to dare something frigh	tening. c. to remember.
5 facade /fəˈsɑːd/		ld department store was cle in inviting bright orange-red.	
-noun	 The facade of the hot back were made of pl 	el — facing Main Street — v ain brick.	was marble, but the sides and
Facade means	a. an inside.	b. a top.	c. a front.
6 glib /glɪb/	 Always ready with a into being re-elected. 	slick promise, the glib politic	cian smoothly talked his way
-adjective	 The man thought his and insincere. 	conversation would impress	Sandra, but she found it glib

b. strict.

c. smooth.

Glib means

a. bored.

7 haughty /ˈhɔːtɪ/ -adjective	surprisingly, their ha	nughty manner made them un	ter than anybody else. Not npopular with their neighbors.
-шувсиче		ted to manager, Gil was I ow had more important thing	haughty with his old office s to do than gab with them.
Haughty means	a. snobbish.	b. angry.	c. wordy.
8 libel /ˈlaɪbəl/		s name listed in the article ," he yelled. "How dare they	as a gang member, he was print such a lie about me?"
-noun		tors double-check the facts used of libel, they can prove	they publish about a person. that they stated the truth.
Libel means	a. a false name.	b. a printed falsehood.	c. a repeated expression.
9 pseudonym /ˈpsjuːdənɪm/		onal story for a family maga yone in town to know about	zine, Bev used a pseudonym. her problems.
-noun	•	King uses a pseudonym on so many of the horror novels	some of his books so readers on the market are his.
Pseudonym means	a. a weak vocabular	y. b. a personal experien	nce. c. a false name.
10 redundant /rɪˈdʌndənt/		eadache medicine was so r of the product was repeated	redundant that it gave me a at least a dozen times.
-adjective		redundant" in several spots sed extra, unneeded words.	s in the essay where Eric had
Redundant means	a. grammatical.	b. proud.	c. repetitious.

Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

1	A false name used by an author; a pen name
2	To do something one feels is beneath oneself
3	Unexcited or bored about something already experienced repeatedly
4	The front of a building
5	Wordy or needlessly repetitive
6	Kindly; gentle
7	The publishing of false information that harms a person's reputation
8	Proud of one's appearance or accomplishments to the point of looking down on others; arrogant
9	To consist of
10	Characterized by a smooth, easy manner of speaking that ofter suggests insincerity or thoughtlessness

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

Using the answer line provided, complete each item below with the correct word from the box. Use each word once.

a. benign	b. blasé	c. comprise	d. condescend	e. facade
f. glib	g. haughty	h. libel	i. pseudonym	j. redundant
	_	ptionist's jobs ar il, dealing with mess	nswering the phone, gre engers, and smiling.	eting customers, op
		nt's letters are annous by telephone.	oyingly, repeating	"news" she has al
		becoming a fashion of her old, unglamore	model, Nora has been ous friends.	very, even snu
		_	azine for because being drunk in public.	it printed a false
	-		some made-up excuse y at the snap of a finger	_
			my neighbor carefully and gently put it down	
	go to v	-	er job at the recording s , after ten years, she's	
		-	er a dollhouse with a ers, a red front door, and	=
			all player wouldn'tt the fans were the ones	
		-	ns wasn't the first auth of the time used the san	
tence Che	ck~2			
the answer line	es provided, comp	olete each item below	w with two words from	the box. Use each
		_	than everyone else at the	-
			of when he wrote ter that, he used a s	

he was the author whose facts were in doubt.

5-6.	At first Joanne thought Barry was too, that his sm show. As she got to know him better, however, her pe changed. She found that his easy manner reflected a nature.	erception° of him
7–8.	The scenery crew for the summer theatre(e)d three artists and designer. They created an intricate° of a medieval castle, cor with a carved door, a drawbridge, and a moat.	
9–10.	The writing teacher had become from repeatedly problems: careless organization, lack of focus, and we paragraphs held only a sentence of meaning. In additional turned to plagiarism° rather than use their own words.	riting so that
Final Check: Interview	with a Rude Star	
election carefully. Then fill in ea	to strengthen your knowledge of the ten words. First reach blank with a word from the box at the top of the out which word goes in which blank.) Use each word of	ne previous page.
When a famous actress ar	rived in town to work on a movie, an editor asked me	to interview
her. Because this was my first	interview assignment, I felt far from (1)	
•	excited and scared. Would a star (2)	
see me, an unknown, inexperie		
When I arrived at the	movie set, I saw the actress standing in front of	the painted
(3)	_ of a mansion. During a break in the filming, I approa	iched her and
• • •	be as congenial as possible, I smiled and told her I wover with, she said, clearly annoyed.	as pleased to
_	oly. My dream of establishing a comfortable rapport	with the star
soon vanished as the interview	w degenerated° into an awkward, demoralizing° situati	on that I just
wanted to end. Although it (4)(e)d carefully thought-o	out questions,
she sighed or rolled he	er eyes at every one of them. And no	
(5)	my manner, she seemed to view me as some sort	of threat. At
	and yelled, "That's (6)!	
	ion twice." When I asked her about serious issues, her	
totally (7)	— insincere and shallow.	
Now that the interview	is over, I have to write about her. Should I say	that she's a
	rude woman who thinks only of herself and expects oth	
•	se me of maligning° her and sue me for (9)	
I wonder if the editor would le	et me use a (10), so my rea	ıl name won't
appear on an article about this	•	
		יי
Scores Se	entence Check 2% Final Check%	



averse detract disdain divulge elation endow expulsion mortify nullify ominous

c. to threaten.

Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

		-		
1 averse /ə¹vɜːs/	 That little boy wa made him gag. 	s once so averse to tomatoe	es that the very sight of them	
-adjective	 Being averse to so than go to a rock co 		ay home and listen to my CDs	
Averse means	a. opposed.	b. accustomed.	c. open.	
2 detract /dɪ'trækt/	 Julius thinks the sc noticeable. 	ar on his cheek detracts from	his good looks, but it's barely	
-verb	 All of the litter in the park certainly detracts from the beauty of the trees and flowers. 			
Detract means	a. to result.	b. to benefit.	c. to take away.	
3 disdain /dɪsˈdeɪn/	because she couldr	't pronounce anything on the		
-noun		quest to see the state senator r's secretary politely made an	would be treated with disdain appointment for me.	
Disdain means	a. pride.	b. disrespect.	c. sorrow.	
4 divulge /dai ¹ vʌldʒ/	• My father wouldn't divulge the type of car he had bought, saying only, "It's a surprise."			
-verb	 It's against the law 	to ask people to divulge their	r age at a job interview.	
Divulge means	a. to hide.	b. to recall.	c. to tell.	
5 elation /ɪˈleɪ∫ən/	 The principal shoutouchdown. 	ited with elation when the so	chool team scored the winning	
-noun		to feel elation at his graduating with some of his high-sch	ion. Instead, he felt sadness a ool friends.	
Elation means	a. anger.	b. confusion.	c. happiness.	
6 endow	• Nature has endowed	ed hummingbirds with the abi	lity to fly backward.	
/ɪnˈdaʊ/ -verb		•	find humor in any situation s hotel room, "One of us had to	

b. to curse.

Endow means

a. to equip.

7 expulsion /ɪkˈspʌl∫ <i>ə</i> n/	 The manager told us talk during the movie. 	-	he theater if we continued to
-noun	-	ol is intended as a punishnowed to attend classes a rew	nent, but some students may ard.
Expulsion means	a. being canceled.	b. being forced out.	c. being embarrassed.
8 mortify	• It would mortify me i	f my voice were to crack du	ring my choir solo.
/ˈmɔːtɪfaɪ/ -verb		•	n the streamer of toilet paper s' room to rejoin my date in a
Mortify means	a. to shame.	b. to insult.	c. to delay.
9 nullify /'nʌlɪfaɪ/	 The college will nulli with a new sticker. 	fy my student ID at the end	of the term unless I update it
-verb		decided to nullify its contracted of drunken driving.	act with a well-known athlete
Nullify means	a. to renew.	b. to reveal.	c. to cancel.
10 ominous /'pmines/	 To many, cemeteries have an ominous quality, particularly at night of Halloween, when the threat of ghosts can seem very real. 		
-adjective	• The sore's failure to h	eal was ominous, a possible	sign of cancer.
Ominous means	a. embarrassing.	b. threatening.	c. unworthy.

Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

1.	To provide with a talent or quality
2.	An attitude or feeling of contempt; scorn
3	The act or condition of being forced to leave
4	Threatening harm or evil; menacing
5	To reveal; make known
6	Having a feeling of dislike or distaste for something
7	To humiliate or embarrass
8	To lessen what is admirable or worthwhile about something
9	A feeling of great joy or pride
10	To make legally ineffective; cancel

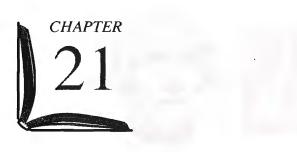
CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

Using the answer line provided, complete each item below with the correct word from the box. Use each word once.

	a. averse		detract	c. disdain	d. divulge i. nullified	e. elation
	f. endow	g.	expulsion	h. mortified	i. nuilitiea	j. ominous
			1. People talk watching a	-	eater greatly f	rom the enjoyment
			2. Because of	the dark, storm	clouds, we canceled	the softball game.
			3. I'm to s	peaking in public bed	cause I don't enjoy n	naking a fool of myse
			4. When he re wept with jo	_	cholarship, my broth	ner felt such that
				of the mayoral electronic voting fraud.	tion were after	the townspeople fou
				can water shrew is e small animal to wal		that have air pocke
_				a law calling for the to be allowed to stay	-	igrants. Others want s.
			-	peated boasts about hook at him with,	_	backfired. They caus
			9. Never trust	Esta with a secret. S	he'll it the minu	ite you turn your bac
			•	or was when he facing away from the		delivered much of lera.
Se	ntence Chec	k2				
Jsi onc	_	s prov	vided, complete	each item below with	h two words from t	he box. Use each wo
			the plan	-		plant that they want t ant infringes° on eve
			so low th		s from her looks	r, but her self-image s. However, others fi attributes°.
			5-6. When so	meone(e)d to a	counselor that a cert	tain student was selli

drugs, an investigation began that led to that student's ___ from school.

· ·
7-8. Amy was by the low grade she received for her class speech, a grade she considered a sign of the teacher's for her. However, the teacher's rationale° for the grade was that the speech was incoherent°. In addition to the lack of logic, it contained little solid information.
9-10. Marty had believed his headaches and blurred vision were signs of some terrible syndrome°, so he felt when he learned that he simply needed glasses.
Final Check: The Nightmare of Gym
Here is a final opportunity for you to strengthen your knowledge of the ten words. First read the following selection carefully. Then fill in each blank with a word from the box at the top of the previous page (Context clues will help you figure out which word goes in which blank.) Use each word once.
I was not (1)(e)d with athletic ability. In a frequent nightmare,
I'm still trying to pass my mandatory° gym class so that I can graduate from high school. The
situation always looks grim. For one thing, the teacher has threatened me with
(2) from school for refusing to take a group shower. Also appearing
in my dream is the terrifying vault horse, the very sight of which (3)s
from my mental health. I run toward the horse, leap, and nose-dive into the mat. Ignoring my
despair, the rest of the gym class laughs. Once again, I am (4) by my
athletic performance.
Next, a single (5) rope threatens overhead, where it hangs from the
ceiling. I try to contrive° some excuse to get out of climbing it. However, my excuses are so
incoherent° that my teacher says, "I don't understand anything you're saying. Get started."
Wondering if anyone has ever died from rope burn, I struggle to climb it. Almost to the top, I
sweat so much that I slide back to the floor, landing at the gym teacher's feet. "What a loser," the
teacher mutters with an expression of total (6)
Because I've always been (7) to square-dancing, that too
appears in the nightmare. Having forgotten my sneakers, I'm forced to dance in my socks. I slip,
rather than dance, around the polished floor. During one high-speed turn, I go sliding—right into
the men's locker room, where the smell causes me to pass out.
The only pleasant part of the dream comes near the end. With amazement and
(8), I learn that I will graduate after all. I smile, thinking I'll never
have to face the rigors° of gym class again.
But then, the principal (9)s the terrible truth. I haven't managed
to pass gym. My graduation depends on my agreeing to take four more years of gym when I get to
college. If I don't, my high school diploma will be (10)
Scores Sentence Check 2% Final Check%



credible cursory designate deviate improvise interim latent secular shun simulate

Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

1 credible /'kredəbl/	 Some jurors doubte credible. 	d the witness's testimony, be	ut most of them found it
-adjective		Bower's resumé may seem, I og that it really is truthful.	don't think you should hire
Credible means	a. long.	b. boring.	c. believable.
2 cursory /ˈkɜːsərɪ/		a cursory job of brushing the	eir teeth. To avoid cavities,
-adjective		o work late, he had only enough efore his parents arrived.	h time to give his apartment
Cursory means	a. careful.	b. consistent.	c. quick.
3 designate /'dezigneit/	• At the party, Betty d	rank soda rather than beer, so rip home.	her friends designated her
-verb	 A coworker was de Year" award at the co 	signated to present Vonnie vompany banquet.	vith the "Employee of the
Designate means	a. to forbid.	b. to assign.	c. to hire.
4 deviate /'di:viət/	 Having taken the w from the route market 	rong exit off the highway, we	had to deviate somewhat
-verb	• If you deviate even a	little from the test's directions,	you might hurt your grade.
Deviate means	a. to follow.	b. to depart.	c. to gain.
5 improvise /'improvaiz/ -verb		e accompaniments on the pian know how she plays so well	
	_	orbell, I wasn't expecting Ell kly improvise an explanation f	
Improvise means	a. to remember.	b. to keep away from.	c. to invent.
6 interim /'intərim/	 Cassie hadn't seen he troubled boys into se 	er nephews for years. In the int rious young men.	erim, they had grown from
-noun		eft, it took two weeks for her rethe interim, the agents had to d	_
Interim means	a. the time between.	b. the future.	c. the place.

7	latent /'leitənt/	 Certain viruses, such as the before symptoms appear. 	ne one for AIDS, can be later	at in the body for years
	-adjective	 After he retired, my fathe painting and now sells mu 	r discovered his latent artistic ch of his work.	c talent. He took up oil
_	Latent means	a. partial.	b. inactive.	c. absent.
/ ^l se	secular /ˈsekjulə(r)/	• While our government is religion.	s secular, some governments	are directly tied to a
	-adjective	 Devoting himself to a dee most secular pleasures. 	ply religious life, the Hindu h	oly man denied himself
	Secular means	a. spiritual.	b. reliable.	c. nonreligious.
	shun /ʃʌn/	• I used to see a lot of Trac possible.	cy, but since our argument, sl	he shuns me whenever
	-verb	• The Amish live without nautomobiles and electric li	nany modern conveniences. Fights.	For example, they shun
_	Shun means	a. to keep away from.	b. to recognize.	c. to observe.
10	simulate /'sɪmjuleɪt/ -verb	•	hen table, with its wood-grain es a human heart can keep I heart can be substituted.	•
_	Simulate means	a. to contrast with.	b. to imitate.	c. to be made of.

Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

1	To compose, perform, or provide without preparation
2	Believable
3	The period of time in between; meantime
4.	To name to an office or duty; appoint
5	
6	Not directly related to religion; not spiritual; worldly
7	Done quickly and without attention to detail
8	To keep away from; avoid consistently
9	Present but hidden or inactive
10.	To turn aside or stray, as from a path, direction, or standard

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

Using the answer line provided, complete each item below with the correct word from the box. Use each word once.

a. credible	b.	cursory	c. designate	d. deviate	e. improvise
f. interim	g.	latent	h. secular	i. shun	j. simulate
			ability in basketbal	* *	
		2. Presidents views.	s as Supreme Co	urt justices people	who share their poli
		3. I hear An to get his	dy dropped out of col degree?	lege. What caused	him to from his
			his story about a flat o use our telephone.	tire sounded,	my parents allowed
			_ between applying to lot of time worrying.	college and getting	g the letter of accepta
		_	ouldn't identify the dragon a(n) glance at the		-
			rus is known for its ions, including show t	- -	ut it also performs
			e actor forgot his lines nager whispered to hir		some dialog unti
			nd the hardest part of le and places that wou		
			's exhibits then s, for example, live in		
ntence Che	$ck \ 2$				
ng the answer line e.	es prov	vided, complet	te each item below wi	th two words from	the box. Use each v
		b	renth grade, I looked between seventh and nly surfaced.		
		3-4. In loo	king for a college, Lu	ike gave only	attention to sch

He was quite sure he wanted to attend a Catholic school.

	Matt told his mother he was late because he had fallen w home. To make his story more, he had scratched his rock to an injury from a fall.	5-6.
	Della wanted to be a cheerleader, but she willingly(e goal when she was(e)d class mascot and got to wear costume to all the games.	7–8.
ingredients happened	Proud of his ability to create new dishes, Franco tended to books. He preferred to meals, using whatever ingredien to be on hand. In fact, cooking was one of his favorite divergence.	9–10.

➤ Final Check: Skipping Church

Here ing selec ige. (Con

e is a final opportunity for you to strengthen your knowledge of the ten words. First read the followation carefully. Then fill in each blank with a word from the box at the top of the previous patext clues will help you figure out which word goes in which blank.) Use each word once.
I remember so well the time my mother's back injury prevented her from going to church with
my brother and me. For five weeks, we were supposed to go by ourselves. Zack and I back then
preferred (1) activities to religious ones, so we decided to
(2) church while Mom was recovering. We (3)(e)d
the churchgoers she wanted us to be by getting dressed every Sunday in our good clothes and
leaving home and returning at the right times. We spent the (4) at a
restaurant or at the movies. Of course, we knew Mom would question us about the service. Each
week one of us was (5)(e)d to invent a sermon. I thought Zack's sermons
sounded not only (6), but also inspiring. I, conversely°, tended to
(7) on the spot and didn't sound so believable. But Mom never seemed
to notice how weak my sermons were or how (8) our answers were
when she asked whom we'd seen and what news we'd heard.
Finally, she was ready to attend church again. Over dinner Saturday evening, she began what
seemed to be an innocent conversation. Gently, but showing a previously (9)
talent for cross-examination that could have made her a star attorney, she questioned us in a quiet
but relentless° manner about our "church-going." The more she persisted, the more Zack and I
stumbled and (10)(e)d from our official story. We eventually
concluded we were caught, and the realization mortified° us. Looking downward in shame, we
divulged° all the details of our "secret" scheme. We felt pretty foolish when we learned she'd
known all along that we had never set foot in church.
Scores Sentence Check 2% Final Check%



commemorate complacent consensus deplete diligent empathy menial niche transcend waive

Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

context of the sentences	to help you figure out each	word's meaning.	
1 commemorate /kəˈmeməreɪt/ -verb		to commemorate his life w	o on the anniversary of his ith a fancy dinner party that
	 Each year, my parent McDonalds, the place 		t date by having dinner at
Commemorate means	a. to share.	b. to celebrate.	c. to believe.
2 complacent /kəmˈpleɪsənt/		ot afford to be complacent we to campaign again for the	about winning an election. voters' support.
-adjective	 Getting all A's hasn't school. 	made Ivy complacent. She	continues to work hard at
Complacent means	a. very eager.	b. reasonable.	c. too much at ease.
3 consensus /kənˈsensəs/		agreement among the teach	ers. The consensus was that ickly to raise their pay.
-noun	-	was that we should go camp wanted to do something else	oing again this summer. Ray for a change.
Consensus means	a. a majority view.	b. an unusual idea.	c. a question.
4 deplete /dɪˈpliːt/	• I'd like to help you ou to deplete my bank acc		d car repairs have managed
-verb		te their small quantity of cisland for plants they could o	canned food, the shipwreck eat.
Deplete means	a. to use up.	b. to forget.	c. to find.
5 diligent /ˈdɪlɪdʒənt/ -adjective	I wish I had been more would be nice to be abl		iano when I was younger. It
	•	she first joined the family bed others to work harder.	business, but she became so
Diligent means	a. self-satisfied.	b. lucky.	c. hard-working.
6 empathy /'empəθι/		d ones in the attacks on the y for one another because of	World Trade Center and the f their shared grief.
-noun		ellent career counselor pa ands each student's feelings a	artly because of her great and point of view.

b. a sympathetic understanding.

c. an efficiency.

a. a common opinion.

Empathy means

7	menial /ˈmiːnɪəl/	 Victor seems to think my found that it requires some 	summer job delivering pizza i e skills.	is menial work, but I've
	-adjective	 Every job can be done wi or scrubbing floors can be 	th pride. Even menial jobs su performed with care.	ich as washing windows
_	Menial means	a. unskilled.	b. steady.	c. satisfying.
8	niche /nɪt∫/		in accounting, Laura decided she went back to school for n	•
	-noun	 Dom spent the years after finding a comfortable nicl 	er college moving restlessly he for himself.	from job to job, never
_	Niche means	a. a shared opinion.	b. a suitable place.	c. an education.
9	transcend /træn'send/	• The psychic convinced hand talk directly with the	er clients that she could tra dead.	nscend time and space
	-verb	 Yoga can help one tran relaxation. 	scend the cares of the work	d and reach a state of
	Transcend means	a. to participate in.	b. to go past.	c. to use up.
10	waive /weiv/	• The defendant decided to himself in court.	waive his right to an attorney	y and, instead, speak for
	-verb	• Since Lin had studied s requirement that she take	o much math on her own, high school algebra.	the school waived the
_	Waive means	a. to lose.	b. to honor.	c. to give up.

Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

1	Not requiring special skills or higher intellectual abilities
2	The ability to share in someone else's feelings or thoughts
3	To rise above or go beyond the limits of; exceed
4	To honor the memory of someone or something, as with a ceremony; celebrate; observe
5	To willingly give up (as a claim, privilege, or right); do without
6	An opinion held by everyone (or almost everyone) involved
7	Self-satisfied; feeling too much satisfaction with oneself or one's accomplishments
8	Steady, determined, and careful in work
9	An activity or situation especially suited to a person
0	To use up

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

Using the answer line provided, complete each item below with the correct word from the box. Use each word once.

1. The old man decided to any claim he had to the family fort preferring to see the money go to the younger generation. 2. The American Inventors' Association gathered at a banquet to The Edison. 3. My grandfather, who's recovering from heart surgery, is weak, so it doe take much effort for him to the little energy he has. 4. Many people believe that Shakespeare's works those of all other auth 5. The restaurant got off to a good start, but then the owners became about their success and stopped trying to attract new customers. 6. Several sessions with a career counselor helped Suzanne consider wha in the working world might be. 7. The children help out at the family restaurant, but they are able to perfonly tasks such as mopping floors and cleaning tables. 8. Arnie has been in his study of German because he hopes to speal language with his relatives from Germany when they visit next summe 9. I had hoped the restaurant would be good, but our group's was tha food was only so-so and the service was even worse. 10. Dr. Grange is a brilliant mathematician, but she lacks for her stud She doesn't understand how they can find some problems so difficult.	a. commemorate f. empathy	b. complacent g. menial	c. consensus h. niche	d. deplete i. transcend	e. diligent j. waive
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food was only so-so and the service was even worse. 10. Dr. Grange is a brilliant mathematician, but she lacks for her stud			•		•
		····		•	up's was that
	ntence Check 2	?			

once.

 1-2. Lynn begged the bank to the overdraft charge of thirty dollars, telling them that it would entirely her savings.
 3-4. In high school, Victor was voted "Most Likely to Become a Psychologist." It was the of his classmates that he was the student endowed with the most for other people.
 5-6. My mother could have stayed in her comfortable as part of the secretarial pool, but she wanted to the limits of that job and become

an executive herself.

Using the answer lines provided, complete each item below with two words from the box. Use each word

7–8.	-	der with a toast. He ran the company uch jobs as emptying garbage
9–10.	Dr. Roberts and Dr. Krill practi Roberts is about reading jour Conversely°, Dr. Krill is more a	rnals and learning new techniques.
Final Check: A Model T	'eacher	
selection carefully. Then fill in e	to strengthen your knowledge of the ach blank with a word from the be out which word goes in which blank	ox at the top of the previous page.
At Eastman High School	reunions, the conversation usually ge	ets around to the question "Who
was the best teacher in school	I?" And year after year, the (1)	of the
graduates has been that Mr.	MacDonald was the best. Many rea	member Joe MacDonald as the
epitome° of teaching—the tea	cher against whom they measured all	others.
He had started his profess	ional life as a highly paid attorney. H	lowever, never at home with the
law, he left his lucrative° pra	actice and found his (2)	as an English
teacher in the shabby classr	ooms at Eastman. Mr. MacDonald	somehow helped his students
(3)	their broken-down surroundin	gs and experience the magic in
the words of Shakespeare, Di	ckinson, or Frost. Even those who to	ended to shun° reading began to
think there might be somethin	g to this literature stuff after all.	
Mr. MacDonald's enthus	asm for his work was never (4)	(e)d. In
fact, instead of being used up	his enthusiasm actually increased the	nrough the years. Other teachers
became (5)	about their work and did o	only cursory° lesson preparation.
But Mr. MacDonald was as (6	s) as an e	ager first-year teacher. He could
often be found talking with st	udents after school, as his great (7)_	had
given him the reputation of b	eing someone who understood stude	nts' problems. He was fun, too.
On the first really beautiful s	pring day of each year, he'd (8)	his lesson
plan and take the class out int	o the sunshine to sit under the blue sl	ky and talk about literature. And
no task was too (9)	for him. He was	often seen picking up trash from
the grounds—something other	r teachers would never condescend ^o t	to do.
After Mr. MacDonald's 1	retirement, his former students want	ted to honor him in some way.
They thought about a statue,	but decided to (10)	his teaching in the
way that he'd like best, with	a college scholarship for an Eastman	student, which was established
in his name.		
	CL 10	
Scores S	entence Check 2% Final Che	ск%



bizarre conducive faiter flaunt frenzy gist hamper paradox repertoire viable

Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

1 bizarre /bɪˈzɑ:(r)/ -adjective	the TV is talking to the Wally's outfits may see	m or that others can steal the	example, they may think that eir thoughts. him with his even stranger-
Bizarre means	a. limited.	b. ordinary.	c. odd.
2 conducive /kənˈd <i>j</i> u:sɪv/ -adjective	fever.		icive to a bad case of spring
, c, c	habits later in life.	anowance at a young age is	conducive to good spending
Conducive means	a. favorable.	b. similar.	c. damaging.
3 falter /ˈfɔ:ltə(r)/	 Vince faltered on the f without pausing. 	irst few notes of his piano p	piece but then played the rest
-verb	 Even public speakers faltered when giving the 		and confident must have
Falter means	a. to show off.	b. to hesitate.	c. to succeed.
4 flaunt /flo:nt/	 Instead of enjoying the they buy in front of the 		arts flaunt every new thing
-verb		her high grades. In fact, I di ceived the highest academic	idn't know that she was first award at graduation.
Flaunt means	a. to interfere with.	b. to approve of.	c. to exhibit.
5 frenzy /'frenzı/		ind her little son in the depa down until she knew he wa	rtment store, she went into a s safe.
-noun	 The holiday season alw 	ays includes a frenzy of las	t-minute shopping.
Frenzy means	a. a calm condition.	b. an angry condition.	c. an excited condition.
6 gist /dʒɪst/	•	the details and get right to the	ne gist of the argument. ed on an island and had to
-noun	struggle to survive.	J 6	

a. the small parts.

b. the main idea.

c. the benefit.

Gist means

7 hamper /ˈhæmpə(r)/ -verb			hamper your struggle for inc we'll let you handle your own	-
		• The breakdown of Coast today.	telephone lines hampered b	usiness all along the West
_	Hamper means	a. to restrict.	b. to show off.	c. to promote.
8 paradox /ˈpærədɒks/	* .		stponing her decision about wer of the paradox "No decision	_
	-noun	to punish us, they at the best thing in the	fidas illustrates a famous paranswer our prayers." The king world — the golden touch — the accidentally turns his daug	gets what he thinks will be and then discovers that it is
_	Paradox means	a. an outburst.	b. a simple statement.	c. a seeming contradiction.
9 repertoire /'repetwa:(r)/ -noun		• The actor's repertoi	re includes drama, storytelling	, song, and dance.
		• In order to be successtrategies from which	sful in school, it's important to h to choose.	o have a repertoire of study
_	Repertoire means	a. a variety of skills.	b. a reason to do something	g. c. a statement of intent.
10	viable /'vaiəbl/	• The parties in the lab benefit equally.	oor dispute can reach a viable	agreement only if both sides
	-adjective	• The little boy quickle mending a broken va	y learned that using plastic tapuse.	be is not a viable solution to
_	Viable means	a. practical.	b. attractive.	c. expensive.

Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

1	The main point or essential part of a matter; central idea
2	To act or speak with uncertainty; hesitate
3	To limit, interfere with, or restrict
4	A wild outburst of excited feelings or actions
5	Workable; capable of being successful or effective
6	A statement that seems contradictory yet may be true
7	A range or collection of skills or accomplishments
8	Dramatically unusual, as in manner or appearance; strange
9	Tending to promote or bring about
10	To show off (something)

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

Using the answer line provided, complete each item below with the correct word from the box. Use each word once.

a. bizarre f. gist	b. conducive g. hamper	c. falter	d. flaunt i. repertoire	e. frenzy j. viable
1. yist	g. namper	n. paradox	i. repertoire	j. Viabic
	1. Halloween o	offers everyone the	chance to look as	as possible.
	2. Al Pacino's	includes both n	nodern dramas and Sh	akespearean play
	-	oorter asked Senate a moment.	or Drake a difficult,	question, the ser
	4. For snails, he years at a tin	_	In fact, desert snails m	ay sleep three or
		Kelly's essay was t B a.m. to 6 p.m.	hat school should be o	open only four da
		ary clothes mayed for the exercise of	_ movement, sweat s lass.	uits and leotards
		g, the staff could ery suggestion had	not come up with a a drawback.	plan to imp
			worried when he didr _ — no news is good	
		a because she ty minutes late for	had locked her keys i work.	n the car and she
			e could get a date was riving expensive sport	
ntence Che	ck~2			
ng the answer line e.	es provided, complete e	ach item below wit	h two words from the	box. Use each v
	wasn't co	omplacent° about b	ongs from her the peing prepared. Afraid ticed the songs over an	she would
		of the lecture was	that although the Unit	ed States encour

selection carefully. Then fill in each blank with a word from the box at the top of the previous page (Context clues will help you figure out which word goes in which blank.) Use each word once. "If you've got it, (1)			
sometimes make me furious. Once, in a of anger, I shouted this: "You're always the same — always changing your mind!" 9-10. My mother took me aside at the party and said, "That looks more like a strange costume than a dress. It's bad enough your clothing looks so, but do you have to mortifyo me and it in front of all my friends?" Final Check: My Talented Roommate Here is a final opportunity for you to strengthen your knowledge of the ten words. First read the following selection carefully. Then fill in each blank with a word from the box at the top of the previous page (Context clues will help you figure out which word goes in which blank.) Use each word once. "If you've got it, (1)		alleviate° the town's parking problem	. No one could think of a plan
strange costume than a dress. It's bad enough your clothing looks so, but do you have to mortifyo me and it in front of all my friends?" Final Check: My Talented Roommate Here is a final opportunity for you to strengthen your knowledge of the ten words. First read the following selection carefully. Then fill in each blank with a word from the box at the top of the previous page (Context clues will help you figure out which word goes in which blank.) Use each word once. "If you've got it, (1)		sometimes make me furious. Once,	in a of anger, I shouted this
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Here is a final opportunity for you to strengthen your knowledge of the ten words. First read the following selection carefully. Then fill in each blank with a word from the box at the top of the previous page (Context clues will help you figure out which word goes in which blank.) Use each word once. "If you've got it, (1)	Final Check: My Ta	alented Roommate	
of Georgia's philosophy. Georgia is my dorm roommate. A dance and theater major, she is a true extrovert° — always showing off, always "onstage." It seems she is in constant motion, going from graceful leaps down the hall to such (3) acrobatics as	Here is a final opportunity for selection carefully. Then file	For you to strengthen your knowledge of the solution like the solution in each blank with a word from the box	at the top of the previous page.
extrovert° — always showing off, always "onstage." It seems she is in constant motion, going from graceful leaps down the hall to such (3) acrobatics as	"If you've got it, (1))it!" That's the (2)
from graceful leaps down the hall to such (3) acrobatics as	of Georgia's philosophy	y. Georgia is my dorm roommate. A dance a	and theater major, she is a true
	extrovert° — always sł	howing off, always "onstage." It seems she	e is in constant motion, going
	from graceful leaps d	lown the hall to such (3)	acrobatics as
swinging by her knees from the clothes rod in her closet. Some days Georgia performs her entire			
(4) right in our room. The (5) "less is			• •
more" doesn't apply to her on those occasions, when she delights by acting, singing, and dancing			
everything she's ever learned. Attracted by her talent and charisma°, an audience always gathers			
to watch. The lack of space in our room never seems to (6) her		·	
movements. Since Georgia's shows are not very (7) to good			
studying on my part, I join the crowd drawn by her magnetism. She is so smooth and confident —			
I have never seen her (8) She moves easily from ballet to tap to		· · · · · ·	
jazz. She'll tell jokes, sing part of an opera, and perform a scene from Romeo and Juliet. Not			
knowing all the words never stops her — she simply improvises° lines as she goes along. When		•	
she finishes, her audience breaks into a (9) of applause. Many			
drama students will probably end up in other careers, but I contend° Georgia is talented enough to			
build a (10) career in show business.	-	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	8



aster-, astro-	mis-
contra-	omni-
-er, -or	pop
-gamy	rect
geo-	the, theo-

Ten Word Parts in Context

Figure out the meanings of the following ten word parts by looking *closely* and *carefully* at the context in which they appear. Then, in the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each word part.

Part			•	
1 aster- /ˈæstə(r)/, astro- /ˈæstrəu/		ovely flower named tom a yellow disk.	for its starlike	shape: its petals
	 Astrologers clair on our lives. 	m to interpret the inf	luence of the	stars and planets
The word part aster- or astro- means		does something.	b. star.	c. marriage.
2 contra- /kontra/	The warning lab contraindication	campaign promise, the lon the bottle of arm: "We recommend using aspirin or simil	thritis medicii against taking	ne contained this g this product if
The word part contra- means	a. all.	b. straight		c. against.
3 -er, -or /ə(r)/		singer Enrico Car nis only shirt was in d his shoulders.		
	 American visito the streets are. 	rs to Canadian cities	are often stru	ck by how clean
The word part -er or-or means	a. god.	b. wrong. c.	someone who	does something.
4 -gamy /gəmɪ/	_	t charges of bigan was still legally marr		
		Siam, whose story woolygamy. He was re		_
The word part -gamy means	a. marriage.	b. opposit	e.	c. god.
5 geo- /dʒi:əʊ/	_	North Dakota, has er of North America.		on of being the
		he science of the m s, volcanos, and earth		es of the Earth,
The word part geo- means	a. earth.	b. people.		c. outer space.
6 mis- /mis/	• I think there is so	mething wrong with	a child who ne	ver misbehaves.
		caller misrepresent out she really wanted		
The word part mis- means	a. for.	b. straight	i .	c. badly.

7 omni- /ˈɒmnɪ/		the mobs seemed omnipoten an convicting gangsters, the		
		te only plants, and others ate c saurs, ate all kinds of food.	only meat. Still others,	
The word part <i>omni</i> - means	a. right.	b. all.	c. wrong.	
8 pop /pop/	• In 1770, the Uni	ted States was not very popu ed here then.	lous. Only about two	
	• In order to pop people who would	ulate the West, the government distributed on it.	ent gave free land to	
The word part <i>pop</i> means	a. people.	b. everywhere.	c. opposite.	
9 rect /rekt/		Monopoly, I seem to pick the o not pass Go. Do not collect \$2		
	• "Suck in those shoulders, and sta	stomachs!" yelled the coac and erect!"	h. "Pull back those	
The word part <i>rect</i> means	a. opposite.	b. straight.	c. wrong.	
10 the /'θi/ theo- /'θi:əυ/	• Monotheism is the belief that there is only one God.			
11.50	• Theology is the s	tudy of the nature of God and re	eligious truth.	
The word part <i>the</i> or <i>theo-</i> means	a. god.	b. everywhere.	c. for.	
* The pronunciation of word parts are of particular word. **Matching Word Parts with Following are definitions of the to the sentences above and on the property of the sentences above.	ith Definition en word parts. Clear	s ly write or print each word part	t next to its definition.	
-		you decide on the meaning of c	each word part.	
1				
2	Straight			
3	Star, outer space			
4	People			
5	Someone who (d	oes something)		
6	Earth; geography	1		

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the word parts well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

Against; contrasting; opposite

A god or God

Marriage

All; everywhere

7. _____

Using the answer line provided, complete each *italicized* word in the sentences below with the correct word part from the box. Use each word part once.

a. aster-, astro-	b. contra-	c. -er, -or	d. -gamy	e. geo-
f. mis-	g. omni-	h. pop	i. rect	j. the, theo-
	_ 1. Wade, a profe he's offstage.	essional (act) _	, seems to be pla	aying a part even
	_ 2. The study (chemistr	of the chemical n	nakeup of the E	arth's crust is c
	_ 3. Poverty is (. every street.	present) in l	arge cities in India	, where people be
		ike figure called an es to indicate a footn		is often used in b
		set, the $(di \dots or)$ _ nning on course.	is the person w	ho keeps everyone
	6. John Wesley founded Metl	was the eighteenth	-century British (logian)
		g my house key on (place) it.	a special hook in t	he kitchen as soor
	_	en go through a stag If the parent says y		
		doesn't stop pe ly requires them to h		more than one hus
	humans prob	ces on Earth that he ably would not appeal of a mountain?	•	,

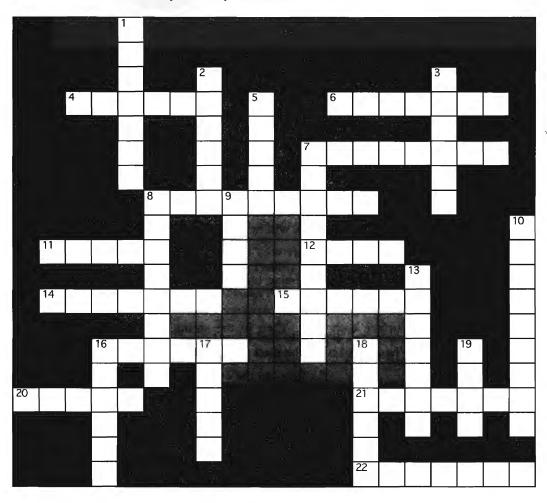
> Sentence Check 2

Using the answer lines provided, complete each <i>italicized</i> word in the sentences below with the correct word part from the box. Use each word part once.			
	1-2. The kindergartners were asked to draw a (angle), but several made a (take) and drew a circle instead.		
	3-4. (Pan ists) believe that God is not a personality but an (present) force of nature, present throughout the universe.		

5-6.	(Doct) Fisher was very (ular) with the townspeople because she always took the time to answer their questions and had great empathy° for her patients' suffering.
7–8.	The two Mayfield brothers made (ry) career decisions. One is an archaeologist who speculates about what our past might have been like. The other is an $(naut)$ who thinks about our future in space.
9–10.	In (graphy) class, we learned not only about the location and climate of various countries but also about customs. For example, it some African nations, (exo), or marrying outside the tribe, is not allowed and can result in expulsion° from one's native community.
Final Check: Fascinatii	ng Courses
following selection carefully. The	ou to strengthen your knowledge of the ten word parts. First read the n complete each <i>italicized</i> word in the parentheses below with a word rious page. (Context clues will help you figure out which word part goes art once.
Each semester, I like to	choose one fascinating course unrelated to my major. Last fall, for
example, I took a(n) (lo	gy) (1) course that focused on the
	arth's surface over time. Then in the spring, I took (nomy)
(2)	When I looked at the stars through a telescope, I felt tiny and
	to the enormous sizes and distances of
	nade me ponder° the nature of God and prompted° me to look for a
class on religion.	
So this semester I'm takir	g a course in (logy) (4) One day we
spent three hours discussing t	his question: If God is (potent) (5),
then why hasn't He or She al	leviated° all of humanity's suffering? We've also talked about how
much (understanding) (6	arises when people do not know about
each other's beliefs. This con	fusion hampers° the pursuit of unity in the world. For example, I've
long heard my (minist) (7	preach that we should be true to one
	in some other religions, (poly) (8)
is quite acceptable.	
If we were to take a surve	ey of the world's (ulation) (9), many
	ey look to their church for $(di \dots ion)$ (10)
	there's a rationale° for understanding other religions as well.
	there's a rationale° for understanding other religions as well.
į	entence Check 2% Final Check%

UNIT FOUR: Review

The box at the right lists twenty-five words from Unit Four. Using the clues at the bottom of the page, fill in these words to complete the puzzle that follows.



averse benign consensus credible designate diligent disdain elation empathy endow facade falter frenzy gist glib latent libel mortify niche paradox redundant secular shun viable waive

ACROSS

- 4. Workable; capable of being successful or effective
- 6. An attitude of contempt; scorn
- 7. Steady, determined, and careful in work
- 8. An opinion held by most or all involved
- 11. An activity or situation especially suited to a person
- 12. The main point or essential part of a matter; central idea
- 14. To humiliate or embarrass
- 15. The front of a building
- 16. To act or speak with uncertainty; hesitate

- 20. The publishing of false information that harms a person's reputation
- 21. A feeling of great joy or pride
- 22. The ability to share in another's feelings or thoughts

DOWN

- 1. A statement that seems contradictory yet may be true
- 2. Kindly; gentle
- 3. Present but hidden or inactive
- 5. To willingly give up; do without
- 7. To name to an office or duty; appoint

- 8. Believable
- 9. To keep away from; avoid consistently
- 10. Wordy or needlessly repetitive
- 13. Not directly related to religion; not spiritual; worldly
- 16. A wild outburst of excited feelings or actions
- 17. To provide with a talent or quality
- 18. Having a feeling of dislike or distaste for something
- 19. Characterized by a smooth, easy manner of speaking that often suggests insincerity

UNIT FOUR: Test 1

PART A	-1.4	dia- ia ial		
Choose the word that best com	pietes each item and	a write it in the space	ce provided.	
1.	The rain the v	vork of the road cor	nstruction crew.	
	a. hampered	b. improvised	c. flaunted	d. designated
2.	Suddenly dizzy from	om the heat, the spe	eaker and cove	red his eyes.
	a. transcended	b. simulated	c. faltered	d. waived
3.	It's hard to becomit, you never tire o	_	music. No matter h	now often you hear
	a. viable	b. haughty	c. blasé	d. secular
4.	In becoming a p stockbroker.	riest, Brian certair	nly from his	plan to become a
	a. improvised	b. deviated	c. simulated	d. divulged
5.	Though pleased w	vith the A on her la		
	a. complacent	b. secular	c. ominous	d. menial
6.	We were amazed novels under the _	to learn that gentle of Trent Paterso	-	Geyer writes horror
	a. interim	b. pseudonym	c. consensus	d. expulsion
7.	. When Scott won t as his own joy and		petition, his parent	s' was as great
	a. elation	b. facade	c. niche	d. libel
8.	. My nephew's crying, and throw	-	tting his own way	includes pouting,
	a. interim	b. empathy	c. consensus	d. repertoire
9.	. I'm not quick w carefully until I go		but I'm I	work steadily and
	a. diligent	b. glib	c. haughty	d. cursory
10.	Because the artic	ele made unproven brint it for fear of be		nst the mayor, the
	a. paradox	b. expulsion	c. empathy	d. libel

PART B

On the answer line, write the letter of the choice that best completes each item.

 11.	Among Beverly's many pets, the most bizarre is	he	r
	a. green parrot.c. miniature poodle.		hissing cockroach. goldfish.
 12.	According to cartoons, situation comedies, and the likely to attract glib characters?		
	a. Cowboyc. Used-car salesperson		Accountant Plumber
 13.	A person endowed with an honest nature		
	a. wishes he had an honest nature.c. pretends to have an honest nature.		is lacking an honest nature. possesses an honest nature.
 14.	Ominous music in a movie score generally mean		
	a. a love scene is about to happen.c. an exciting action scene is about to happen.		something scary or evil is about to happen. the opening credits are about to be shown.
 15.	Napoleon Bonaparte was so averse to cats that h		
	a. insisted one live in every room of his palace.c. sneezed and itched whenever one was near.		stroked one for luck every morning. left the room in disgust if one entered.
 16.	Concerning fish, the term "feeding frenzy" refer		
	a. the period after eating when fish are relaxed.c. a quiet, methodical search for food.		a wild, excited period of feeding.
 17.	New England comprises		
	a. the Atlantic Ocean.b. clam chowder, lobster, and lighthouses.		
	c. Maine, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Rhodd. shipbuilding, fishing, and manufacturing.	de I	sland, Connecticut, and Vermont.
 18.	Our cat has tested positive for the disease feline a. we are having her put to sleep because she is		
	b. she may not develop any symptoms for a long		_
	c. we know she will die very soon.d. we are sure she doesn't have the virus.		
10	Marisa told her employer that she felt dizzy and	1 fo	verich and needed to see a doctor. Her boss
 17.	answered, with great empathy,	J 10	verisii and needed to see a doctor. Her boss
	a. "Well, don't let your personal problems interfb. "Sorry to hear that. Can you work overtime to		•
	c. "You must be feeling terrible. Is there anything	_	
	d. "Do you think you have the flu? Don't give it	to	me!"
 20.	A frequent dream of mine always mortifies me.		t,
	a. I am in public and suddenly realize I'm nakedb. I can fly as easily as a bird.	1.	
	c. I am in my childhood home talking with my t		
	d. I am in a furious argument with a coworker w	/1101	III I UISHKC.
	Score (Number correct)	_ ;	× 5 =% *

UNIT FOUR: Test 2

PART A Complete each item with a word from the box. Use each word once.

_		The statement of the st				
a. commemorate		consensus		_		divulge
. flaunt	•	gist	h. improvise	i. interi	n j.	paradox
c. secular	l.	simulate	m. viable			
	_ 1. 1	It's a(n) tha	at we can sometime	s be more ger	nerous by g	giving less.
	_ 2. /	Authors often s	state the of an a	rticle in the in	ntroductory	paragraph.
		Alonsos hehoir.	nis good voice by	singing loude	er than an	yone else in
		More and more religious dress.	re nuns are weari	ng cloth	nes rather	than traditi
		On Presidents' Lincoln.	Day, the nation _	s George	Washingto	on and Abra
	_	f think it's selfi dressing.	ish of Dolly not to _	her secret	recipe for	poppyseed s
		Films that genuine feeling	the experience of of nausea.	f riding on a	roller co	aster give r
		•	peaking before a grain if I had to a sp	•	•	repare, but I'
			plan for making end rent out some of its		o keep up	the payment
		_	ousinessman at first g him once he bega			
			g the city's sportsw championship this y		Bridgewat	er High will
•.			rch's pastor resigne manent replacement		minister st	epped in for
		•	(e)d my little broth			

___ 25. nullify

. Ui	nit Four: Test 2							
PART B Write C i	f the italicized word is used co	orrectly. Write I if	the word is used inco	rrectly.				
14.	In a democracy, it's importan	t for people to wai	ve their right to vote.					
15.	"That bow tie detracts from wrapped."	Alan's appearance	ce," said Paloma. "He	e looks strangled and git				
16.	6. Wayne has <i>transcended</i> his usual good grades by failing three of his four classes this semester.							
17.	Because <i>menial</i> tasks require my apartment yesterday.	e little thought, I w	as able to plan some	of my essay while cleaning				
18.	The host's famous sister recondescend to come downsta							
19.	By careful saving, I manage summer's end.	ed to <i>deplete</i> my b	eank account from \$8	0 to almost \$1,200 by the				
PART C On the ar	nswer line, write the letter of th	ne word that is the	synonym of the boldfa	aced word.				
	Example: <u>a</u> bizarre	a. strange	b. ordinary	c. expensive				
20.	haughty	a. proud	b. humble	c. tall				
21.	disdain	a. loss	b. contempt	c. admiration				
22.	benign	a. cruel	b. broken	c. kindly				
PART D On the ar	nswer line, write the letter of th	ne word that is the	antonym of the boldfa	aced word.				
	Example: <u>b</u> bizarre	a. strange	b. ordinary	c. expensive				
23.	shun	a. owe	b. seek	c. avoid				
24.	facade	a. back	b. light	c. front				

(Number correct) Score

a. ignore

b. approve

c. cancel

UNIT FOUR: Test 3

Each item below starts with a pair of words in CAPITAL LETTERS. For each item, figure out the relationship between these two words. Then decide which of the choices (a, b, c, or d) expresses a similar relationship. Write the letter of your choice on the answer line.

1.	PSEUDONYM: AUTHOR::	
	a. address : mapc. word : dictionary	b. story : trued. costume : actor
2.	FACADE : BUILDING ::	
	a. house : cellarc. street : sign	b. face : headd. neighborhood : town
3.	HAUGHTY: ARROGANCE::	
	a. thirsty: waterc. clever: intelligence	b. brave : feard. muscle : strength
4.	REDUNDANT : WORDY ::	
	a. error : mistakec. word : repeat	b. paper : book d. paper : read
5.	DETRACT : IMPROVE ::	
	a. blame : error c. criticize : scold	b. open : doord. ascend : descend
6.	ELATION: WONDERFUL NEWS::	
	a. pain : injuryc. satisfaction : failure	b. wisdom : ignorance d. football : sport
7.	OMINOUS : STORM CLOUDS ::	
	a. bright : fogc. flock : seagull	b. fragrant : flowersd. sophomore : grade
8.	CURSORY : CAREFUL ::	
	a. sharp: bladec. wild: untamed	b. quick : rapid d. plentiful : scarce
9.	IMPROVISE : REHEARSE ::	
	a. schedule : rosterc. restore : destroy	b. attempt : try d. comedian : joke
10.	SHUN : OUTCAST ::	
	a. celebrate : heroc. poem : poet	b. triangle : shape d. welcome : foe

11.	COMMEMORATE : ANNIVERSARY ::	
	a. trophy: winner	b. horn : bull
	c. break : diamond	d. regret : mistake
12.	DILIGENT : HARD-WORKING ::	
	a. presence : absence	b. dirty: unclean d. silk: torn
	c. frightful: comforting	a. siik : tom
13.	EMPATHY: UNCARING::	
	a. liberty : freec. reliability : irresponsible	b. sympathy : compassionated. clarity : clear
	•	d. Clarity . Clear
14.	CONDUCIVE : HELPFUL ::	
	a. nervous : calm c. lazy : idle	b. actor : actress d. prepared : unready
		d. prepared : unready
15.	HAMPER : OBSTACLE ::	
	a. forest : treesc. gift : present	b. assist : instruction d. darken : bleach
16.	VIABLE : IMPOSSIBLE ::	
	a. sneaky : slyc. applause : approval	b. probable : likely d. accidental : intentional
17.	EXPULSION : SCHOOL ::	1 1 2 11
	a. eviction : apartmentc. celebration : funeral	b. graduation : college d. exercise : gym
10		<i>S</i> ,
18.	COMPLACENT : SELF-DOUBT ::	b. uninterested : indifference
	a. tired : exhaustionc. transparent : clearness	d. rigid : flexibility
10	NICHE , CHITA DI E	
19.	NICHE: SUITABLE:: a. kitchen cabinet: cereal	b. high school : classroom
	c. haunted house : scary	d. doctor's office : chilly
20	BIZARRE : ODDITY ::	
20.	a. treacherous : traitor	b. strange : ordinary
	c. unknown : celebrity	d. landlord : tenant

	(Number correct)	× 5 = _	%
Score	(ivalides correct)	^ 5	

UNIT FOUR: Test 4 (Word Parts)

PARTA

Listed in the left-hand column below are ten common word parts, followed by words in which the parts are used. In each blank, write in the letter of the correct definition on the right.

Word Parts	Examples	Definitions
1. aster-, astro-	aster, astrologer	a. Someone who (does something)
2. contra-	contrary, contraindication	b. Star, outer space
3er, -or	singer, visitor	c. All; everywhere
4. -gamy	bigamy, polygamy	d. Straight
5. geo-	geographic, geophysics	e. A god or God
6. mis-	misbehave, misrepresent	f. Against; contrasting; opposite
7. omni-	omnipotent, omnivorous	g. Marriage
8. рор	populous, populate	h. Earth
9. rect	directly, erect	i. People
10. the, theo-	monotheism, theology	j. Wrong; badly

PART B

Using the answer line provided, complete each *italicized* word in the sentences below with the correct word part from the box. Not every word part will be used.

a. aster-	b. contra-	c. -er	d. -gamy	e. geo-
f. mis-	g. omni-	ni- h. pop	i. rect	j. theo-
•	11. Vanilla ice of chocolate is.		(<i>ular</i>) am	ong Americans that
	12. (ry) as well as by		ose, Shakespeare mad	e his living by acting
	_	sun between the pa, or small planets.	oths of Mars and Jupi	iter are thousands o
			ho, thinking her husba up, making her guilty	
		•	fact is that Mou	-

(Continues on next page)

a. knowledge of biology

PART C

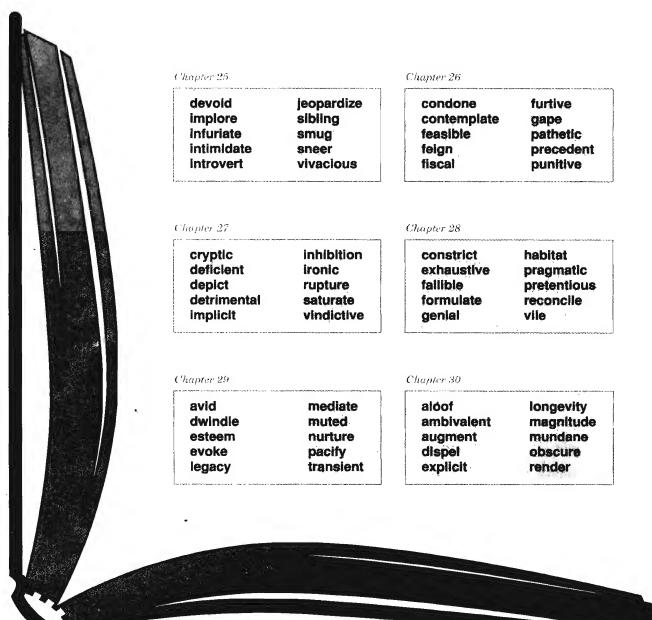
Use your knowledge of word parts to determine the meaning of the **boldfaced** words. On the answer line, write the letter of each meaning. ____ 16. Mr. Nolan is a man of many **misdeeds**. a. religious feelings b. girlfriends c. immoral acts ____ 17. Houses are usually **rectilinear**; that is, they are characterized by a. opposing forces. b. straight lines. c. great cost. ____ 18. There will be many **exhibitors** at the state fair this year. a. farm exhibits b. people who exhibit c. exhibit fees _ 19. Throughout history, a common form of government has been theocracy, in which the government is considered to be based on a. laws voted on by everyone. b. immoral laws. c. religious authority. 20. There's too much knowledge in the world today for any one person to claim omniscience.

b. complete knowledge

c. partial knowledge

Score (Number correct) $\times 5 = -\%$

Unit Five



UNIT FIVE: Pretest

In the space provided, write the letter of the choice that is closest in meaning to the **boldfaced** word.

1. sneer	a) impress b) endanger c) ridicule d) make laugh
2. introvert	a) workerb) shy personc) good exampled) attacker
3. vivacious	a) vicious b) retired c) conceited d) lively
4. sibling	a) sister or brother b) friend c) relative d) parent
5. implore	a) excite b) attack c) beg d) borrow
6. devoid	a) provided b) lacking c) endangered d) borrowed
7. jeopardize	a) risk b) meet with c) anger d) defend
8. intimidate	a) celebrate b) visit c) soothe d) frighten
9. smug	a) upset b) calm c) conceited d) lively
10. feasible	a) unbelievable b) possible c) amazing d) wild
11. gape	a) stare b) repair c) beat d) hide from
12. fiscal	a) secretive b) about government c) financial d) personal
13. condone	a) forgive b) represent c) arrest d) appoint
14. pathetic	a) rich b) puzzling c) wonderful d) pitifully lacking
15. precedent	a) gift b) example c) fee d) later event
16. contemplate	a) think seriously about b) create c) add to d) reveal
17. furtive	a) loud b) quiet c) public d) secretive
18. detrimental	a) dirty b) nutritious c) harmful d) helpful
19. ironic	a) deeply felt b) meaning opposite of what is said c) simple d) great
20. implicit	a) lacking b) attached c) above d) unstated but understood
21. vindictive	a) not easily understood b) gentle c) vengeful d) temporary
22. cryptic	a) harmful b) cruel c) puzzling d) loud
23. inhibition	a) attack b) delay c) holding back d) exhibit
24. deficient	a) forgotten b) lacking c) complete d) well-known
	2. introvert 3. vivacious 4. sibling 5. implore 6. devoid 7. jeopardize 8. intimidate 9. smug 10. feasible 11. gape 12. fiscal 13. condone 14. pathetic 15. precedent 16. contemplate 17. furtive 18. detrimental 19. ironic 20. implicit 21. vindictive 22. cryptic 23. inhibition

c) accept

d) control

b) settle

a) describe

(Continues on next page)

____ 25. depict

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Unit Five: Pretest

20. Constrict	a) control b) prove c) make smaller u) regard
27. pretentious	a) pleasant b) showy c) required d) practical
28. fallible	a) capable of error b) complete c) incomplete d) simple
29. exhaustive	a) respected b) nervous c) complete d) tired
30. formulate	a) allow b) move c) purchase d) develop
31. habitat	a) headache b) natural environment c) importance d) usual behavior
32. vile	a) offensive b) secretive c) nice d) tricky
33. reconcile	a) refine b) redo c) accept d) increase
34. pragmatic	a) ordinary b) slow c) wise d) practical
35. pacify	a) betray b) calm c) retreat d) remove
36. esteem	a) age b) doubt c) respect d) length of life
37. transient	a) stubborn b) temporary c) permanent d) easy-going
38. evoke	a) pull back b) plant c) vote d) draw forth
39. muted	a) softened b) strangled c) bright d) puzzling
40. avid	a) bored b) disliked c) enthusiastic d) plentiful
41. dwindle	a) strip b) shrink c) weave d) cut
42. nurture	a) harden b) thank c) nourish d) starve
43. aloof	a) cool b) friendly c) not clearly expressed d) ordinary
44. augment	a) change b) cause to become c) increase d) describe
45. explicit	a) everyday b) distant c) permanent d) stated exactly
46. longevity	a) size b) holding back c) length of life d) health
47. magnitude	a) importance b) attraction c) respect d) example
48. mundane	a) odd b) ordinary c) softened d) loud
49. obscure	a) enthusiastic b) showy c) hard to understand d) bored

a) win out b) reveal c) cause to vanish d) cause to become

50. render



devoid implore infurlate intimidate introvert jeopardize sibling smug sneer vivacious

Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

context of the sentence	s to help you figure out each work	is meaning.	`		
1 devoid /dɪ ['] vɔɪd/	• The French fries were so thin, dry, and devoid of taste that they seemed like toothpicks.				
-adjective	 Sometimes Carl is totally de leaving his front door u uncanceled. 				
Devoid of means	a. without.	b. equal to.	c. possessing.		
2 implore /im ^l plo:(r)/					
-verb	• The princess implored the e	vil magician to spare the	handsome prince's life.		
Implore means	a. to educate.	b. to deny.	c. to urge.		
3 infuriate /ɪn ^l fjʊərɪeɪt/	 Peter so infuriated Sheila that talking. 	nat she slammed down th	ne phone while he was still		
-verb	 At the grocery store, it infuriates me when people with a cartload of food get in the express line. 				
Infuriate means	a. to anger.	o. to encourage.	c. to frighten.		
4 intimidate /ɪn¹tɪmɪdeɪt/	• Will's huge size intimidates strangers, but anyone who knows him realizes that he's a very gentle man.				
-verb	• Public speaking so intimidates Charlene that she would rather write four term papers than give a single oral report.				
Intimidate means	a. to calm.	o. to scare.	c. to annoy.		
5 introvert /'intrə <i>u</i> va:t/	• Pearl is a very outgoing pe that he seldom socializes at		Larry is such an introvert		
-noun	 It could be difficult for a considerable contact with th 		in sales, which involves		
Introvert means	a. a conceited person.	b. a shy person.	c. a busy person.		
6 jeopardize /'dʒepədaɪz/					
-verb	Pregnant women who take drugs jeopardize their babies' health.				
Jeopardize means	a. to play with. b. t	o take into account.	c. to put in danger.		

7 sibling	Do you think twins are more similar in personality than other siblings?			
/ˈsɪblɪŋ/ -noun	 It's hard enough for cl siblings have to be sep. 		nomes; it's even worse when	
Sibling means	a. a brother or sister.	b. a cousin.	c. a friend.	
8 smug	* Self-confidence is a vir	tue, but being smug is carr	ying self-confidence too far.	
/smʌg/ -adjective	 I avoid smug people. viewing others narrow- 		in judging themselves while	
Smug means	a. full of life.	b. dishonest.	c. too self-satisfied.	
9 sneer /sniə(r)/	• Janice is terrific with is she never sneers at the		now silly their questions are,	
-verb	_	g us when we make a n nful smile or a put-down.	nistake, our biology teacher	
Sneer at means	a. to leave.	b. to mock.	c. to ignore.	
10 vivacious /vɪˈveɪʃəs/	• My father is such a villively too.	ivacious host that he make	es his guests feel bright and	
-adjective	• Between scenes, the vivacious once the cam		and dull, but they become	
Vivacious means	a. good-looking.	b. peppy.	c. irritable.	

Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

1	A shy or inwardly directed person
2	Completely lacking
3	A sister or brother
4	To anger greatly
5	Lively; full of life and enthusiasm
6	To beg; plead
7	To show or express contempt or ridicule
8.	To make timid or afraid; frighten
9	Overly pleased with one's own cleverness, goodness, etc.; too self-satisfied
10.	To endanger; put at risk of loss or injury

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

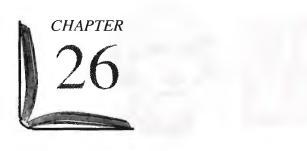
Using the answer line provided, complete each item below with the correct word from the box. Use each word once.

a. devoid	b. implore	c. infuriate	d. intimidate	e. introvert
f. jeopardize	g. sibling	h. smug	i. snee r	j. vivacious
	1. You may o	_	and, but to me	e, she's just an irrit
· 	2. I you	not to mention the V	CR to Hakim. I wan	t to surprise him w
	3. The genius win a med		colate ice cream that	's of calories sl
	_	with computers all one of with computers all of the with with the	lay suits my brother. th other people.	. He's too much of
		nderstand why Eile and mountain climb	en enjoys activities ing.	that her life,
<u></u>		is the one time of you	ear when my grandpa	arents, parents, and
		d to be little that an everything we kids	gered my father, but dos him.	since he got laid o
		found Art selling d (e)d at him, snarling	rugs near the elements, "You scum."	ntary school, the p
		to get children's c	ooperation by settin s of punishment.	g shared goals tha
	•		r if she didn't get th cher's question corre	
ntence Check	2			
ng the answer lines pe.	provided, complete	e each item below w	ith two words from	the box. Use each
	angry	as my parents and	me the most. Ns can. I guess gs, both positive and	close relationship
			_ me to help you with t for so long, I'm _	

the Internet all week?

mean to gloat°, but why should I give up my evening when I was diligent° about doing my paper on time and you were playing games on

	·	
5-	6. I think Marvin only pretends to look down on the w school. Hes at them to hide the fact that they him	_
7-	8. Among her close friends, my sister is known as a really energetic and bubbly. But she often seems like a(n) she doesn't know well.	-
9-	10. I told Seth he would his chances of getting a date for he waited until the last minute to ask someone. But he we to think that any girl he asked would be happy to brea someone else to go to the dance with him.	as enough
	· ·	2
Final Check: Cal and	His Sisters	
selection carefully. Then fill in	rou to strengthen your knowledge of the ten words. First reach each blank with a word from the box at the top of the ure out which word goes in which blank.) Use each word once	previous page.
I've never met (1)	s who are less alike than Cal and	his sisters,
Margo and Tina. First, they	are different in their approach to school. All of them get go	ood grades,
but while Margo and Tina o	don't brag about their intelligence, Cal does. When he gets st	traight A's,
he flaunts° his report card a	nd (2)s at classmates who haven't do	ne as well.
	about his grades (4)	
	ends, and he's often by himself. By contrast, Margo is a true ex	
	of shyness. She's so (6)	
	around her, and she's constantly busy with movie dates, stud	
with friends, and parties. N	othing seems to (7) Margo. She	e will walk
	s, boldly strike up a conversation, and leave an hour later w	
new best friends. Tina	is yet another completely different type of person. Un	nder most
	tiet that people barely notice she is in the room. However,	
•	. She's not shy; she just puts her energy into have	
	crowd of acquaintances. I actually think Tina is the most int	
	voted mostly to himself and his intelligence, and Margo is	_
popular, Tina cares deeply	about other people. It (9)s her to	know that
	people living in her own city, and she quietly volunteers so	
	once (10)(e)d Cal and Margo to go	
	out neither of them had any interest.	
v. noin, o		
Scores	Sentence Check 2% Final Check%	



condone contemplate feasible feign fiscal furtive gape pathetic precedent punitive

Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

	condone	² I cannot condone B	Barb's smoking in public. It thre	atens other people's health.
	kən'dəun/ <i>verb</i>		rlook it when you're three mi your walking into class a half ho	
_ (Condone means	a. to excuse.	b. to recall.	c. to punish.
/	contemplate kontempleit/ verb	realized, however, t * Whenever Anne's h	t studied for the test, he content that the eagle-eyed teacher wou husband drank too much, she wo	ld spot him. ould contemplate separation,
(Contamplata maans	a. to consider.	feel guilty for thinking about le	c. to avoid.
'	Contemplate means	a. to consider.	b. to pretend.	c. to avoid.
/	easible ˈfiːzəbl/		r me to work full time and k with the cleaning chores.	teep the house clean unless
-	adjective	•	pervisor, "It just isn't feasible Tho were fired. You need to hire	
F	Feasible means	a. wrong.	b. legal.	c. possible.
	eign fein/	• Since I had heard a yelled, "Surprise!"	bout my surprise party, I had to	o feign shock when everyone
-	verb		ad cold by pretending you're to saying, "I have a code id by do	
_ F	Feign means	a. to wish for.	b. to prove.	c. to fake.
_	iscal fisk <i>ə</i> l/	• The gift shop close money to cover cos	d because of fiscal problems. In	t simply didn't make enough
-	adjective		passed laws allowing child-sur paychecks of divorced parer eir children.	
F	Fiscal means	a. emotional.	b. financial.	c. unfair.
/	urtive fa:tiv/	9	ne, a guard in the stands noticed a spectator's pocket.	d the furtive movement of a
-	adjective	-	rts, teenagers who are furtive y be involved with drugs.	about where they are going
F	<i>Furtive</i> means	a. secret.	b. dependable.	c. serious.

7 gape	• Everyone stopped to gape at the odd-looking sculpture in front of the library.			
/geɪp/ -verb		wed down to gape at an accivate vas backed up for miles.	ident in the southbound lanes,	
Gape means	a. to yell.	b. to appreciate.	c. to stare.	
8 pathetic /pəˈθetɪk/	 That plumber's work the pipe is leaking. 	k was pathetic . Not only doe	es the faucet still drip, but now	
-adjective		ne areas of the world is p oil is the silve treatable with modern me	athetic. People are dying of dicine.	
Pathetic means	a. ordinary.	b. miserable.	c. expensive.	
9 precedent /pri/si:dənt/	-	yer gave her three months or any other woman in the fir	off after her baby was born, a m who became pregnant.	
-noun	-	2	who stole an exam an F for the y do the same," he explained.	
Precedent means	a. a question.	b. a delay.	c. a model.	
10 punitive /'pju:nətɪv/	 Judge Starn is espe them a jail term. 	cially punitive with drunker	n drivers, giving every one of	
-adjective	 Many parents find punitive action is. 	that reward is a better bas	is for teaching children than	
Punitive means	a. punishing.	b. forgiving.	c. uneven.	

Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

1	Possible; able to be done
2	Done or behaving so as not to be noticed; secret; sneaky
3	To stare in wonder or amazement, often with one's mouth wide open
4	Anything that may serve as an example in dealing with later similar circumstances
5	To forgive or overlook
6	Giving or involving punishment; punishing
7	Financial
8	To think about seriously
9	Pitifully inadequate or unsuccessful
10.	To pretend; give a false show of

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

Using the answer line provided, complete each item below with the correct word from the box. Use each word once.

a. condone	b. c	contemplate	c. feasible	d. feign	e. fiscal
f. furtive	g. g	jape	h. pathetic	i. precedent	j. punitive
		-	cople don't like otle would be apprecia	ners to at then	n. Instead of a sta
		2. From time t firm decisio		ing business school,	but so far I've mad
		3. Lawyers ca similar case	-	e by finding a usef	ul among prev
			for me to attend to ose between them.	wo weddings in the	same afternoon, se
			al does not hitti olent solution.	ng students. He beli	eves that every pro
				had to give evider y stub, before he co	
			on the elevator didr	n't want to stare at t	he patch on my eye
			iving conditions we	ere There was re crumbling.	no heat or electrici
		_	ve my oral report is revealed my nervo	n class, I tried to _ ousness.	confidence, bu
_		said, "If you	-	, but one day I pust time, I will send yo	
ntence Che	ck~2				
ng the answer line	es prov	ided, complete of	each item below wi	th two words from	the box. Use each
				ouy a new copy madoss replied, "Unfortu	

is too tight. That purchase would create a deficit° in our budget."

3-4. Some parents take only ___ measures when children misbehave. They

benign° encouragement is often more effective than punishment.

never take time to ____ the benefits of a gentler approach. However,

	5-6. Several passersby stopped to at the homeless man and his _ shelter, made of cardboard and a tern blanket. The poignant signal signal states are stopped to at the homeless man and his _ shelter, made of cardboard and a tern blanket.	
	moved one woman to go to a restaurant and buy a meal for the man.	
	7-8. The fourth-grade teacher said, "I will not any behavior in n class. Rita, please stop passing notes under your desk to Ellen."	ny
	9-10. The was set many years ago: When the winner of a beauty conte is announced, the runner-ups happiness for the winner, despite t fact that she is quite devoid of happiness at the moment.	
Final Check: Shop	plifter	
selection carefully. Then	y for you to strengthen your knowledge of the ten words. First read the following fill in each blank with a word from the box at the top of the previous page out figure out which word goes in which blank.) Use each word once.	_
Valerie took a (1)	glance around her. When it seemed that no one	
	affed a blue shirt into the bottom of her purse and darted out of the women's	
department. She walk	ked slowly around the shoe department for a while and then left the store.	
"Stop! You! Stop!" sl	houted a guard who seemed to appear from nowhere. Then another man in	
street clothes grabbed	her purse and pulled out the shirt.	
"But but it	t's not mine. I don't know how it got there," Valerie cried.	
The two men just	t looked at each other and laughed at the blatant° lie. The guard said, "That's	
what all shoplifters sa	say. People steal without taking time to (2) the	
possible results. Then	when they're caught, they loudly (3) innocence."	
As the guard beg	gan to phone the police, Valerie implored° the men, "Please don't press	
charges. Please. This i	is the first time I've ever done anything like this, and I'll never do it again."	
The men laughed	again. "Your argument is (4)," the man in street	
clothes said. "It's eve	eryone's first time. Our store has a policy on shoplifters: It's mandatory° for	
us to press charges, ev	even if it's the first offense. We can't set a bad (5)	
by letting a shoplifter	go, as if we (6)(e)d such crimes."	
"That's right " as	aid the guard. "Shoplifting is all too prevalent" in our store. This shirt costs	
mat s right, sa	officer reported	
•	out the twenties add up. Our (7) officer reported	
only twenty dollars, b	50,000 worth of merchandise to shoplifters last year. So it simply isn't	
only twenty dollars, b		
only twenty dollars, b a loss of about \$156 (8)	50,000 worth of merchandise to shoplifters last year. So it simply isn't	
only twenty dollars, b a loss of about \$150 (8)take (9)	50,000 worth of merchandise to shoplifters last year. So it simply isn't to let you walk away. Unfortunately, we have no choice but to	



cryptic deficient depict detrimental implicit inhibition ironic rupture saturate vindictive

Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

1 cryptic /'kriptik/	 I begged Tony to tell reply: "It's a green wo 	_	always gave the same cryptic
-adjective	 Next to the dead woman 	an's body was a cryptic no	ote that said, "Not now."
Cryptic means	a. cruel.	b. mystifying.	c. humorous.
2 deficient /di¹fi∫ənt/	• When people have too diet is also deficient in		it sometimes means that their
-adjective	 Gil's manners are definition for anything. 	icient. For example, I've	never heard him thank anyone
Deficient means	a. insufficient.	b. sensitive.	c. increasing.
3 depict /dɪˈpɪkt/ -verb	- Harriet Beecher Stow	typical nineteenth-century re's novel <i>Uncle Tom's C</i> that the book helped to begin	Cabin depicted the cruelty of
Depict means	a. to hide.	b. to show.	c. to predict.
4 detrimental / detri mental/	 Do you think all telev positive influence on t 		ildren, or are some programs a
-adjective		mobiles and factories have	e been so detrimental to the rmanent.
Detrimental means	a. useful.	b. new.	c. damaging.
5 implicit /ɪmˈplɪsɪt/	• When the gangster gre Harris understood the		t your family to stay healthy,'
-adjective	 Although it's never be be promoted when Ear 	-	t understanding that Carla wil
Implicit means	a. playful.	b. modern.	c. unspoken.
6 inhibition	 A two-year-old has no 	inhibitions about running	around naked.
/ˌɪnhɪˈbɪʃ <i>ə</i> n/ - <i>noun</i>	 Sarah's family is ope kissing in public. 	nly affectionate, with no	inhibitions about hugging o
Inhibition means	a. an inner block.	b. a habit.	c. a purpose.

7 ironic /aı'ronık/	 It's ironic that Lorent in her youth. 	ta is such a strict mother, b	ecause she was certainly wild
-adjective	-	hain for her husband's watc	conic twist: A woman sells her h, while her husband sells his
Ironic means	a. unexpected.	b. inadequate.	c. reasonable.
8 rupture /'rʌptʃə(r)/	 If the dam were to water. 	rupture, the town would	disappear under many feet of
-verb	 The bulge in the b ruptured and would 	-	I by a muscle wall that had
Rupture means	a. to heal.	b. to exist.	c. to come apart.
9 saturate /ˈsæt∫əreɪt/	 Most people like the saturated every piece 		lets hers sit until the milk has
-verb	 Studying history fo absorbed one more b 		ny brain — I couldn't have
Saturate means	a. to protect.	b. to empty.	c. to fill.
10 vindiclive /vin'diktiv/		o date my older brother, he o forward her all his junk e-r	becomes vindictive . One way nail.
-adjective	 After she was given jumbled the company 		dictive employee intentionally
Vindictive means	a. sympathetic.	b. spiteful.	c. puzzling.

Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

1.	A holding back or blocking of some action, feeling, or thought
2	Having a vague or hidden meaning; puzzling
3.	Suggested but not directly expressed; unstated, but able to be understood
4	_ Inclined to seek revenge; vengeful
5	_ To represent in pictures or words; describe
6	_ To burst or break apart
7	_ Lacking something essential; inadequate
8	_ To soak or fill as much as possible
9	_ Harmful
0.	Opposite to what might be expected

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

Using the answer line provided, complete each item below with the correct word from the box. Use each word once.

a. cryptic f. inhibition	b. deficient g. ironic	c. depict h. rupture	d. detrimental i. saturate	e. implicit j. vindictive
i. WilhDittOff	g. irome	n. rupture	i. Saturate	j. Villaictive
	1. A person	can be intelligent a	nd yet be in comm	on sense.
	2. When the	e pressure in the gas	pipe became too great	, the pipe(e)d.
	3. Isn't it _	that the richest m	an in town won the mi	llion-dollar lottery?
		mething as healthfuvery large amounts.	l as vitamins can be _	to your health v
	5. Becky's barefoot.		was evident the	day she came to d
		novel <i>Oliver Twist</i> ge as truly pathetic°.	, Charles Dickens _	_s life in an Eng
		angs are If ar will take full reven	nyone harms a memberge.	er of a gang, the o
		-	was written in double out the teacher's r	•
		na of Gretchen's pe and rolled down a v	erfume so(e)d the window.	air in the car that S
			hers' contracts, there is preparing lessons and	
tence Chec	$\mathbf{k} 2$			
		te each item below	with two words from	the box. Use each v
		-balloon fights are ney get(e)d with	fun until a balloon n cold water.	_s against your clo
	backg	ground, to be	painting, with its doze However, it's possible y connecting the dots.	
			gy to retaliate when s ying to get even with	

is ____ to her relationships with family and friends.

7-8. It's that the book <i>Live Simply on Little Money</i> has made the author wealthy, since a(n) message of the book is that the author himse requires little money.	
9-10. Gerry feels people should "lose theirs" and do whatever they feel like doing, but I think people who are altogether in self-control have poor manners.	
Final Check: A Nutty Newspaper Office Here is a final opportunity for you to strengthen your knowledge of the ten words. First read the following	\ <i>a</i>
selection carefully. Then fill in each blank with a word from the box at the top of the previous page. Context clues will help you figure out which word goes in which blank.) Use each word once.	_
My therapist says it's (1) to my mental health to keep my	
thoughts bottled up inside of me, so I'll drop all (2)s and tell you	
about the newspaper office where I work.	
Let me describe my editor first. It's sort of (3) that Ed is in	
communications because I've never met anyone harder to talk to. Although he's a proponento of	
clear expression, Ed communicates as unclearly as anyone I know. For example, if I say, "How are	
you doing today, Ed?" he'll give me some (4) response such as "The	
tidal pools of time are catching up with me." I used to think there might be some deep wisdom	
(5) in Ed's statements, but now I just think he's a little bizarre°.	
Then there's Seymour, our sportswriter. Seymour is perfectly normal except that he has	
unexplained fits of crying two or three times a week. In the middle of a conversation about the	
baseball playoffs or the next heavyweight title fight, Seymour suddenly goes into a frenzy° of	
crying and (6)s handfuls of Kleenex with his tears.	
Now, I don't mean to (7) our office as a totally depressing place.	
It is not entirely (8) in excitement, but even our excitement is a little	
weird. It is usually provided by Jan, a (9) typesetter who, whenever she	
feels injured by Ed, takes revenge in some horrible but entertaining way. One of her favorite types	
of reprisal° is sneaking fictional items about him into the society column. I'll never forget the time	
Ed was in the hospital after his appendix (10)(e)d. He almost broke	
his stitches when he read that he was taking a vacation at a nudist colony. The article infuriated°	
him so that he probably would have sued the newspaper for libel° if he didn't work there himself.	
Seores Sentence Check 2% Final Check%	



constrict exhaustive fallible formulate genial habitat pragmatic pretentious reconcile vile

Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

1 constrict /kon'strikt/	 The summer highway two lanes. 	construction will constric	t traffic by confining it to only		
-verb	 In feudalist China, the feet of some girls were constricted with binding to keep them from growing to normal size. Women's feet were considered most attractive if they were less than four inches long. 				
Constrict means	a. to expand.	b. to repair.	c. to squeeze.		
2 exhaustive /ɪgˈzɔ:stɪv/	 Don't buy a used can Check every detail, for 		igh an exhaustive inspection.		
-adjective	 My teacher recommended an exhaustive thousand-page biography of Freud, but who has time to read such a thorough account? 				
Exhaustive means	a. smooth.	b. detailed.	c. narrow.		
3 fallible /ˈfæləbl/		allible," the boss told his r mistakes on company tim	workers. "But do you have to		
-adjective	*	kids think their parents ca eir parents suddenly seem f	n do no wrong, but when they allible.		
Fallible means	a. optimistic.	b. friendly.	c. imperfect.		
4 formulate /ˈfɔːmjʊleɪt/	 The author first form mystery. 	nulated an outline of his p	lot and then began writing his		
-verb	 Before stepping into his boss's office, Hank had carefully formulated his case for a raise. 				
Formulate means	a. to develop.	b. to question.	c. to accept.		
5 genial /ˈdʒiːnjəl/		• •	at the nursing home might be sturned out to be very genial.		
-adjective	 Libby found her first dance instructor so rude and unpleasant that she changed to a more genial one. 				
Genial means	a. good-looking.	b. practical.	c. good-natured.		
6 habitat /ˈhæbɪtæt/	 Many people believe that wild animals should be allowed to remain in their natural habitats and not be captured and put in zoos. 				
-noun	• Mosses can live in a large variety of humid habitats, from very cold to very hot.				
Habitat means	a. a pattern.	b. a plan.	c. a territory.		

7 pragmatic /præg'mætik/	 We always called no pragmatic member of 	-	because she was the most	
-adjective	_	le, he spent most of his more e must spend his money in r	ney on travel. Now that he has more pragmatic ways.	
Pragmatic means	a. sensible.	b. patient.	c. pleasant.	
8 pretentious /prɪ ^t tenʃəs/	• Dana's classmates don't like her because she's so pretentious . It's hard to like someone who acts as if she knows it all.			
-adjective		husband's grave with a larg mber of a royal family.	ge, pretentious monument, as	
Pretentious means	a. overly imaginative	b. important-seeming	. c. cruel.	
9 reconcile /'rekənsail/	 When my grandfathe that he was really gor 		reconcile Grandma to the fact	
-verb		ck in six months, Tony a us line and doing without a control of the control of th	reconciled himself to living car.	
Reconcile to means	a. to bring to accept.	b. to frighten about.	c. to hide from.	
10 vile /vail/	 My sister loves a certain cheese that has the vile odor of something that fell off a garbage truck. 			
-adjective	• When I finally get around to cleaning out the refrigerator, I always find some vile moldy food at the back of a shelf.			
Vile means	a. threatening.	b. natural.	c. nasty.	

Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

1	To bring (oneself or someone else) to accept
2	The natural environment of an animal or plant
3	Making a show of excellence or importance, especially wher undeserved
4	Capable of making an error
5	To make smaller or narrower, as by squeezing or shrinking
6	Covering all possible details; complete; thorough
7	Friendly, pleasant, and kindly
8	Offensive to the senses, feelings, or thoughts; disgusting
9	To plan or express in an orderly way
10	Practical

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

Using the answer line provided, complete each item below with the correct word from the box. Use each word once.

	3		haustive agmatic	c. fallible h. pretentious	d. formulate i. reconcile	e. genial j. vile
		1.	The local din	ner serves the world's m	ost beef stew, ful	l of big globs of fat.
		_ 2	. Why is Deb	ora acting so unfriendly	today? She's usually	' so
		3	-	was forced to here	self to my independ	ence when I moved
		4.		ts the pupils of o	•	ess light. Darkness
		5		sor told me that if I wish		dependent project,
		_ 6		m paper on orchids, We flower's growth and n		rch, covering every
		_ 7	about h words.	nis intelligence, Norm t	ries to impress peop	ple with a lot of big
		8		stories sometimes mista is actually near the \$		s at the North Pole
		_ 9		e more," my brother larger order rather than	_	•
		10		auto mechanic said, " "Yes, but your mistake		_
Se	ntence Check	2				
Usi onc	-	ovide	ed, complete	each item below with t	wo words from the	oox. Use each word
		1	to the fac	nt me to be perfect, but et that every one of us is how detrimental° her cri	" It wasn't until	then that my mothe
		_ 3 _	gorilla's	experts(e)d a plar natural Continued val of the species.		
		5	•	le was not at all Id money on videotape		_

family without any extra cash.

	On	apter 28	16/
	When our pet python escaped, we quickly made throughout the house and grounds. We found him w dog, about to the poor mutt to death.		
	At the sales seminar, employees were taught to be _ and never to seem, no matter how much they knowarm, amiable salespeople, not ones who show off.		
Final Check: Roughing	It		
selection carefully. Then fill in ea	to strengthen your knowledge of the ten words. First ach blank with a word from the box at the top of out which word goes in which blank.) Use each word	the previous	
"Whose brilliant idea was	this anyway?" Sara asked. "If people were intended	to sleep on t	he
ground and cook over a fire, w	e wouldn't have beds and microwave ovens."	•	
"Stop complaining," Emi	ly said. "At least you've got on dry clothes. You	didn't end	up
walking through some (1)	mud because your canoe ov	erturned. A	nd
you didn't have a (2)	partner who claimed to know ev	erything abo	out
canoeing but actually didn't kn	ow enough to steer around a rock."		
"So I made a mistake," Ge	orge said. "We're all (3)	**	
"Well," Emily responded,	"your mistake has lost us our tent. And our sleep	ping ·bags a	nd
clothes are saturated° with muc	ddy water."		
Then Doug spoke up. "It'	s no big deal. Sara and I will lend you clothes, and	ł you two c	an
squeeze into our tent."			
"Squeeze is right, " said E	mily. "Four in one tent will (4)	us	so
much that we won't be able to	exhale."		
"It's your choice," said Do	oug. "Decide if you want to be in a crowded tent or si	leep out in th	nis
wild-animal (5)	**		
Sara couldn't resist addi-	ng, "If you had just listened to me and had bee	en a bit mo	ore
(6)	when planning for this trip, we wouldn't be in suc	ch a mess. Y	ou
would have written a(n) (7)	list of what we would need	l, from A to	Z.
	(e)d a clear plan for who wo		
Then we wouldn't be out here	with two corkscrews but no plastic to wrap our belong	gings in."	
"Let's just stop complaini	ng before this degenerates° into a shouting match. V	Ve should be	e a
little more (9)	with one another," said Doug.	"We need	to
(10)	ourselves to our imperfect situation and not le	t it detract°	so
much from our vacation that w			
Scores Se	ntence Check 2% Final Check%		



1 avid

/ˈævɪd/

avid dwindle esteem evoke legacy

• Ramia, an avid reader, enjoys nothing more than a good science-fiction novel.

· Artie is such an avid sports fan that he has two televisions tuned to different

mediate muted nurture pacify transient

Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

-adjective	sporting events so he	doesn't miss any action.	
Avid means	a. likable.	b. devoted.	c. helpful.
2 dwindle /'dwindl/	• As the number of le increased.	aves on the tree dwindled	d, the number on the ground
-verb		n helped Doreen's craving ver cigarettes each day unti	for cigarettes to dwindle . She I she quit altogether.
Dwindle means	a. to make sense.	b. to drop suddenly.	c. to decrease.
3 esteem /tlsti:m/		ed after coaching basketbal old whistle as a sign of thei	I for thirty years, his admiring resteem.
-noun	 The critics had such ε Year." 	esteem for the play that the	y voted it "Best Drama of the
Esteem means	a. concern.	b. appreciation.	c. curiosity.
4 evoke /ɪ¹vəuk/	• Music can evoke polisteners to tears.	werful feelings. A sweet	violin solo often moves its
-verb	• The smells of cider an	d pumpkin pie evoke thoug	ghts of autumn.
Evoke means	a. to bring out.	b. to shelter.	c. to follow.
5 legacy /'legasi/ -noun	0 0	heir legacy of musical tale	ther were all musicians. She ent because she's an excellent
		gacies that my mother hand her interests in growing flo	led down to me is the love of wers and in hiking.
Legacy means	a. a memory.	b. a high hope.	c. an inherited gift.
6 mediate /ˈmiːdɪət/	 My father refused to say, "Settle your own 	_	my sister and me. He would
-verb		laimed the stream was par council mediate their conf	t of his property. Finally, they lict.
Mediate means	a. to participate in.	b. to settle.	c. to observe.

7	/ ['] mju:tɪd/	 When I put in my earpl muted enough so that it no 	ugs, the yelling from the ne olonger disturbs me.	ext apartment becomes
	-adjective	 The artist used muted ra peaceful tone. 	ther than bright colors, givin	g the painting a quiet,
	Muted means	a. soft.	b. temporary.	c. boring.
8	/ˈnɜːtʃə(r)/	• Although I often forget nurtures her many ferns a	to water or feed my plant and violets.	s, my sister carefully
	-verb		rotect their babies, but female female only lays the eggs, wh	
	Nurture means	a. to inspect.	b. to seek out.	c. to care for.
9	pacify /'pæsıfai/	 When I'm feeling nervous of mint tea. 	s or upset, I often pacify myse	elf with a soothing cup
	-verb		erta by calling her boyfriend " of apology: "I'm sorry I calle ch."	
	Pacify means	a. to amuse.	b. to encourage.	c. to soothe.
10	/'trænzient/	• The drug's dangers include effects, such as temporaril	de both permanent brain dam y blurred vision.	age and transient side
	-adjective	 Julie wants a lasting re transient one. 	lationship, but Carlos seems	s interested in only a
_	Transient means	a. dull.	b. short-lived.	c. hard to notice.

Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

1	Softened; toned down; made less intense
2	Temporary; passing soon or quickly
3.	_ Enthusiastic and devoted
4	_ To make calm or peaceful
5	To draw forth, as a mental image or a feeling
6	_ To gradually lessen or shrink
7	To settle (a conflict) by acting as a go-between
8	_ High regard; respect; favorable opinion
9	To promote development by providing nourishment, support and protection
10	Something handed down from people who have come before

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

> Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line provided, complete each item below with the correct word from the box. Use each word once.

	a. avid f. mediate	b. dwl g. mu l		c. esteem h. nurture	d. evoke i. pacify	e. legacy j. translent
			Then my new and singing so		rts to scream, we _	him by rocking him
			ne photos in iends.	n my album	many fond memor	ries of my high-school
			you study	too long at one s	sitting, your concer	ntration will eventually
			t the party, verhear us.	Yoko and I kept o	our conversation	so that no one would
			ou must elter.	_ a child with lo	ve and respect as	well as with food and
				arm of spring is t wait for its return.	hat it's It com	es and goes so quickly
				for her singin in a local theater.	g, the talent agent s	sent Mary flowers after
			•	obby is the most a baseball cards to		ow. He collects almost
					s from the six	teenth and seventeenth eration.
			-	o to court, Mr. Is a lawyer the		vner of the gas station
Se	entence Check 2					
Us:	ing the answer lines procee.	vided,	complete eac	ch item below wit	h two words from t	he box. Use each word
		_ 1-2.				She discovered that he she broke up with him.
		_ 3-4.			at his enthusiasm f th great zeal° for ter	or cooking nevers. straight hours.
		5-6.	Loud musi	c linsets our canar	v. but tones	her

7-8. It is necessary to a human infant because it is the biological newborn mammals to be unable to survive on their own. Parental ca is indispensable°. 9-10. In the Bible, King Solomons a dispute between two women, each of the survive of the biological and are not provided in the biological are not provided in the biological and are not provided in the biological are not provided in t
9-10. In the Bible, King Solomons a dispute between two women, ea
of whom claims the same child as her own. Pretending that the ch will be cut in two, he sees the horror that this thoughts in one the women. He then knows that she is the true mother.
Final Check: Getting Scared
Here is a final opportunity for you to strengthen your knowledge of the ten words. First read the following selection carefully. Then fill in each blank with a word from the box at the top of the previous pay (Context clues will help you figure out which word goes in which blank.) Use each word once.
Do you remember trying to scare yourself and everybody else when you were a kid? For
instance, maybe you were a(n) (1) roller-coaster rider, closing your
eyes and screaming and loving it all. Afterward, you would (2)
your still nervous stomach by quietly sipping an ice-cold Coke. If a short roller-coaster ride gave
you too (3) a thrill, there was always the long-term fear of a horror
movie. If the horrors it depicted° were vile° enough, you might be scared about going to bed for
the next three months.
And remember popping out from behind corners yelling "Boo!" at your brother? The fight
that followed ("You didn't scare me one bit." "Did too." "Did not." "Did too.") would go on until
a grown-up (4)(e)d the conflict. (Parents always seemed to be
there to settle disputes among siblings° or to (5) and reassure you at
times when you needed support.)
At other times, you and your friends probably sat around a campfire late at night, engaging in
your favorite nocturnal° activity—telling ghost stories. Thrilled with the horror of it all, you spoke
in voices so (6) they were almost whispers. The storyteller who gained
the most (7) was the one who could (8) the
greatest terror in others. If anybody's fear started to (9), this expert
would build it up again with the most effective story in the campfire repertoireo, the story of the
ghost in the outhouse, a (10) handed down from older brothers and
sisters to younger ones. The story always made you so scared that you needed to go to the
outhouse. But fearing the ghost there, how could you?



aloof ambivalent augment dispel explicit longevity magnitude mundane obscure render

Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

			•
1 aloof /əˈluːf/	 Some people say that seem warm and open. 	t the English are aloof, but the	ne English people I've met
-adjective	• I knew that Taylor we even when I tried to b	as upset with me about somet e friendly.	thing because he was aloof
Aloof means	a. motivated.	b. lazy.	c. cold.
2 ambivalent /æmˈbɪvələnt/		lent about marriage," Earl said to set the date and wanting to t	
-adjective	 I'm ambivalent abou dislike her efforts to in 	t my counselor. I appreciate henterfere in my life.	er desire to be helpful, but I
Ambivalent means	a. meaning well.	b. having mixed feelings.	c. experienced.
3 augment /ɔ:gˈment/		willing to augment their heim wear is so bad for their feet?	ght by wearing high heels
-verb	Because Jenna needed term papers for colleg	d additional money, she augmee students.	nented her salary by typing
Augment means	a. to add to.	b. to risk.	c. to cover up.
4 dispel /dɪsˈpel/	 Vickie's sweet note of felt toward her. 	f apology was enough to disp	el the slight anger Rex still
-verb	 I tried to dispel my f her that my parents m 	riend's fears about her blind o et on a blind date.	date that evening by telling
Dispel means	a. to cause.	b. to eliminate.	c. to communicate.
5 explicit /tk'splisit/	 Even though the inst bookcase together. 	ructions were explicit, we w	vere still unable to put the
-adjective	· · ·	explicit about what I could are y presented me with a detailed	_
Explicit means	a. brief.	b. mysterious.	c. specific.
6 longevity /lɒŋˈdʒevətɪ/	 Volkswagens and Hore expensive cars. 	ndas are known for their longe	evity, often outlasting more
-noun	 The animal with the g several hundred years 	reatest longevity is the giant la	and tortoise, which can live
_			•

b. life span.

c. size.

Longevity means

a. form.

7	magnitude /ˈmægnɪtjuːd/	 Numbers in the billions are people to grasp. 	nd trillions are of too great	a magnitude for most
	-noun	 When the bank teller realize thought of being held responses 	zed the magnitude of his end is a sible for the loss of so large	
_	Magnitude means	a. an amount.	b. a time.	c. a length.
8	mundane /ˌmʌnˈdeɪn/	• Because Usha teaches be mundane activity to her.	elly dancing every day, it	is simply one more
	-adjective	• The most mundane activit I met my best friend while	ies can turn into extraordina washing my clothes at the la	•
	Mundane means	a. exciting.	b. painful.	c. commonplace.
9	obscure /əbˈskjuə(r)/	• The chemist didn't express a few scientists.	his theory clearly, so it rema	ained obscure to all but
	-adjective	• The police easily discovered psychiatrists, the killer's me		er, but even to the best
_	Obscure means	a. unimportant.	b. unclear.	c. known.
10	render /'rendə(r)/	• Don't let the baby near you unreadable.	ir term paper with that crayo	on, or she will render it
	-verb	 Phyllis added so much red anyone to eat. 	pepper to the chili that she	rendered it too hot for
_	Render means	a. to remember.	b. to make.	c. to wish.

Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

1	To drive away as if by scattering; cause to vanish
2	Size
3	Ordinary; everyday
4	Stated or shown clearly and exactly
5	Having conflicting feelings about someone or something
6	To cause (something) to become; make
7	Not easily understood; not clearly expressed
8	Cool and reserved; distant in personal relations
9	To increase; make greater, as in strength or quantity
10	Length of life

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

> Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line provided, complete each item below with the correct word from the box. Use each word once.

a. aloof f. longevity	b. ambivalent g. magnitude	c. augment h. mundane	d. dispel i. obscure	e. explicit j. render
	1. The best v	writers can describe s all.	something so	that it doesn't
	2. The archited	ct decided to add anoth	ner pillar to the build	ling to its sup
	3. "Russell se dislikes me	eems toward me,	" Janice said, "as	if he both likes
	4. Recent reserved how long w	earch suggests that ou e will live.	r parents' does	sn't necessarily a
		frightened, I try to app el in control.	pear because loo	oking cool and di
		ee of my science teac d, ideas clear to stu	_	t he is able to
		ep walking on the bac t as the floor," Annie's	•	ke that, you will
		oroposes marriage to Jo whether or not he really		y doubts she may
		ake my test questions dents will know exactl		
		realize the of the nds of insects living to	2 2	

> Sentence Check 2

once.

1–2. When asked about his ____, ninety-year-old Mr. Greene gives an ____
recipe for a long life: eat well, exercise, and stay away from hospitals.

"It's ironicoon," he explains, "that I got the worst infection of my life at a hospital."

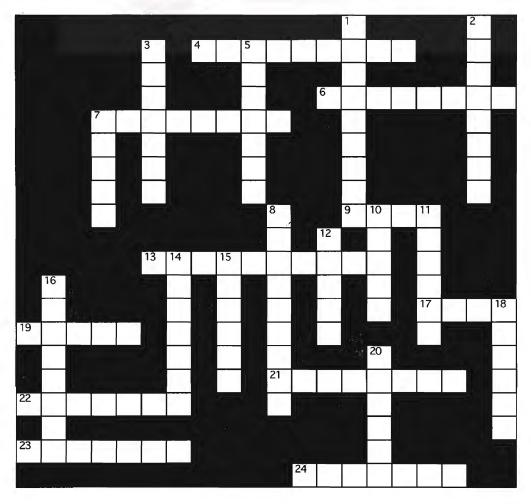
3–4. Harriet was able to ____ the family income by working overtime, but her problems with her husband and children increased in ____ as a result.

Using the answer lines provided, complete each item below with two words from the box. Use each word

	5-6. I'm about playing with our rock band. The music is a source of elation° for me, but I'm afraid it will me deaf one of these days.
	7-8. Gail sometimes appears cold and conceited, but she is only toward people whom she strongly dislikes. With all others, her usual genials and modest manner soons any impression that she is haughty.
	9-10. "Does the idea that we don't always see things as they really are seen to you?" the teacher asked. "If so, it will become clearer if you relate it to the experience of looking down a road. Doesn't it look narrower in the distance than it really is?"
Final Check: My S	ister's Date
selection carefully. Then fi	for you to strengthen your knowledge of the ten words. First read the following ill in each blank with a word from the box at the top of the previous page a figure out which word goes in which blank.) Use each word once.
I watched as my ol	der sister, Ruth, removed the last spiked curler from her hair. We gaped° at
the result. She someho	ow had (1) (e)d her hair limp as spaghetti.
When Ruth started to	cry, I tried to pacify° her with my usual gentleness: "Why are you such a
crybaby about some stu	ipid guy?"
The guy was Steve	en Meyer. He and Ruth were going to a high-school dance. She'd had a
crush on him for years,	for reasons that were (2) to me. (I never had been
able to discern° what sl	ne saw in him.)
When Ruth began	to (3) her makeup by applying some more
powder, she gave a terr	rifying scream that probably reduced my (4) by
at least a year. She info	rmed me between sobs that a pimple had just appeared on her nose, making
her "look like a vile	e° witch." I studied her face, expecting a pimple of truly amazing
(5)	Instead, I spotted a tiny speck. I tried to (6)
Ruth's worries: "So, it	makes you look like a witch. Don't you want to look bewitching?" But she
just began to cry again.	I took this opportunity to go downstairs and wait for Steven Meyer.
He arrived a half ho	our before Ruth was ready. Observing him through my thick glasses, I tried to
figure out exactly what	Ruth saw in him. We talked until she appeared at the top of the stairs. Trying
to look (7)	, she came down very slowly, wearing a cool, distant expression.
When Ruth retur	rned home later that night, her comment about the evening was
(8)	: "Totally rotten." She said that Steven, far from being extra-
	at to be "the most (9) sort of person in the world."
It seemed Ruth had b	pypassed feeling (10) about Steven and gone
straight from love to ha	
It's just as well, sin	ice I've been married to Steven for ten years now.
Seor	res Sentence Check 2% Final Check%

UNIT FIVE: Review

The box at the right lists twenty-five words from Unit Five. Using the clues at the bottom of the page, fill in these words to complete the puzzle that follows.



aloof ambivalent avid constrict depict dispel fallible feign furtive genial implicit ironic mediate mundane muted nurture obscure pathetic pragmatic punitive saturate sibling smug sneer vivacious

ACROSS

- 4. To make smaller or narrower, as by squeezing or shrinking
- Pitifully inadequate or unsuccessful
- 7. To soak or fill as much as possible
- Overly pleased with one's own cleverness, goodness, etc.; self-satisfied
- 13. Having conflicting feelings about someone or something
- 17. Enthusiastic and devoted
- 19. Cool and reserved
- 21. Suggested but not directly expressed

- 22. Not easily understood or clearly expressed
- 23. To settle (a conflict) by acting as a go-between
- 24. A sister or brother

DOWN

- 1. Lively; full of enthusiasm
- 2. Giving or involving punishment; punishing
- 3. Done or behaving so as not to be noticed; secret; sneaky
- 5. To promote the development of by providing nourishment, support, and protection

- 7. To show or express contempt or ridicule
- 8. Practical
- 10. Softened; toned down; made less intense
- 11. Friendly, pleasant, and kindly
- 12. To pretend; give a false show of
- 14. Ordinary; everyday
- 15. Opposite to what might be expected
- 16. Capable of making an error
- 18. To represent in pictures or words; describe
- 20. To drive away as if scattering; cause to vanish

UNIT FIVE: Test 1

PART A Choose the word that best completes each item and write it in the space provided. 1. Dean is so that he refers to his position of hamburger cook at a fastfood restaurant as "chef." a. punitive b. transient c. pretentious d. muted 2. Peter hasn't been ___ about quitting his job, but he's hinted at it. a. explicit b. avid c. fallible d. punitive 3. In talking with the social worker, the abused child ____ a life of horror. a. depicted b. implored c. intimidated d. nurtured 4. When my brother complained of a shortage of cash, his ___ message was "Can you lend me some money?" a. smug b. avid c. implicit d. vivacious 5. The poker gang laughed when Mom asked to join their game, but their ____ for her rose as she won the first four hands. c. legacy a. esteem b. longevity d. magnitude 6. While driving home three hours after her curfew, Lucille ___ an excuse she hoped her parents would believe. a. formulated b. dispelled c. ruptured d. intimidated 7. After a(n) ____ search during which I crawled around my entire apartment, my "missing" contact lens fell out of my eye. a. exhaustive b. fiscal c. pretentious d. vindictive 8. Jerome deserves his excellent grades, but he doesn't have to be ___ and say, "Naturally, I got straight A's again." a. obscure b. deficient c. smug d. muted

always lending money to family members.

b. ironic

b.' feigned

a. exhaustive

a. implored

9. It's ___ that my rich uncle is so stingy and my parents, who aren't rich, are

10. Although he had heard about his grandmother's aches and pains a million

times, Dennis interest whenever she complained to him.

c. furtive

c. mediated

d. pragmatic

d. intimidated

PART B

On the answer line, write the letter of the choice	e that best completes each item.
--	----------------------------------

11.	"I'm not fallible," my older sister insists. She me	eans	s that she never makes
	a. money.	b.	meals.
	c. mistakes.	d.	good grades.
 12.	The habitat of a cactus is		•
	a. very prickly.		capable of storing water.
	c. grayish-green.	a.	the desert.
 13.	A mundane experience, in most people's opinion		
	a. grocery shopping.c. sky-diving.		meeting one's future spouse. having major surgery.
	• •		•
 14.	"This new comedy show is devoid of humor," w a. is always funny.		is funny some of the time.
	c. completely lacks humor.		is going to win an award.
15			
 15.	When Isaac implored his sister to lend him ten da. blackmailed her into lending him the money.		
	c. refused her offer to lend him the money.		begged her to lend him the money.
16.	A person who begins honking and yelling, "Go	. 90	o!" at other drivers the second a traffic light
 	turns green is deficient in	, 6	ar coner arrives one second a manie ngin
	a. vision.		rudeness.
	c. patience.	d.	speed.
 17.	A reliable way to infuriate a teacher is to		
	a. skip class, refuse to do assignments, and talk		
	b. hold the door open for him or her and offer toc. take education courses in college and eventual		-
	d. ask for clarification when you do not understa	-	
18	Roger realized Anitra's interest in him had dwin-	dle	d when she began to
	a. ask his friends if he was dating anyone specia		
	b. object to his seeing other women.		
	c. come up with excuses to call him at home.d. avoid his phone calls and visits.		
	<u>.</u>		
 19.	When my father mediates a quarrel, he		he wents them to fight
	a. intentionally angers the people involved becab. helps settle the quarrel by acting as a go-betw		-
	c. takes one person's side in order to make the c		
	d. refuses to become involved in the quarrel in a	ıny	way.
 20.	Although Vanessa developed a crush on her class	sma	ate Josh, the feeling was transient because
	a. she asked him out on a date.		
	b. Josh was in all her classes.c. she soon met the boy she called her "true love	a "	
	d. Josh returned Vanessa's feelings.	U.	
	,		

Score (Number correct) $\times 5 = -\%$

UNIT FIVE: Test 2

PART A Complete each item with a word from the box. Use each word once.

a. ambivalent f. fiscal k. muted	b. condone c. contemplate d. evoke e. feasible g. inhibition h. jeopardize i. legacy j. magnitude l. reconcile m. sibling
	1. To make the bright green a more shade, the painter added a few drop of black.
	2. Music in a minor key oftens sad feelings in the listener.
	3. No one realized the of Nora's depression until she tried to kill herself
	4. Isabel has feelings about her job. She loves the work but hates he boss.
	5. Why dropping out of school when you've got only two semesters t go?
	6. It isn't to grow roses in our back yard. There's too much shade bac there for roses.
	7. Rosa has(e)d her son's temper tantrums for so long that he think they're acceptable behavior.
	8. My love of the outdoors is a(n) from my grandfather, who often hike in the mountains.
	9. The company is in such bad shape that over half the employees wi soon be laid off.
	10. Dick(e)d his chances of getting the job when he addressed th interviewer by the wrong name.
	11. Mys will be coming from California and Arkansas to celebrate ou parents' twenty-fifth anniversary.
	12. At first, Tiffany was reluctant to sit in Santa Claus's lap, but she overcam hers when she saw that he was handing out candy canes.
	13. As the wedding drew near, Brenda had to herself to the fact that he

)	Unit Five: Test 2							
PAR' Write	TB e C if the italicized word is us	sed corre	ectly. Write	I if the word is used inc	orrectly.			
	14. Saturate the washcloth by wringing it out.							
	15. I asked Sal to augment	the stered	because it	was giving me a headac	he.			
	16. An avid reader, Judy sp	ends mu	ch of her tin	ne enjoying newspapers	, magazines and books.			
	_ 17. Sonia sneered at the rock star who was her idol and asked him to autograph her CD.							
	18. Being a pragmatic person	on, my b	rother value	s music and poetry mor	e than practical things.			
	19. Barry didn't let his children stay up late last night because he didn't want to set a <i>precedent</i> for future nights.							
PAR'	T C ne answer line, write the lette	r of the w	vord that is	the synonym of the bold	lfaced word.			
	Example: <u>a</u> dwind	le a.	lessen	b. increase	c. turn			
	20. aloof	a.	angry	b. friendly	c. reserved			
	21. nurture	a.	starve	b. establish	c. nourish			
	22. render	a.	make	b. prevent	c. return			
	PART D On the answer line, write the letter of the word that is the antonym of the boldfaced word.							
On ti	ne answer line, write the lette	i of the v	voiu mat 18	anonym of the bold	naced word.			
		•	•					

Example: _b_ dwindle	a. lessen	b. increase	c. turn
23. genial	a. unpleasant	b. kindly	c. inborn
24. pathetic	a. admirable	b. required	с. ѕотту
25. intimidate	a. delay	b. frighten	c. encourage

Score (Number correct) ____ × 4 = ____%

UNIT FIVE: Test 3

Each item below starts with a pair of words in CAPITAL LETTERS. For each item, figure out the relationship between these two words. Then decide which of the choices (a, b, c, or d) expresses a similar relationship. Write the letter of your choice on the answer line.

1	INTROVERT : SHY ::	
	a. firefighter : bravec. showoff : modest	b. timid : shynessd. recipe : ingredients
2	SIBLING : BROTHER ::	
	a. niece : auntc. parent : father	b. baby : infantd. twins : triplets
3	VIVACIOUS : SLUGGISH ::	
	a. lively : activec. spirited : cheerleader	b. curious : interested d. passionate : uncaring
4	FURTIVE : SPY ::	
	a. tall : mousec. dishonest : forger	b. sly : sneaky d. tiptoe : walk
5	GAPE : AMAZING ::	
	a. smile : sadc. yawn : exciting	b. laugh : humorousd. interrupt : conversation
· 6	. PUNITIVE : PENALTY ::	
	a. liberating : shacklesc. instructive : lesson	b. punishing : rewardd. verdict : evidence
7	. CRYPTIC : CODE ::	
	a. spicy : carrotc. wealthy : beggar	b. encouraging : cheerleaderd. mystical : magical
8	. DETRIMENTAL : SMOKING ::	
	a. beneficial : exercisec. snakebite : antidote	b. physician: health d. harmful : medicine
9	. RUPTURE : PIPE ::	
	a. sweep : dustclothc. inhale : exhale	b. dirt : shoveld. malfunction : computer
10	. VINDICTIVE: FORGIVING ::	
	a. neglectful : attentivec. expensive : costly	b. local : nearby d. take : revenge

Score (Number correct) _____ × 5 = ____%

POSTTEST OF THE WHOLE BOOK

This test contains 100 items. In the space provided, write the letter of the choice that is closest in meaning to the **boldfaced** word.

c) improve

d) reject

1. enhance

a) free

b) get

 2. encounter	a) departure b) total c) meeting d) attack
 3. obsolete	a) current b) out-of date c) difficult to believe d) not sold
 4. eccentric	a) active b) common c) calm d) odd
 5. escalate	a) remove b) include c) lessen d) intensify
 6. euphemism	a) degree b) false appearance c) substitute for offensive term d) title
 7. exemplify	a) test b) construct c) represent d) plan
 8. adamant	a) flexible b) stubborn c) weak d) realistic
 9. comprehensive	a) delicate b) including much c) accidental d) small
 10. animosity	a) fear b) shyness c) approval d) ill will
 11. discern	a) rule out b) devise c) see clearly d) consider
 12. allusion	a) indirect reference b) physical weakness c) improvement d) short story
 13. altruistic	a) unselfish b) honest c) lying d) proud
 14. malign	a) praise b) boast c) speak evil of d) depend on
 15. arbitrary	a) based on impulse b) wordy c) believable d) demanding
 16. assail	a) defend b) travel c) attack d) confuse
 17. fluctuate	a) sink b) vary irregularly c) float d) stand still
 18. elicit	a) praise b) disprove c) draw forth d) approve
 19. persevere	a) mark b) treat harshly c) continue d) delay
 20. venture	a) misrepresent b) turn aside c) urge d) risk
 21. attest	a) examine b) bear witness c) tear up d) dislike
 22. acclaim	a) disagreement b) great approval c) false name d) sadness
 23. calamity	a) conference b) breeze c) disaster d) storm
 24. attribute	a) admiration b) quality c) disease d) program
 25. tangible	a) more than normal b) touchable c) hidden d) orderly

(Continues on next page)

26. retaliate	a) repair b) pay back c) renew d) repeat
27. qualm	a) pleasure b) place of safety c) feeling of doubt d) dead end
28. intrinsic	 a) belonging by its very nature b) not noticeable c) on the surface d) careful
29. confiscate	a) make difficult b) deny c) seize with authority d) desire
30. immaculate	a) roomy b) clean c) empty d) complete
31. degenerate	a) give up b) improve c) stay the same d) worsen
32. implausible	a) possible b) hard to believe c) imaginary d) historical
33. devastate	a) reassure b) upset greatly c) spread out d) begin again
34. sinister	a) frightened b) generous c) lively d) evil
35. nominal	a) slight b) large c) important d) open to harm
36. speculate	a) inspect b) think about c) search d) state to be so
37. succumb	a) cut short b) approach c) give in d) repeat
38. garble	a) claim b) mix up c) refuse d) speak clearly
39. constitute	a) make up b) remove c) eliminate d) separate
40. blatant	a) quiet b) sudden c) immediate d) obvious
41. intricate	a) complex b) easy c) workable d) touching
42. predominant	a) hidden b) having a tendency c) most noticeable d) smallest
43. incentive	a) fear b) concern c) pride d) encouragement
44. infamous	a) having a bad reputation b) not known c) small d) related
45. concurrent	a) apart b) north c) happening together d) off-and-on
46. benefactor	a) landlord b) one who gives aid c) optimist d) kindness
47. intermittent	a) hesitant b) nervous c) off-and-on d) constant
48. suffice	a) think up b) prevent c) be enough d) pay back
49. alleviate	a) infect b) relieve c) make anxious d) depart
50. digress	a) resist b) improve c) stray d) repeat

a) opposed b) fearful c) warm d) attracted
a) unfriendly b) rudely c) uncooperative d) in an opposite manner
a) dislike b) strongly desire c) impress d) deliver
a) comparison b) trade c) joy d) majority opinion
a) place b) memory c) search d) request
a) sexist b) threatening c) required d) masculine
a) happy b) depressed c) threatening d) friendly
a) harmless b) reversed c) delicate d) causing painful emotions
a) causing disease b) profitable c) silly d) attractive
a) gate b) exit c) central point d) dead end
a) send b) travel c) show off d) rise above
a) workable b) self-satisfied c) healthy d) easy
a) remove b) reveal c) hide d) embarrass
a) poor b) kind c) wealthy d) nasty
a) mood b) debate c) logical basis d) research paper
a) supporter b) examiner c) foe d) one part of the whole
a) cancel b) turn aside c) allow d) harm
a) cold b) disrespectful c) formal d) nervous
a) active b) tending c) disliked d) rested
a) fear b) encouragement c) ability to share someone's feelings
d) avoidance
a) fly b) sleep c) show off d) give up
a) plain b) widespread c) escapable d) famous
a) disagreement b) winning c) defeat d) approval
a) impression b) meeting c) dead end d) party
a) add to b) delay c) use up d) encourage

____100. condone

a) arrest

a) not easily understood b) gentle c) vengeful d) temporary
a) gift b) fee c) example d) later event
a) tricky b) nice c) secretive d) offensive
a) simple b) meaning opposite of what is said. c) deeply felt d) great
a) fully soak b) put down c) break apart d) describe
a) betray b) remove c) retreat d) calm
a) harmful b) nutritious c) dirty d) helpful
a) everyday b) permanent c) distant d) stated exactly
a) complete b) nervous c) respected d) tired
a) everyday b) temporary c) having mixed feelings d) able to be done
a) cause to vanish b) anger c) describe d) assist
a) practical b) slow c) wise d) ordinary
a) respect b) doubt c) age d) length of life
a) think seriously about b) create c) add to d) reveal
a) permanent b) easy-going c) stubborn d) temporary
a) cause to become b) change c) describe d) increase
a) incomplete b) complete c) capable of error d) simple
a) punishing b) inexpensive c) ridiculously inadequate d) possible
a) enthusiastic b) disliked c) bored d) plentiful
a) headache b) natural environment c) importance d) usual behavior
a) harden b) thank c) nourish d) starve
a) forgotten b) well-known c) complete d) lacking
a) hide from b) beat c) stare d) repair
a) importance b) attraction c) respect d) example

b) represent

c) forgive

d) appoint

Appendixes



A Answer Key

1. b

1. Answers to the Pretest of the Whole Book

51. c

52. b

2. a 3. b 4. a 5. b 6. b 7. b 8. d 9. a 10. c 11. a 12. d 13. c 14. b 15. a 16. b 17. a 18. c 19. b 20. c 21. c 22. d 23. a 24. b

25. a

26.	b
27.	a
28.	b
29.	d
30.	d
31.	b
32.	d
33.	b
34.	d
35.	b
36.	c
37.	b
38.	b
39.	d
40.	d
41.	c
42.	a
43.	d
44.	c
45.	d
46.	b
47.	c
48.	b
49.	a
50.	d

34.	U
53.	b
54.	a
55.	d
56.	b
57.	a
58.	c
59.	b .
60.	a
61.	c
62.	d
63.	b
64.	c
65.	d
66.	a
67.	
68.	c
69.	b
70.	d
71.	d
72.	b
73.	c
74.	c
75.	c

76. a 77. b 78. a 79. b 80. a 81. c 82. b 83. c 84. c 85. b 86. a 87. c 88. b 89. a 90. d 91. b 92. c 93. b 94. c 95. c 96. c 97. d 98. a 99. b 100. d

2. Answers to the Unit Pretests

Unit One	Unit Two	Unit Three	Unit Four	Unit Five
Pretest	Pretest	Pretest	Pretest	Pretest
1. b	1. b	1. c	1. b	1. c
2. a	2. a	2. c	2. a	2. b
3. c	3. d	3. a	3. d	3. d
4. b	4. a	4. d	4. a	4. a
5. d	5. c	5. c	5. c	5. c
6. a	6. b	6. b	6. b	6. b
7. c	7. c	7. a	7. c	7. a
8. b	8. a	8. c	8. b	8. d
9. d	9. d	9. a	9. b	9. c
10. a	10. d	10. d	10. d	10. b
11. c	11. c	11. b	11. a	11. a
12. b	12. b	12. a	12. c	12. c
13. d	13. a	13. c	13. b	13. a
14. d	14. d	14. b	14. c	14. d
15. a	15. b	15. b	15. d	15. b
16. b	16. a	16. b	16. c	16. a
17. c	17. c	17. a	17. b	17. d
18. a	18. b	18. d	18. a	18. c
19. b	19. d	19. b	19. c	19. b
20. d	20. a	20. b	20. d	20. d
21. b	21. b	21. d	21. c	21. c
22. b	22. d	22. c	22. b	22. c
23. d	23. a	23. a	23. a	23. c
24. a	24. d	24. b	24. d	24. b
25. c	25. b	25. c	25. b	25. a
26. c	26. a	26. d	26. b	26. c
27. b	27. c	27. a	27. a	27. b
28. c	28. d	28. b	28. d	28. a
29. d	29. a	29. a	29. c	29. c
30. a	30. d	30. d	30. a	30. d
31. b	31. c	31. b	31. c	31. b
32. c	32. b	32. d	32. d	32. a
33. a	33. d	33. a	33. b	33. c
34. c	34. d	34. b	34. c	34. d
35. d	35. b	35. c	35. d	35. b
36. b	36. d	36. a	36. a	36. c
37. a	37. c	37. d	37. c	37. b
38. c	38. d	38. b	38. a	38. d
39. a	39. a	39. d	39. d	39. a
40. c	40. b	40. a	40. c	40. c
41. b	41. c	41. b	41. b	41. b
42. d	42. a	42. a	42. a	42. c
43. a	43. b	43. c	43. c	43. a
44. b	44. c	44. d	44. d	44. c
45. a	45. d	45. b	45. b	45. d
46. d	. 46. b	46. a	46. c	46. c
47. d	47. d	47. b	47. a	47. a
48. c	48. a	48. c	48. d	48. b
49. b	49. c	49. d	49. b	49. c
50. a	50. d	50. a	50. c	50. d
_	-		· ·	50. 4

3. Answers to the Chapter Activities

Chapter 1 (Joseph Pal	mer)		Chapter 8 (Animal S	enses)		
Ten Words Matching in Context Words/Defs 1. b 6. b 1. 2 6. 9 2. a 7. b 2. 4 7. 6	Sentence Sentence Check I Check 2 1. b 6. i 1-2. g. 2. h 7. a 3-4. e.	<i>Check</i> h 1. d 6. f	Ten Words Matching in Context Words/Dej 1. a 6. b 1. 6 6. 3 2. c 7. a 2. 4 7. 5	S Check 1 1. e 6. i 2. a 7. c	Sentence Check 2 1–2. e, c 3–4. h, j	Final Check 1. d 6. b 2. j 7. i
3. c 8. c 3. 7 8. 5 4. c 9. a 4. 1 9. 10 5. a 10. c 5. 8 10. 3	5. d 10. g 9–10. i,	a 4. h 9. b	3. a 8. c 3. 9 8. 8 4. b 9. c 4. 1 9. 2 5. a 10. a 5. 10 10. 7	4. g 9. h 5. f 10. b	5–6. b, g 7–8. d, f 9–10. a, i	3. f 8. g 4. e 9. h 5. c 10. a
Chapter 2 (Telephone			Chapter 9 (Money P	•		
Ten Words in Context Words/Defs 1. c 6. b 1. 4 6. 3 2. b 7. c 2. 1 7. 8 3. a 8. b 3. 9 8. 10 4. a 9. a 4. 6 9. 7 5. c 10. b 5. 2 10. 5	Sentence Check 1 1. c 6. b 1-2. e, 2. i 7. h 3-4. d, 3. d 8. e 5-6. g, 4. a 9. j 7-8. j, 5. g 10. f 9-10. h,	Check a l. i 6. j f 2. d 7. g i 3. c 8. h b 4. b 9. e	Ten Words in Context Words/Def. 1. a 6. c 1. 3 6. 4 2. b 7. b 2. 5 7. 7 3. c 8. b 3. 8 8. 1 4. a 9. a 4. 9 9. 1 5. b 10. c 5. 2 10. 6	1. h 6. d 2. a 7. j 3. c 8. e 9 0 4. i 9. b	Sentence Check 2 1–2. g, a 3–4. c, h 5–6. i, d 7–8. e, b 9–10. f, j	Final Check 1. h 6. j 2. e 7. i 3. b 8. c 4. d 9. g 5. a 10. f
Chapter 3 (A Cruel Sp	ort)		Chapter 10 (The New	v French Emi	olovee)	
Ten Words Matching in Context Words/Defs 1. b 6. b 1. 3 6. 8 2. a 7. c 2. 10 7. 5 3. c 8. c 3. 7 8. 1 4. a 9. b 4. 2 9. 4 5. a 10. a 5. 9 10. 6	Sentence Sentence Check I Check 2 1. i 6. d 1-2. d, 2. h 7. f 3-4. h, 3. a 8. g 5-6. i, 4. b 9. j 7-8. f, 5. e 10. c 9-10. g,	Check c 1. f 6. d j 2. h 7. b a 3. c 8. j e 4. a 9. g	Ten Words Matching in Context Words/Def 1. c 6. b 1. 5 6. 1 2. a 7. a 2. 9 7. 2 3. b 8. b 3. 1 8. 8 4. b 9. b 4. 6 9. 7 5. c 10. a 5. 4 10. 3	Sentence S Check 1 0 1. i 6. f 2. h 7. c 3. j 8. g 4. e 9. a	Sentence Check 2 1–2. j, f 3–4. b, i 5–6. e, a 7–8. h, c 9–10. g, d	Final Check 1. i 6. a 2. h 7. d 3. e 8. f 4. c 9. j 5. b 10. g
Chapter 4 (Bald Is Bea	autiful)		Chapter 11 (A Cruel	Teacher)		
Ten Words Matching words/Defs 1. b 6. a 1. 3 6. 7 2. c 7. a 2. 6 7. 4 3. a 8. b 3. 9 8. 8 4. b 9. a 4. 1 9. 5	Sentence Check 1 Check 2 1. d 6. f 1-2. h, 2. b 7. g 3-4. f, 3. e 8. i 5-6. d, 4. j 9. c 7-8. i,	Check g 1. b 6. i e 2. d 7. g a 3. e 8. a c 4. c 9. f	Ten Words in Context Words/Def 1. a 6. b 1. 9 6. 3 2. c 7. b 2. 4 7. 1 3. a 8. b 3. 6 8. 1 4. c 9. a 4. 2 9. 7	1. g 6. d 0 2. b 7. j 3. f 8. e 4. a 9. i	Sentence Check 2 1–2. g, a 3–4. j, i 5–6. e, c 7–8. h, d	Final Check 1. e 6. g 2. a 7. h 3. d 8. i 4. f 9. j
5. a 10. c 5. 10 10. 2	5. h 10. a 9–10. b,	j 5. h 10. j	5. a 10. b 5. 8 10. 5		9–10. b, f	5. c 10. b
Chapter 5 (No Luck W		F: /	Chapter 12 (It's Nev		G .	Fr. 1
Ten Words in Context Words/Defs 1. b 6. b 1. 4 6. 3 2. a 7. b 2. 8 7. 6 3. c 8. c 3. 1 8. 10 4. c 9. a 4. 9 9. 5 5. a 10. b 5. 7 10. 2	Sentence Check 1 Check 2 1. h 6. j 1-2. b, 2. a 7. c 3-4. e, 3. b 8. i 5-6. d, 4. e 9. d 7-8. i, 5. g 10. f 9-10. f,	Check h 1. e 6. c c 2. f 7. d g 3. h 8. i j 4. a 9. b	Ten Word Pts Matching in Context Words/Def 1. a 6. c 1. 5 6. 1 2. b 7. b 2. 9 7. 3 3. a 8. c 3. 2 8. 6 4. c 9. a 4. 8 9. 7 5. a 10. b 5. 1 10. 4	0 1. c 6. f 2. b 7. i 3. h 8. d 4. j 9. g	Sentence Check 2 1–2. j, e 3–4. h, f 5–6. i, d 7–8. b, g 9–10. c, a	Final Check 1. c 6. f 2. i 7. g 3. h 8. e 4. a 9. j 5. b 10. d
Chapter 6 (A Taste of	Parenthood)		Chapter 13 (Learnin	g to Study)		
Ten Word Pts Matching in Context Words/Defs 1. b 6. b 1. 10 6. 4 2. c 7. b 2. 8 7. 1 3. a 8. a 3. 6 8. 5 4. a 9. c 4. 2 9. 3 5. b 10. c 5. 9 10. 7	Sentence Sentence Check 1 Check 2 1. b 6. g 1-2. d, 2. h 7. f 3-4. c, 3. d 8. c 5-6. g, 4. i 9. a 7-8. b, 5. j 10. e 9-10. j,	Check i 1. h 6. g f 2. j 7. c e 3. a 8. e h 4. b 9. i	Ten Words in Context Words/Def 1. b 6. b 1. 9 6. 2 2. c 7. a 2. 1 7. 1 3. b 8. c 3. 4 8. 6 4. a 9. b 4. 3 9. 5 5. b 10. a 5. 8 10. 7	S Check I 1. g 6. h 0 2. b 7. i 3. e 8. a 4. f 9. c	Sentence Check 2 1-2. i, h 3-4. a, e 5-6. g, j 7-8. b, c 9-10. d, f	Final Check 1. h 6. a 2. i 7. f 3. b 8. j 4. d 9. g 5. c 10. e
Chapter 7 (Accident a	nd Recovery)		Chapter 14 (The Ma	d Monk)		
Ten Words Matching in Context Words/Defs 1. b 6. c 1. 4 6. 9 2. a 7. c 2. 10 7. 1 3. c 8. b 3. 2 8. 5 4. a 9. b 4. 8 9. 7 5. b 10. a 5. 6 10. 3	Sentence Check 1 1. a 6. f 1-2. j, 2. g 7. h 3-4. h, 3. d 8. i 5-6. c, 4. b 9. e 7-8. g, 5. c 10. j 9-10. e,	Check a 1. d 6. h f 2. a 7. j d 3. e 8. g b 4. i 9. f	Ten Words Matching in Context Words/Def 1. c 6. a 1. 3 6. 1 2. a 7. b 2. 4 7. 5 3. b 8. b 3. 7 8. 9 4. a 9. c 4. 6 9. 1 5. c 10. a 5. 2 10. 8	0 l. g 6. c 2. a 7. h 3. j 8. i 4. d 9. b	Sentence Check 2 1-2. g, a 3-4. h, c 5-6. d, e 7-8. j, b 9-10. f, i	Final Check 1. f 6. d 2. h 7. i 3. g 8. j 4. b 9. c 5. a 10. e

		Allsweis to	the Chapter Activities	131	
Chapter 15 (Conflict Over Holidays)		Chapter 23 (My Talented Roommate)			
2. a 7. b 2. 9 7. 10 2. e 7. g 3-4. 3. b 8. a 3. 6 8. 8 3. h 8. b 5-6.	ck 2 Check b, h 1. g 6. a a, j 2. i 7. e c, e 3. f 8. c f, g 4. j 9. b	Ten Words in Context Words/Defs 1. c 6. b 1. 6 6. 8 2. a 7. a 2. 3 7. 9 3. b 8. c 3. 7 8. 1 4. c 9. a 4. 5 9. 2 5. c 10. a 5. 10 10. 4	Sentence Sentence Check 1 Check 2 1. a 6. g 1-2. i, c 1-2. i, c 2. i 7. j 3-4. f, g 3-6. b, j 4. b 9. e 7-8. e, h 5. f 10. d 9-10. a, d	Final Check 1. d 6. g 2. f 7. b 3. a 8. c 4. i 9. e 5. h 10. j	
Chapter 16 (Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr.	.)	Chapter 24 (Fascination	ng Courses)		
2. c 7. b 2. 1 7. 8 2. e 7. a 3-4. 3. c 8. c 3. 9 8. 6 3. f 8. b 5-6.	ck 2 Check c g, b 1. b 6. e c e, d 2. h 7. f c j, h 3. g 8. d c c, f 4. c 9. i	Ten Word Pts Matching in Context Words/Defs 1. b 6. c 1. 6 6. 5 2. c 7. b 2. 9 7. 10 3. c 8. a 3. 1 8. 7 4. a 9. b 4. 8 9. 4 5. a 10. a 5. 3 10. 2	Sentence Sentence Check 1 Check 2 1. c 6. j 1-2. i, f 2. e 7. f 3-4. j, g 3. g 8. b 5-6. c, h 4. a 9. d 7-8. b, a 5. i 10. h 9-10. e, d	Final Check 1. e 6. f 2. a 7. c 3. b 8. d 4. j 9. h 5. g 10. i	
Chapter 17 (Relating to Parents)		Chapter 25 (Cal and I	His Sisters)		
2. a 7. b 2. 6 7. 5 2. a 7. i 3-4. 3. a 8. b 3. 9 8. 10 3. b 8. d 5-6.	k 2 Check a, g, 1. j, 6. i h, e 2. h, 7. a f, b 3. c 8. g d, c 4. b 9. f	Ten Words in Context Words/Defs 1. a 6. c 1. 5 6. 2 2. c 7. a 2. 1 7. 9 3. a 8. c 3. 7 8. 4 4. b 9. b 4. 3 9. 8 5. b 10. b 5.10 10. 6	Sentence Sentence Check I Check 2 1. j 6. g 1-2. c, g 2. b 7. c 3-4. b, a 3. a 8. i 5-6. i, d 4. e 9. d 7-8. j, e 5. f 10. h 9-10. f, h	Final Check 1. g 6. j 2. i 7. d 3. h 8. e 4. f 9. c 5. a 10. b	
Chapter 18 (Held Back by Fears)		Chapter 26 (Shoplifter	r)		
2. b 7. c 2. 4 7. l 2. c 7. b 3-4. 3. b 8. c 3. 9 8. l0 3. a 8. j 5-6.	k 2 Check g, e 1. b 6. g h, c 2. h 7. f j, i 3. e 8. a f, b 4. d 9. i	Ten Words in Context Words/Defs 1. a 6. a 1. 3 6. 10 2. a 7. c 2. 6 7. 5 3. c 8. b 3. 7 8. 2 4. c 9. c 4. 9 9. 8 5. b 10. a 5. 1 10. 4	Sentence Sentence Check 1 Check 2 1. g 6. e 1-2. c, e 2. b 7. f 3-4. j, b 3. i 8. h 5-6. g, h 4. c 9. d 7-8. a, f 5. a 10. j 9-10. i, d	Final Check 1. f 6. a 2. b 7. e 3. d 8. c 4. h 9. j 5. i 10. g	
Chapter 19 (Interview with a Rude Star))	Chapter 27 (A Nutty N	Newspaper Office)		
2. a 7. a 2. 4 7. 8 2. j 7. b 3-4. 3. c 8. b 3. 2 8. 7 3. g 8. e 5-6.	k 2 Check g, d 1. b 6. j h, i 2. d 7. f f, a 3. e 8. g c, e 4. c 9. h	Ten Words in Context Words/Defs 1. b 6. a 1. 6 6. 8 2. a 7. a 2. 1 7. 2 3. b 8. c 3. 5 8. 9 4. c 9. c 4. 10 9. 4 5. c 10. b 5. 3 10. 7	Sentence Sentence Check I Check 2 1. b 6. c 1-2. h, i 2. h 7. j 3-4. a, c 3. g 8. a 5-6. j, d 4. d 9. i 7-8. g, e 5. f 10. e 9-10. f, b	Final Check 1. d 6. i 2. f 7. c 3. g 8. b 4. a 9. j 5. e 10. h	
Chapter 20 (The Nightmare of Gym)		Chapter 28 (Roughing	g It)		
	ck 2 Check 1. a, i 1. f 6. c 1. f, b 2. g 7. a 1. d, g 3. b 8. e 1. h, c 4. h 9. d	Ten Words in Context Words/Defs 1. c 6. c 1. 9 6. 2 2. b 7. a 2. 6 7. 5 3. c 8. b 3. 8 8. 10 4. a 9. a 4. 3 9. 4 5. c 10. c 5. 1 10. 7	Sentence Sentence Check 1 Check 2 1. j 6. b 1-2. i, c 2. e 7. h 3-4. d, f 3. i 8. f 5-6. g, j 4. a 9. g 7-8. b, a 5. d 10. c 9-10. e, h	Final Check 1. j 6. g 2. h 7. b 3. c 8. d 4. a 9. e 5. f 10. i	
Chapter 21 (Skipping Church)		Chapter 29 (Getting S			
3. b 8. c 3. 6 8. 9 3. d 8. e 5-6. 4. b 9. a 4. 3 9. 7 4. a 9. i 7-8. 5. c 10. b 5. 10 10. 4 5. f 10. j 9-10.	Ck 2 Check 1, f, g 1. h 6. a 2, b, h 2. i 7. e 3, j 3. j 8. b 4, c 4. f 9. g	Ten Words in Context Words/Defs 1. b 6. b 1. 7 6. 2 2. c 7. a 2. 10 7. 6 3. b 8. c 3. 1 8. 3 4. a 9. c 4. 9 9. 8 5. c 10. b 5. 4 10. 5	Sentence Check 1 1. i 6. j 1-2. c, j 2. d 7. c 3-4. a, b 3. b 8. a 5-6. g, i 4. g 9. e 7-8. h, e 5. h 10. f 9-10. f, d	Final Check 1. a 6. g 2. i 7. c 3. j 8. d 4. f 9. b 5. h 10. e	
Chapter 22 (A Model Teacher)	5 3	Chapter 30 (My Sister		*** *	
3. a 8. b 3. 9 8. 5 3. d 8. e 5-6.	ck 2 Check . j, d 1. c 6. e . c, f 2. h 7. f . h, i 3. i 8. j . a, g 4. d 9. g	Ten Words in Context Words/Defs 1. c 6. b 1. 4 6. 10 2. b 7. a 2. 7 7. 9 3. a 8. c 3. 8 8. 1 4. b 9. b 4. 5 9. 3 5. c 10. b 5. 2 10. 6		Final Check 1. j 6. d 2. i 7. a 3. c 8. e 4. f 9. h 5. g 10. b	

4. Answers to the Posttest of the Whole Book

1.	c	26.	b	51.	a	76.	c
2.	c	27.	c	52.	d	77.	c
3.	b	28.	a .	53.	b	78.	d
4.	d	29.	c	54.	c	79.	b
5.	d	30.	b	55.	c	80.	a
6.	c	31.	d	56.	c	81.	d
7.	c	32.	b	57.	c	82.	a
8.	b	33.	b	58.	d	83.	d
9.	b	34.	d	59.	b	84.	a
10.	d	35.	a	60.	d	85.	c
11.	c	36.	b	61.	d	86.	a
12.	a	37.	С	62.	b	87.	a
13.	a	38.	b	63.	b	88.	a
14.	c	39.	a	64.	b	89.	a
15.	a	40.	d	65.	c	90.	d
16.	c	41.	a	66.	a	91.	d
17.	b	42.	c	67.	a	92.	c
18.	c	43.	d	68.	b	93.	a
19.	c	44.	a	69.	b	94.	a
20.	d	45.	c	70.	c	95.	b
21.	b	46.	b	71.	d	96.	c
22.	b	47.	С	72.	b	97.	d
23.	c	48.	c	73.	a	98.	c
24.	b	49.	b	74.	a	99.	a
25.	b	50.	c	75.	c	100.	c

B List of Words and Word Parts

Note: Word parts are in italics.

absolve v. 赦免,宽恕 abstain v. (自我克制地)戒绝 acclaim n. 称赞, 为…喝彩 adamant adj. 坚定不移的 adjacent adj. 邻近的, 毗邻的 affiliate v. 使加入(成为会员) agnostic n. 不可知论者 alleviate v. 减轻,缓解,缓和 allusion n. 影射, 暗指 aloof adj. 冷漠的,超然离群的 altruistic adj. 利他的, 无私的 ambivalent adj. (情感)矛盾的 amiable adj. 和蔼可亲的 amoral adj. 不道德的 animosity n. 仇恨, 敌意, 憎恨 ann.enn 表示"年份、年岁" antagonist n. 对手, 敌手 appease v. 平息, 抚慰 arbitrary adj. 随心所欲的 aspire v. 渴望, 追求 assail v. 攻击,袭击 aster-, astro- 表示"星" -ate 表示"使成为""产生" attest v. 证明,表明 attribute n. 属性,特性 audi, audio- 表示"听力的, 听觉 augment v. 增加, 增长 averse adj. 反对的 avid adj. 劲头十足的 banal adj. 陈腐的, 千篇一律的 benefactor n. 捐助人, 赞助人 benevolent adj. 慈善的, 善心的 benign adj. 善良的, 宽厚的 bio- 表示"生命" bizarre adj. 异乎寻常的 blasé adj. 厌倦的 blatant adj. 极明显无误的 blight n. 破坏因素 calamity n. 不幸, 痛苦 charisma n. 魅力 claim, clam 表示"叫/喊出" commemorate v. 纪念 complacent adj. 自满的, 沾沾自喜 comprehensive adj. 广泛的,综合

的, 全面的 comprise v. 由…构成/组成 concurrent adj. 同时发生的,并存 condescend v. 俯就, 屈尊 condone v. 宽恕 conducive adj. 有助的,有益的 confiscate v. 没收 congenial adj. 协调的, 一致的 consensus n. 一致(或多数人)意见 constitute v. 组成,构成,形成 constrict v. 束紧, 使收缩 contemplate v. 思量, 考虑 contemporary adj. 当代的 contend v. 声称, 主张 contra- 表示"反对,针对" contrive v. 想出 conventional adj. 习惯的,常例的 conversely adv. 相反地 cor, cour 表示"心" covert adj. 隐蔽(藏的) credible adj. 可信的, 可靠的 cryptic adj. 神秘的 cursory adj. 草草的, 粗略的 curt adj. 唐突的,草率的 curtail v. 减少, 截短 cycl, cyclo- 表示"圆的,轮的" cynic n. 愤世嫉俗者 decipher v. 辨认 default v. 未履行, 疏忽 deficient adj. 有缺陷的 deficit n. 不足, 缺乏 degenerate v. 变坏, 衰退 demise n. 死亡 demoralize v. 使泄气 depict v. 描述(绘) deplete v. 耗尽,使枯竭 designate v. 指派,委任 deterrent n. 威慑力量/物 detract v. 转移 detrimental adj. 有害的,不利的 devastate v. 打击,令人懊恼 deviate v. 背离, 偏离 devoid adj. 毫无,没有 di-, du- 表示"两""二" digress v. 离题

dilemma n. 困境, 窘境 diligent adj. 勤勉的, 勤奋的 discern v. 看出, 觉察出 disdain n. 鄙视, 蔑视 dispatch v. 发送,派遣 dispel v. 消除(疑惑) dissent n. 意见分歧 diversion n. 消遣,娱乐 divulge v. 透露 -dom 表示"职位、地位、领域" dwindle v. 减少 eccentric adj. 古怪的, 异乎寻常的 elation n. 得意扬扬 elicit v. 引出,推导出 empathy n. 同情, 同感 encounter n. 意外遇见, 偶然碰到 endow v. 给予, 赋予 engross v. 非常引人注意,使人全神 enhance v. 提高,增加(/强) enigma n. 费解的事物,谜 epitome n. 典型,象征,缩影 -er, -or 表示"做…之人" escalate v. 使增强,扩大,使上升 esteem n. 尊重, 敬重 euphemism n. 委婉语 evoke v. 使人产生(回忆、联想) exemplify v. 例示, 举例说明 exhaustive adj. 详尽无遗的,穷尽性 explicit adj. 详述,明晰的 exploit v. 利用 expulsion n. 驱逐,逐出 extrovert n. 好社交者,性格外向者 facade n. (建筑)正面 fallible adj. 容易弄错的 falter v. 动摇, 犹豫 feasible adj. 可行的,行得通的 feign v. 假装,冒充 fin 表示"结尾、完结" fiscal adj. (政府)财政的 flagrant adj. 明显的, 明目张胆的 flaunt v. 夸耀, 夸示 flex, flect 表示"曲, 折" flippant adj. 轻率的, 轻浮的 fluctuate v. 波动,起伏变动

forc, fort 表示"强力" formulate v. 规划,构想(计划) frenzy n. 激动 furtive adj. 秘密的 -fy 表示"使成为""使…化" -gamy 表示"婚姻""结婚" gape v. 目瞪口呆地凝视 garble v. 歪曲,篡改 gaunt adj. 瘦削的 genial adj. 和蔼可亲的,亲切的 geo- 表示"地球""土地" gist n. 主旨, 要点, 本质 glib adj. 能说会道的,口齿伶俐的 gloat v. 心满意足,扬扬得意 habitat n. 栖息地、生境 hamper v. 阻碍, 妨碍 haughty adj. 傲慢的 -hood 表示"状态, 状况" hum 表示 "人" hyper-表示"超出,高于,过度" hypothetical adj. 假设的, 假定的 il-, im- 表示"没有,不" immaculate adj. 无瑕的 impasse n. 绝境,僵局 implausible adj. 难以置信的 implication n. 暗示, 暗指 implicit adj. 不言明的,含蓄的 implore v. 恳求, 乞求 improvise v. 即兴创作(乐曲、诗歌 incentive n. 刺激,鼓励,奖励 inclination n. 倾向,意向,爱好 incoherent adj. 不连贯的, 无条理的 incorporate v. 把…合并, 使并入 indispensable adj. 必需的, 必不可少 inequity n. 不公正,不公平 infamous adj. 臭名昭著的 infirmity n. 疾病,病症 infringe v. 侵犯, 侵害 infuriate v. 激怒 inhibition n. 抑制 innovation n. 新奇事物 intercede v. 说情, 代为请求 interim n. 间歇 intermittent adj. 间歇性的,周期性 intimidate v. 恐吓,恫吓 intricate adj. 复杂精细的, 错综复杂 intrinsic adj. 内在的,本质的 introvert n. 内向的人,不爱交际者 irate, adj. 发怒的, 愤怒的 ironic, adj. 出乎意料的 -ish 表示"有点儿…的""有…特征 的" jeopardize v. 危及, 使处于危险境

latent adi. 潜在的

legacy n. 遗产 libel n. 诽谤性文字的 longevity n. 寿命 lucrative adj. 赚钱的, 生利的 -ly 表示"以…方式 magni-, magn- 表示"大" magnitude n. 量,程度 malign v. 恶毒,攻击 mandatory adj. 必须履行的 mediate v. 调解 menial adj. 不体面的, 干粗活的 mercenary adj. 唯利是图的, 贪财的 methodical adj. 有条理的, 井然的 mis- 表示"坏,不当" mobile adj. 动的,移动的 mortify v. 使羞愧, 使失面子 mundane adj. 平凡的, 例行的 muted adj. 温和的, 已趋缓和的 niche n. 合适的位置 nocturnal adj. 夜间的, 夜的 nominal adj. (金额)微不足道的 non- 表示"非,不是" nullify v. 使无效,废除 nurture v. 养育, 教养 obscure adj. 不清楚的,模糊的 obsolete adj. 废弃,淘汰 ominous adj. 不吉祥的 omni- 表示"全部、一切、总、全" orient v. 给…定向/位 pacify v. 安抚, 使平静 paradox n. 似非而是 pater, patri- 表示 "父亲" path, -pathy 表示"感情、感觉" pathetic adj. 可悲的,可怜的 pend 表示"悬挂" perception n. 认识,看法 persevere v. 持续, 坚持不懈 phob 表示"恐惧…的" plagiarism n. 剽窃 poignant adj. 深刻的,激动的 ponder v. 思考,考虑 pop 表示"人们" pragmatic adj. 实干的, 重实效的 precedent n. 先例, 前例 predominant adj. 占主导地位的 prerequisite n. 前提, 必备条件 pretentious adj. 自命不凡, 自负的 prevalent adj. 流行,盛行,普通的 pro- 表示 "向前的" prompt v. 促使,推动,怂恿 prone adj. 有…倾向的, 易于…的 proponent n. 支持者 pseudonym n. 假名 psych-, psycho- 表示 "心理,精神" punitive adj. 惩罚的 qualm n. 内疚,(良心上)不安 quart, quadr- 表示"四" quest n. 寻求, 探求 rapport n. 关系, 联系

rationale n. 理由说明,解释 recession n. (经济)衰退 reconcile v. 使接受,使服从,安心… rect 表示"直、正" redundant adj. 过多的,过剩的 rehabilitate v. 使恢复, 改造 relentless adj. 不间断的、持续的 render v. 使成为, 使得 repertoire n. 全部剧目(节日) reprisal n. 报复 retaliate v. 报复,回报 retort v. 反驳、答复 revitalize v. 使新生, 使得到复兴 revulsion n. 厌恶,强烈反感 rigor n. 艰苦 rupture v. 裂开, 破裂 sabotage v. 破坏 sanctuary n. 避难所 saturate v. 使充满 scrutiny n. 监督, 细看 secular adj. 非宗教(教会)的 semi- 表示"半" shun v. 避开 sibling n. 兄弟(姐妹), 同胞 simulate ν. 模仿、扮演 sinister adj. 恶意的, 邪恶的 smug adj. 自鸣得意的 sneer v. 嗤笑, 嘲笑 sparse adj. 稀少的, 稀疏的 speculate v. 推测, 猜测 squander v. 浪费 subjective adj. 主观的 subsequent adj. 随后的,后来的 succinct adj. 简洁的 succumb v. 屈服,服从 suffice v. 足够,满足要求 syndrome n. 综合征, 征群 taint v. 玷污, 败坏 tangible adj. 有形的,有实体的 terminate v. 停止, 结束 the, theo- 表示"神" transcend v. 超越 transient adj. 短暂的 traumatic adj. (使人不快,令人痛苦 而)难忘的 turmoil n. 混乱, 骚动 venture v. 敢于…, 敢说, 敢做 viable adj. 切实可行的 vile adj. 卑鄙可耻的 vindictive adj. 怀恨的,恶意的 virile adj. 有男子气概的 vivacious adj. 活泼的 vulnerable adj. 易受影响的 waive v. 放弃 -ward 表示 "向…的" wary adj. 谨慎的, 小心翼翼的 zeal n. 热忱,热情,热心

Chapters

	Sentence Check 2	Final Check		Sentence Check 2	Final Check		Sentence Check 2	Final Check
1			11			21		
2			12			22		
3			13			23		
4			14			24		
5			15			25		
6			16			26		
7			17			27		
8			18			28		
9			19			29		
10	~		20			30		

Unit Tests

•	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4
Unit One				
Unit Two				
Unit Three				
Unit Four				
Unit Five				

英语词汇扩展

"英语词汇学习丛书"由美国知名的教材教辅图书出版社 Townsend Press出版,是美国大学生使用最为广泛的扩大词汇的教学辅导图书之一。正如本丛书的编者所指出的那样,在美国一个学生的前途在某种程度上取决于他/她的词汇量的大小。对于我国广大的英语学习者来说,词汇学习当然是英语学习的一个重要方面。

本丛书共有 6 册。每册介绍 240-300 个在 TOEFL、GRE、SAT 等测试中经常出现的单词。本丛书的特点是引导学生根据上下文的语境,包括例证、同义、异义、类比等关系来理解单词,通过反复练习、多次使用来熟悉和记忆单词,从而摒弃死记硬背的学习方法。书中对每个关键单词提供的各类练习能让学生反复使用该单词达 10 次左右。此外,书中部分练习题的题型与 TOEFL、GRE、SAT 等美国常用入学考试的形式相似,对于我国有志于出国留学的学生熟悉题型也有一定的帮助。

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